

## RECONSTRUCTION OF ABŪ TURĀB'S KITĀB AL-I<sup>C</sup>TIQĀB

### Preface

Extensive excerpting from the now lost original by al-Azharī in his *Tahdhīb al-lugha* has enabled the reconstruction of Abū Turāb's *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb*. *Tahdhīb al-lugha* itself was widely used — being perhaps the most influential Arabic dictionary ever written<sup>516</sup> — by several later lexicographers, including aş-Şaghānī and Ibn Manzūr, which provided a channel for the material of *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb* to survive the disappearance of the work itself. Other sources, e.g. Şihāh, contribute some, albeit only a few independent quotations from *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb*, as well as some passages where the author or his work is mentioned. All these passages have been collected from the various philological works and given below (no. 1-348 quotations from *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb*; no. 349-357 mentions of Abū Turāb and his work).

Thus the text of the reconstruction is in the majority of fragments based on TL. In the critical apparatus, the dictionaries and other works profiting from *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb* either directly or indirectly have been indicated. The variant readings of *Lisān* have been given systematically<sup>517</sup> as Ibn Manzūr has in almost all cases copied the text of TL verbatim. Aş-Şaghānī's 'Ubāb and *Takmila* and az-Zabīdī's *Tāğ al-‘arūs*, on the other hand, cite TL less systematically and often shorten or change the articles; in the case of *T<sup>c</sup>A* this is natural since *T<sup>c</sup>A* is written as a running commentary of *Qāmūs* and follows the wording of its text<sup>518</sup>. To minimize the size of the critical apparatus, the variants of these dictionaries have been indicated only when relevant.

In several cases it has been difficult to know whether a passage given anonymously<sup>519</sup> in 'Ubāb, *Takmila* or *T<sup>c</sup>A* is a shortened or modified quote from TL (and through it ultimately from *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb*), or whether it belongs to another tradition. These cases are partly given in the Notes, partly in the critical apparatus. Especially worth noting are the references to aş-Şāhib ibn 'Abbād's *al-Kitāb al-muḥīt*; a major source of this work is the now lost dictionary of al-Bushtī al-Khārzanḡī, *Takmilat al-*

<sup>516</sup> Considerable parts of *Lisān*, *T<sup>c</sup>A*, 'Ubāb, *Takmila* and *Qāmūs* are based on TL.

<sup>517</sup> With the exceptions of the missing of connecting *wa-* in the introduction to the Abū Turāb quote (i.e. *qāla* vs. *wa-qāla*) and some similar minute details. The variants of the manuscripts of TL are indicated when relevant. Some obvious printers' errors in the editions I used are not indicated (e.g. in no. 218 the printed edition of TL reads "Ibn al-Qaraḡ").

<sup>518</sup> The references to *Tāğ al-‘arūs* are not systematically given in the critical apparatus, as az-Zabīdī's dictionary represents the third generation of borrowing from *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb* (i.e. *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb* ><sup>1</sup>TL ><sup>2</sup>*Lisān* ><sup>3</sup>*T<sup>c</sup>A*), and its value for the reconstruction of the text of *K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb* is marginal.

<sup>519</sup> Or on the ultimate authority, e.g. al-Asma'ī, only.

‘Ayn, which drew much material from K. al-I‘tiqāb, as we know from its Introduction, partly preserved in the Preface of TL (see Abū Turāb no. 353). Ibn ‘Abbād’s dictionary gives the material in a very brief form, always without explicit mention of Abū Turāb, but in many cases one can be relatively sure that its material comes from K. al-I‘tiqāb via al-Khārzanğī’s Takmilat al-‘Ayn. The anonymity of this material prevents one from finding “new” material for the reconstruction of K. al-I‘tiqāb from this dictionary, though one can be sure that several articles of K. al-I‘tiqāb which are not found in TL are quoted in al-Kitāb al-muhiṭ without reference to Abū Turāb. The Notes also include all references to the same, or similar<sup>520</sup>, ibdāls in the other ibdāl works, as well as some references to the dictionaries and other philological works.

The original K. al-I‘tiqāb was organized in chapters of ibdāl letters as we know from the extant chapter headings quoted in TL. How these chapters as well as the material within the chapters themselves were organized is unclear. In this reconstruction the chapters are given according to the Arabic alphabet beginning with the ibdāls of hamza, B, T, etc., a system used in, e.g. AT. The material within the chapters is given in the following order:

1. Pairs in which the initial consonant is changed. Within this group the pairs are given in alphabetic order.
2. Other cases in alphabetic order.
3. Some cases of variation in rhyme as well as occasional uncertain cases.

After the definable ibdāl chapters (no. 1-317) comes material which is derived from K. al-I‘tiqāb but which I have been unable to ascribe definitely to any specific chapter (no. 318-348), and finally, mentions of Abū Turāb and K. al-I‘tiqāb in the philological and biographical literature (no. 349-357).

When the articles in two or more dictionaries (usually TL and Lisān) or different articles in the same dictionary clearly or even probably quote the same passage of K. al-I‘tiqāb but in forms that diverge too much to be presented in one article, the quotes are given as e.g. 6a, 6b and 6c<sup>521</sup>.

In many cases the end of an Abū Turāb quote in TL is not unequivocal, as al-Azharī cites the authorities quoted in K. al-I‘tiqāb also directly or via other works. Thus, e.g. a passage introduced by “wa-qāla Abū Sa‘īd” after an Abū Turāb quote may just as well come from K. al-I‘tiqāb as from Abū Sa‘īd directly or through some other work. In these cases the continuation is usually given in the Notes.

When an Abū Turāb quote is preceded or followed by a passage which clarifies it or provides comments on it, this is sometimes given in brackets in the text, sometimes in the Notes. The variants in the passages which do not come from K. al-I‘tiqāb are not indicated as they have no bearing on the reconstruction of Abū Turāb’s work.

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<sup>520</sup> Including ibdāls of the same roots, even with a different meaning.

<sup>521</sup> The numerous cases where Takmila, ‘Ubāb or T‘A give a shortened form of the article of TL are not given separately, as they have no bearing on the reconstruction of K. al-I‘tiqāb and are simply indications of how as-Şaghāñī and az-Zabīdī quote their sources.

## Notes to K. al-I<sup>t</sup>iqāb

- 1] For a similar case, cf. e.g. K. al-Ğīm III:185-186 (lafa'tu—lafattu). The text of TL continues with a quote from al-Lihyānī which could come from K. al-I<sup>t</sup>iqāb.
- 2] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 24 (wa-yuqālu: dha'atahu wa-dha'atahu idhā khanaqahu) and Şihāh, p. 249 s.v. DH<sup>t</sup> (Abū Zayd: dha'atahu dha'tan mithla dha'atahu wa-dha'atahu wa-dha'atahu idhā khanaqahu ashadda l-khanq). TL continues: wa-qāla Ibn Shumayl: dha'atahu yadh'atuhu dha'tan idhā khanaqahu wa-kadhālikā zamatahu zamtan idhā khanaqahu. Cf. Lisān V:42 (s.v. DH<sup>t</sup>) and V:16 (s.v. DH<sup>t</sup>).
- 3] Cf. IS-Y, p. 84-85 (KTH<sup>t</sup>—KTH<sup>c</sup> I stem from al-Aşma<sup>t</sup>ı); IS-tahdhīb, p. 23; Q II:79; Mukh. XIII:274; Muzhir I:442. — As katha'a—katha'a (I stem) is a very common ibdāl and is given in TL from other sources, it is obvious that the extant Abū Turāb quote is only a part of the original article which very probably also contained the I stem ibdāl.
- 4] The text of TL continues with an anonymous passage (wa-yuqālu li'l-ğā'i<sup>t</sup>: sāghibun wa-saghbānu wa-şaghbān) which might belong to K. al-I<sup>t</sup>iqāb, although more probably it does not.
- 5] Cf. Takmila I:445b (s.v. ZWĞ: wa-qāla Shamir: zāğā bayna l-qawmi wa-zamiğā idhā ḥarrasha).
- 6a-c] In no. 6a the name Ibn Buzurğ which is given in TL instead of Ibn al-Farağ is an obvious mistake. Besides the evidence provided by no. 6b, 6c and 6a/Lisān, one may add that Ibn Buzurğ — a lexicographer of early 9th century Iran, see GAS VIII:188 — is not known to have dealt specifically with ibdāls (of course there are some occasional cases such as rağulun 'azabun lazab Lisān XII:271 given on his authority) whereas no. 6a fits perfectly with the interests of Abū Turāb.
- 8] Cf. TL X:264 (s.v. BKL<sup>t</sup> > Lisān XIII:227): wa-qāla 'Arrām: ra'aytu lubākatan mina n-nāsi wa-labikatan ay ğamā'a; and TL XV:128 (s.v. LWTH > Lisān XIII:353): wa-fī n-Nawādir: ra'aytu luwāthatan wa-lawīthatan mina n-nāsi wa-huwāshatan ay ğamā'a. TL X:264 obviously comes from K. al-I<sup>t</sup>iqāb, whereas TL XV:128 may come directly from Nawādir al-a'rāb. For the relation of K. al-I<sup>t</sup>iqāb and Nawādir al-a'rāb, see p. 97. — One may mention in passing that a vocalization ḫuwāka—\*ḥuwayka (etc.) would better fit the “practical” definition of ibdāl and is probably how Abū Turāb himself read the words, but the dictionaries unanimously vocalize it as ḫawīka etc.
- 15] Cf. Şihāh, p. 303 s.v. ḤBĞ (wa-ḥabağahu bi'l-<sup>t</sup>aṣā ḥabağātin: ḫarabahu bihā mithla khabağahu wa-habağahu) and p. 305 s.v. ḤDĞ (wa-ḥadağahu bi-sahmin wa-hadağahu bi-dhanbi ghayrihi: ramāhu bihi).
- 16a-c] From TL this has been taken to al-'Ubāb/T, p. 25 (wa-tabaqqātu l-khabara wa-tadhaqqātuhu ay akhadhtuhu qalīlan qalīlan).
- 17] Cf. TL XI:452 (wa-qāla Abū's-Samayda<sup>t</sup>: imra'atun shinziyānu 'inziyānu idhā kānat sayyi'ata l-khuluq) > Lisān VII:212 s.v. SHNZY. Cf. also Ibn 'Abbād, al-Muhibb II:52 (wa-mra'atun 'inziyān: şakhkhābatun sayyi'atu l-khuluq) and II:65.
- 18a-b] The name Abū Zayd for Abū Turāb in T'A is an obvious mistake as the use of

the form ‘QB III (and VI) is typical of ibdāl studies and is not used by Abū Zayd. — Cf. AT I:15 (marginal note by Ibn Maktūm): wa-qāla z-Zamakhsharī fī l-Fā’iq: al-ghabash wa’l-ghaṭash wa’l-ghabas wa’l-ghalas akhawātun wa-hiya baqīyatū l-layli wa-ākhiruhu. Ghabas—ghabash is a common ibdāl, see IS-Y, p. 110; AT II:155; IS-tahdhīb, p. 41; Muzhir I:548-549; Q II:125; Mukh. XIII:278.

20] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 314.

21] Cf. Lisān II:299 (s.v. Ġ‘F where we have ḡa‘afa, ḡa‘aba, ḡa‘aba, ḡa‘fala and ḡafala) and ash-Shidyāq, al-Ġāsūs, p. 141.

22] Cf. AT I:25 and II:110; Q II:186; İslāḥ al-manṭiq, p. 426; Z, p. 614; Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 146; K. an-Na‘am, p. 44. For shāsib—shāzib, cf. IS-Y, p. 131; IS-tahdhīb, p. 43; Muzhir I:467; Mukh. XIII:279; Z, p. 470; Ibn Ġinnī, Sirr aş-ṣinā‘a, p. 195 (also shasafa). Cf. also Lisān VII:109; K. al-‘Ayn VI:229 (...ash-shasīf...qāla Muzāḥim: bi'l-bā‘i wa'l-fā‘i aqūluhumā ḡamī‘an wa-bi'l-fā‘i aḥsan).

23] Takmila IV:505b adds two verses between the verses.

24] Cf. Lisān XI:341 (s.v. QWH), XII:271 (s.v. LZB) and XIV:252 (s.v. NQTH); Ibn al-A‘rābī, K. al-Bi‘r, p. 57 (nabītha—naḡītha). Lāzib—lāziq is not given as an ibdāl pair elsewhere in ibdāl literature, but the well-known pair lāzib—lāzim (IS-Y, p. 73; IS-tahdhīb, p. 14; Q II:53; AT I:50; Muzhir I:463 and I:213; al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz al-kitābīya, p. 280; Mukh. XIII:285; Ibn Qutayba, Tafsīr gharīb al-Qur‘ān, p. 217; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 425; Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 694; al-Farrā‘, Ma‘ānī l-Qur‘ān II:384) is often explained as = lāziq or lāsiq.

25a-b] For bāḥa—sāḥa, cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 675; Ibn Qutayba, Bāb ar-raḥl, p. 129. Cf. also TL VII:299 (ḥarrun sakhtun lakht) and IV:450; T‘A V:76 (s.v. LHT: wa-naqalahu ṣ-Ṣāḥānī ‘an abī [sic; Takmila I:337b reads: “Tbn”] l-Faraḡ wa-humā itbā‘); Takmila I:342b (bardun naḥt).

26] Takmila V:556a adds one verse before the verses.

28] Cf. ID, p. 307 s.v. HBDH (al-habdah: sur‘atun fī l-mashy).

29] Cf. Lisān XV:71 s.v. HRGB.

30] The note of the editor of Lisān XIII:66 (note 1) is misguided; there is absolutely no reason to read Abū l-Faraḡ instead Ibn al-Faraḡ. In the poem there is a further variant l-mirdāsī, see, e.g. al-Yazīdī, al-Amālī, p. 70.

31] Cf. IS-Y, p. 76; IS-tahdhīb, p. 16; Q II:54; AT I:56; Mukh. XIII:285. In all these sources as well as in Lisān II:238 the verse goes fa-lā taḡ‘al shimālaka ḡardabānā. Takmila V:296a reads (s.v. ĠRDBL): wa-qāla Shamir: al-ḡardabīl: al-ḡardabānū wa-huwa lladhi ya’khudhu l-kisrata bi-yadihi l-yusrā wa-ya’kulū bi'l-yumnā fa-idhā faniya mā bayna aydī l-qawmi akala mā fī yadihi l-yusrā. wa-anshada ‘alā hādhīhi l-lugha: idhā mā kunta fī qawmin shahāwā / fa-lā taḡ‘al shimālaka ḡardabīlā.

32] Ruḡba—ruḡma and raḡaba—raḡama are among the commonest ibdāls (IS-Y, p. 72; IS-tahdhīb, p. 11 and 13; AT I:44-45; Q II:52-53; Muzhir I:463; Mukh. XIII:284-285; al-Harawī, K. al-Gharībayn II:113-114 and II:396-397; Abū ‘Ubayd, Gharīb al-ḥadīth IV:153-155) but raḡaba—raḡama (I stem) is not found elsewhere in the ibdāl literature. From Lisān this passage is taken to T‘A II:486 (wa-‘an Abī l-‘Amaythal

rağaba fulānan bi-qawlin sayyi'īn wa-rağamahu bihi bi-ma'nā şakkahu).

33] Cf. Lisān VI:146 s.v. SBH.

34] Cf. IS-Y, p. 72-73; IS-tahdhīb, p. 12; AṬ I:45-46; Q II:53; Muzhir I:463; Mukh. XIII:285; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 485; Ibn Qutayba, Tafsīr gharīb al-Qur'ān, p. 217; Risāla fī l-ḥurūf, p. 161; Abū 'Ubayd, Gharīb al-ḥadīth I:139.

35] Cf. AṬ I:66 (< ID).

38] Cf. AṬ I:139. For the mathal, cf. e.g. al-Maydānī, Mağma' al-amthāl II:321 and II:370. — It is probable that the last passage of the Abū Turāb quote ends in Lisān with the words “Abdalmutṭalib wa-waladuhu” and that the end of the Abū Turāb quote in TL has been left away from Lisān.

39] Cf. similar expressions in K. al-Ǧīm II:7, 59, 63; III:158, 205 (neither lata'a nor laka'a is found in K. al-Ǧīm). Cf. also Abū Turāb no. 156.

40] Cf. Ṣihāh, p. 1453 s.v. T'Q and p. 1552 M'Q; TL IX:366; K. al-Ǧīm I:99; Lisān II:8-9 s.v. T'Q and XIII:6 s.v. M'Q.

42] Cf. al-Harawī, K. al-Gharībayn II:33.

44] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 298; Ṣihāh, p. 292-293 s.v. MTHTH (maththa yadahu yamuththuhā idhā masahāhā bi-mandīlin aw ḥashīshin. lughatun fī mashsha).

45] Cf. Mukh. VIII:175 (the verse); Ibn al-Anbārī, al-Inṣāf, p. 244 (another verse with athā'iğan).

47] Cf. TL XVI:64 (s.v. GHTHTH: al-Lihyānī:...wa-hiya l-ghuffatu wa'l-ghuththa. ġā'a bihimā fī bābi l-fā'i wa'th-thā'). Cf. also IS-Y, p. 125 (ghuththa—ghuffa); IS-tahdhīb, p. 34; AṬ I:181-182; Q II:34; Muzhir I:465.

48] Cf. Ṣihāh, p. 290 s.v. Q'TH (inqa'atha—inqa'afa < al-Aşma'ī); K. al-'Ayn I:175 (qa'th—qa'f on the authority of Zā'ida, being thus a later addition).

49] Cf. Ibn 'Abbād, al-Muhibb II:79: ..wa'l-'ithn: alwānu ş-şūfi fī lughati banī Ǧa'far... wa'l-'ithnu aydan: ǧam'u 'ithnatin wa-huwa ḫarbun mina l-khūṣati tar'āhu l-mālu idhā kāna rāṭban fa-idhā yabisa lam yanfa'.

50] Cf. IS-Y, p. 97 (implicitly < al-Kisā'ī; for the relationship of al-Lihyānī to al-Kisā'ī, cf. pp. 89-91); IS-tahdhīb, p. 30; Muzhir I:541; Q II:78; Mukh. XIII:288; Ibn Ğinnī, Sirr as-şinā'a, p. 14; AṬ I:208.

51] TL continues: fa-idhā hiya thalāthu lugħāt: matūħun wa-matūkhun wa-matūg, which is al-Azhari's own comment, not part of the Abū Turāb quote.

52] For the al-Lihyānī quote, cf. Ṣihāh, p. 342 s.v. NBĞ (an-nabbāğ: ash-shadīdu ş-şawt..wa-yuqālu aydan liq-dakhmi ş-şawti mina l-kilābi innahu la-nabbāğ..wa-nubāğu l-kalbi wa-nabīğuhu lughatun fī n-nubāḥi wa'n-nabīḥi wa-kalbun nubāğiyun bi'd-dammi : dakhmu ş-şawt. 'an-i l-Lihyānī) and p. 408-409 s.v. NBH (> Muzhir I:542).

53a-b] There are several minor variants in the manuscripts of TL and Lisān, for which see the respective editions.

54] Cf. TL II:92: wa-qāla Abū Sa'īd: yuqālu: irta'asa ra'suhu wa-rta'asha idhā ḏaraba wa-rta'ada.

55] Cf. AṬ I:223; TL II:132; AṬ I:236 (hazī'—hazīğ); Lisān XV:38 s.v. HĞ'.

57] For the mathal, see al-Maydānī, Mağma' al-amthāl I:283.

58] This article is preceded in TL by: 'BĞ: ahmalahu l-Layth. It is also given as

muhmal in K. al-‘Ayn I:235 (ed. al-Makhzūmī & as-Sāmarrā‘ī), but the edition of Darwīsh (I:273) has a later addition which without doubt ultimately comes from K. al-I‘tiqāb (probably via TL): al-‘abağa: al-‘abakatu wa-huwa r-rağulu l-baghīdu ṭ>tagħħāmatu lladħi lā ya‘ī mā yaqūlu wa-lā khayra fihi.

59] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 15; IS-Y, p. 99 (wa-yuqālu: ḥabağa wa-khabağa idhā kharaġa minhu rīħ); IS-tahdhīb, p. 30; AṬ I:264; Muzhir I:542-543 (< IS-Y) and I:544 (< Siħāħ); Q II:111; Mukh. XIII:276; Tha‘lab, Maġālis, p. 352; Lisān III:12 s.v. HBĞ and IV:12 s.v. KHBĞ; al-Asma‘ī, K. al-Farq (ed. at-Tamīmī), p. 78.

60] Cf. IS-Y, p. 100; AṬ I:270; Muzhir I:543; Q II:112; Mukh. XIII:277.

61] Cf. AṬ I:281.

62] Cf. AṬ I:270-271 (..maħaġtu d-dalw...wa-makhaġtuhā..); AṬ I:232 (..makhaġtu l-bi‘ra bi‘d-dilā‘i wa-makhaġtuhā..); Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 676; Lisān XIII:34 (s.v. MHĞ: wa-maħaġa l-mar‘ata..: nakaħħahā wa-kadhālika makhaġħahā..wa-maħaġa l-labana wa-makhaġħahu idhā makhaġħahu).

63] Cf. Z, p. 454 (maħaġtuhu wa-naħaġtuhu. qāla llāhu ta‘ālā: fihimā ‘aynāni naqqāħhatān. wa-qāla l-A‘shā..); Siħāħ, p. 433 s.v. NDKH (wa-qāla Abū Zayd: an-naqħku r-rashħu mithla n-naqħi wa-humā siwā..); ID, p. 548 s.v. NDH (wa‘n-naqħu wa‘n-naqħku mutaqāribāni wa-ka‘annan-naqħa akħarru min dhālika) and p. 608 s.v. NDKH.

64a-c] For 64b, cf. Lisān XV:421 where the two ḥadīths are given separately.

65] Cf. Lisān IX:276 (s.v. ‘ZB).

66] Cf. AṬ I:296; al-Asma‘ī, K. Khalq al-insān, p. 224; Thābit ibn abī Thābit, K. Khalq al-insān, p. 307; Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 367.

67] Cf. TL IV:76 wa-fi n-Nawādir: al-muqābahatu wa‘l-mukābahatu: al-mushātama.

69] Cf. Siħāħ, p. 376 (s.v. SLH: wa’s-sulāħu waladu l-ħaġali mithla s-sulaki wa’s-sulafī wa‘l-ġam‘u silħān. wa-anshada Abū ‘Amr...) and p. 1591 s.v. SLK.

70a-b] Takmila III:442a gives munahmas on the authority of Shabāba.

71] Cf. IS-Y, p. 128; IS-tahdhīb, p. 32; AṬ I:348; Muzhir I:466; Q II:155; Mukh. XIII:274. Cf. also Abū Turāb no. 79.

72] Cf. AṬ I:359.

74] Cf. AṬ II:16: wa-yuqālu: mā ghadhadhtuka min mālikha shay'an wa-mā għadqaqtuka ay mā naqaštuka.

75] Cf. K. al-Ğim III:186 and 187; Ibn al-Anbārī, Sharḥ al-qasā‘id, p. 563 (taraddada —taladdadada).

78] The passage in brackets may in fact not belong to K. al-I‘tiqāb and we should perhaps read wa-qāla \*ākhar instead of wa-qāla li-ākhar.

79] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 71; Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 688.

80a-b] The text of T‘A is based on Qāmūs, which explains the variation in details between Takmila and T‘A. It also illustrates how the material of K. al-I‘tiqāb has influenced Qāmūs even though Abū Turāb is not mentioned by name in it, and though its articles may differ considerably from those of K. al-I‘tiqāb due to the extreme terseness of Qāmūs. The text of Takmila is probably corrupt, and we should read

iftahala with T<sup>c</sup>A.

81] Cf. Şihāh, p. 391 s.v. FRTH (verse); Ibn Makkī, Tathqīf, p. 85; al-Aşma‘īyāt 28:3 (verse).

83] Cf. Lisān XV:52 (on the authority of al-Azharī); IS-Y, p. 116; IS-tahdhīb, p. 52; AT II:59; Muzhir I:558; Q II:146; Mukh. XIII:278; Z, p. 605; al-Aşma‘ī, K. al-Farq, p. 251; az-Zağgāğı, Mağālis, p. 248.

85] Cf. az-Zubaydī, Lahñ, p. 185; Ibn Makkī, Tathqīf, p. 279; Mukh. XIV:44; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 403 (wa-huwa l-qarqalu bīl-lām: al-qamīṣu lladhbī lā kummay lahu wa-ğam‘uhu qarāqilu wa'l-‘āmmatu tusammīhi qarqaran); Abū ‘Ubayd, Gharīb al-hadīth I:227.

86] Cf. Lisān XI:316 (fa-ammā l-qandafilu bīl-fā'i fa-lam yarwihi illā Ibn al-A‘rābī.. wa-lladhbī ḥakāhu Sībawayhi: qandawīl). — Qandafil comes from Persian gandapīr.

87] Cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 687.

90] Cf. K. al-Ǧīm III:140 (wa'l-kumū': yuqālu: kama'a fī l-mā'i wa-kara'a).

91] Cf. Lisān XV:350 and 351. The text of TL continues: wa-qāla l-Lihyānī: waghira 'alayhi ṣadrī yawgharu wa-wa'ira yaw'aru wa-ya'iru bīl-'ayni ay-i mtala'a ghayzan wa-ḥiqdan. Cf. also al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz, p. 17 (waghr—waghm).

92] TL continues with an anonymous quote (qāla: wa't-tarḡī'u fī l-adhān...) which formally (qāla "he said", seemingly referring to the previous authority, viz. Abū Turāb) belongs to the Abū Turāb quote, yet more probably comes from other sources.

94] Cf. Şihāh, p. 621 s.v. HBR, and ID, p. 1277.

96] Cf. AT II:93 (< Quṭrub), Thābit ibn abī Thābit, K. Khalq al-insān, p. 145, and ID, p. 1190. TL continues: wa-qāla Abū Sa'īd: finṭīsatū dh-dhībi wa-firṭīsatuhu: anfuhu.

100] Cf. AT II:102; ID, p. 830 s.v. HZM (wa'l-mihzām: khashabatun yuḥarraku bihā l-ğamr. qāla r-rāğiz: fa-shāma fīhā mithla mihzāmī l-ghaḍā); Mukh. XI:34 (the verse).

102] There are some mistakes in the manuscripts of TL (for which see the edition of TL), not recorded in the critical apparatus of K. al-I‘tiqāb.

104a-b] Bakhasa—bakhaşa is a very common pair found, e.g. in AT II:176; al-Kisā'ī, Lahñ, p. 33; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 387; Ibn al-Ǧawzī, K. Taqwīm al-lisān, p. 101; Muzhir I:470; Tha'lab, al-Faṣīḥ, p. 48; Ibn as-Sikkīt, İslāḥ al-manṭiq, p. 184. Bakhaza, on the other hand, is not found in the ibdāl nor the lahn works.

105] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 44 (not in IS-Y); AT II:118 (< ID); Şihāh, p. 897 s.v. MLZ (Ibn as-Sikkīt: yuqālu: inmalaza mina l-amri idhā aflatā minhu wa-mallaztu anā tamīzan fa-tamallaza. yuqālu: mā kidtu atamallazu min fulānin mithla atakhallaṣu wa-atamallaṣu wa-atamallasu) and p. 980 s.v. MLS (inmalasa mina l-amr).

106] Cf. AT II:121 (wa-yuqālu: zamakha bi-anfihi wa-shamakha bi-anfihi yashma-khu..); Muzhir I:473; K. al-Ǧīm II:55; Şihāh, p. 422 s.v. ZMKH.

107] For the verse, cf. Şihāh, p. 883 s.v. DWZ (> Lisān VIII:100) and p. 1040 s.v. DLS.

114] The article HMZ is missing from the Lisān.

116] While za'aba—qa'aba is not found in other ibdāl works, şa'iba—qa'iba is well attested (AT II:261; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 151; Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 674) which makes it probable that the pair za'aba—qa'aba was originally connected to

no. 169 and 170, q.v. Cf. also Şihāh, p. 197 s.v. Q'B (al-Asma‘ī...wa-qā'iba r-rağulu idhā akthara min shurbi l-mā'i mithla şā'iba..) and p. 141 s.v. Z'B (wa-za'aba r-rağulu idhā shariba shurban shadıdan).

120] Cf. Lisān VI:249 (s.v. SRHF: wa-sarhafa ghidhā'ahu idhā ahsana ghidhā'ahu, with no mention of sharhafa, nor is there a separate article SHRHF in Lisān).

121] Cf. AT II:167 (Abū ‘Amr: as-sanāsinu wa'sh-shanāshin: ‘izāmu ṣ-ṣadri wa'l-wāhiḍ: sinsinun wa-shinshinun wa-anshada: kayfa tarā l-ghazwata abqat minnī / shanāshinan ka-halaqi l-miğannī. qāla Abū ‘Amr: wa-law qāla: sanāsinan la-kāna hasanan).

122] Cf. IS-Y, p. 109 (Abū ‘Amr...qāla: wa-yuqālu: as-sawdhaqu wa'sh-shaudhaq: as-siwar); IS-tahdhīb, p. 40-41; Muzhir I:548; Q II:125; Mukh. XIII:278. For sūdhāniq—shūdhāniq, cf. az-Zubaydī, Lahn, p. 133; Ibn Makkī, Tathqīf, p. 67. Şihāh, p. 1495 s.v. SDHQ identifies Abū ‘Amr as ibn al-‘Alā’.

123] Cf. IS-Y, p. 109 (ğāḥasha—ğāḥasa = zāḥama); IS-tahdhīb, p. 40; AT II:157-158; Muzhir I:548; Q II:125; Mukh. XIII:278; Tha‘lab, Mağālis, p. 352; ID, p. 438 s.v. ĞHS (ğāḥasha—ğāḥasha). For the verse, cf. Şihāh, p. 911 s.v. ĞHS (rhymes: al-ğāḥsi...ar-rubsi); Ru'ba, Dīwān, p. 190 (no. 117; rhyme: S). — Aş-Şaghānī, Takmila III:330b disputes the attribution to Ru'ba without attributing the verses to any other poet. — The formulation “wa-tuhawwalu sh-shīnu sīnan” shows that the verses are to be read with sīn in K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb, too.

124] The text of TL continues: qāla ‘Amr ibn Ğamīl [Lisān II:284 reads Ğabal]: tağassuma [Lisān II:284 tağassama, II:290 tağashshama] l-qurqūri [Lisān II:284 and II:290 l-qurqūru] mawgā l-ādhī. Cf. İslāḥ al-manṭiq, p. 372.

125] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 40 (< ID, not in IS-Y: al-Farrā'...qāla: wa-qāla ba‘du l-‘uqaylī-yīn: alḥiq-i l-ḥussa bi'l-usṣ. qāla: wa-sami‘tuhumā bi'sh-shīni min ba‘di banī Kilāb...); Şihāh, p. 918 s.v. HSS; TL III:410; al-Maydānī, Mağma‘ III:140 (the mathal).

126a-b] Cf. Şihāh, p. 1932 s.v. RSM; ID, p. 720 s.v. RSM and p. 733 s.v. RSHM. The text of TL XII:422-423 continues: wa-qāla Abū ‘Amr: yuqālu li-lladhī yuṭba‘u bihi: rawsamun wa-rāwshamun wa-rāsūmun wa-rāshūm...

127] The passage is continued in TL with a verse of al-‘Ağğāğ and its commentary.

128] Cf. K. al-‘Ayn I:70 (wa'l-ma‘ashsh: al-maṭlab. wa'l-ma‘assu bi's-sīni lughatun fīhi) (= ed. Darwīsh I:80). It is interesting that the Abū Turāb passage clearly implies that ma‘ass = maṭlab was not found in the original of K. al-‘Ayn — or the copy used by Abū Turāb. In fact, it seems to me uncertain whether we can even speak about any K. al-‘Ayn written or compiled by al-Khalīl or whether we should speak of al-Layth’s and later compilers’ K. al-‘Ayn which includes some material from the teacher of al-Layth.

129] The Abū Turāb quote may end with “lā yufāriquhu” or with “li-luzūmihi hawāhu”.

133] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 43 (qāla Abū ‘Ubayda:...wa-yuqālu: ḡā'anī yaḍribu asdarayhi wa-aşdarayhi wa-azdarayhi) and p. 45 (neither is found in IS-Y); AT II:114 and II:131; Şihāh, p. 680 s.v. SDR; ID, p. 627 s.v. SDR. For azdarayhi—aşdarayhi, cf., besides many of those sources listed above, al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz, p. 619; Z, p. 619

- (azdara); Lisān VI:214 s.v. SDR.
- 134] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 232 and 272. Cf. AṬ II:174 and II:189; K. al-‘Ayn I:129; Şihāh, p. 1230 s.v. SQ<sup>c</sup> and p. 1243 s.v. SQ<sup>c</sup>; Lisān VI:296 s.v. SQ<sup>c</sup>.
- 135] Cf. Ibn Qutayba, *Adab al-kātib*, p. 387; Muzhir I:315; Tha‘lab, *al-Faṣīḥ*, p. 47; İslāḥ al-maṇṭiq, p. 185.
- 136] Cf. Z, p. 465; Ibn al-Ǧawzī, K. *Taqwīm al-lisān*, p. 164. For fursa—furṣa, cf. Ibn Makkī, *Tathqīf*, p. 86; İslāḥ al-maṇṭiq, p. 184.
- 137] Cf. Lisān X:273 s.v. FSL.
- 139] Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, *al-Muḥīṭ* II:111 (wa-yaqūlūna: taraktuhum sāmiran bi-makāni kadhā wa-‘āmiran ay muqīmīna muḡtami‘īn).
- 143] Cf. Lisān XI:315 s.v. QND.
- 144] Cf. AṬ II:204 (qāla Abū Zayd: raġulun ma’lūsun wa-ma’lūqun idhā kāna qalīla l-‘aqlī wa-qad alasahu llāhu ya’lisuhu wa-alaqahu ya’liquhu alqan); Abū ‘Ubayd, *Gharīb al-hadīth* IV:494-496.
- 145] Cf. Şihāh, p. 929 s.v. D<sup>c</sup>S and p. 1474 s.v. D<sup>c</sup>Q; Lisān IV:356 (s.v. D<sup>c</sup>Q ...waṭarīqun mad‘ūsun wa-mad‘ūq).
- 151] The al-Lihyānī quote may come from sources other than K. al-I‘tiqāb. Cf. AṬ II:214 (wa-hakā l-Farrā’: salatahu wa-halatahu wa-huwa yaslutu wa-yahlutu naḥwa kashaṭahu wa-naḥḥāhu).
- 153] Note that in TL the preceding passage is given on the authority of Abū ‘Amr which has probably accidentally caused the attribution of this passage to him in Lisān.
- 156] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 39 and the references given thereto. Cf. also AṬ II:228 (shaṭa‘a—faṭa‘a = ġāma‘a); *Tahdhīb al-alfāz*, p. 382.
- 157] Ru‘ba, *Dīwān*, p. 79 (28:80; l-manfūshī).
- 158] Cf. Ibn al-A‘rābī, K. al-Bi‘r, p. 64 (wa-idhā lam yunzah mā’uhā qīla: baḥruhā lā yunkafu wa-lā yunkashu...). If the word qāla before wa-qāla Ibn al-A‘rābī is to be taken as definite evidence that the last part of the passage comes from K. al-I‘tiqāb — though one has to take into account the irritating tendency of little words, such as qāla, to be omitted or added in the manuscripts — then we have here one of the few cases where Abū Turāb’s source, ultimate or immediate, is both extant and can be identified.
- 159] I have adopted the reading of Lisān (ghashsha), which seems to be the correct one; the ibdāl of ghashsha and ghalla ‘to cheat, be disloyal’ is found in several dictionaries and, e.g., al-Hamadhānī, *Alfāz*, p. 278.
- 160] Cf. K. al-Ǧīm III:270 (wa-qāla [al-Kilābī, mentioned on the preceding page]: al-munaqqilatu mina sh-shiğāğ: allatī tunaqqalu minhā l-‘izāmu wa-hiya l-munaqqisha); Şihāh, p. 1835 s.v. NQL (wa'l-munaqqilatu bi-kasri k-qāf: ash-shağğatu llatī tunaqqilu l-‘azma ay takṣiruhu...). The similarity of the passages was already noted by az-Zabīdī (T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:425).
- 161] On the preceding page of TL (XV:508) we have: Abū Zayd:...wa-yuqālu: mā ma’antu ma’nahu wa-lā sha’antu sha’nahu... Note also TL XV:528 (Abū Sa‘īd: yuqālu: im’an ma’naka ay-i ‘mal mā tuḥsinu), Lisān XIII:8-9 (...wa-atānī amrun mā ma’antu ma’nahu wa-mā ma’altu ma’lahu wa-lā sha’antu sha’nahu ay mā tahayya’tu lahu. ‘an Ya‘qūb wa-za‘ama anna l-lāma mubdalatun mina n-nūn. qāla l-Lihyānī: atānī dhālikā

wa-mā ma'antu ma'nahu ay mā 'alimtu 'ilmahu) and Takmila V:510b (s.v. M<sup>2</sup>L). Cf. also Lisān VII:9 s.v. SH'N and Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 677 (ma'ana—sha'ana). In the light of this evidence it seems probable that Abū Turāb quoted ma'ana from a pair ma'ana—sha'ana, though ma'ana—ma'ala is also possible.

165] Cf. IS-Y, p. 121 (al-Asma'i: yuqālu: maşmaşa inā'ahu wa-mağmađahu idhā ghasalahu) and p. 123 (wa-yuqālu: naşnaşa lisānahu idhā ḥarrakahu); IS-tahdhīb, p. 49 and 50; AT II:240 and II:244; Muzhir I:550 and 551; Q II:23; Mukh. XIII:279; Abū 'Ubayd, Gharīb al-ḥadīth IV:468; Ibn Ğinnī, Sirr aş-ṣinā'a, p. 213. The text of K. al-I'tiqāb may be a contamination of these two.

169] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 116 and the references given thereto. Cf. also AT II:261-262 (şa'iba—qa'iba—şa'ima—qa'ima); Tahdhīb al-alfāz/Ziyādāt, p. 674 (şa'iba [read so]—qa'iba); Ibn Qutayba, Abwāb al-laban, p. 151 (şa'iba—qa'iba); AT I:39 (şa'iba—şa'ima and qa'iba—qa'ima); IS-Y, p. 74 (şa'iba—şa'ima); IS-tahdhīb, p. 13 (şa'iba—şa'ima and qa'iba—qa'ima); Q II:53 (şa'iba—şa'ima); Mukh. XIII:285 (şa'iba—şa'ima). Lisān X:168 reads: Abū 'Amr: fa'amtu wa-şa'amtu idhā rawīta mina l-mā', after which comes the same Abū 'Amr quote that follows the Abū Turāb quote in TL. The TL article ends: wa-akhbaranī l-Mundhīrī 'an Tha'lab 'an Ibn al-A'rābī: fa'iba [read qa'iba?] wa-şa'iba idhā rawiya mina l-mā'. qultu: wa-hiya kulluhā lughāt: al-qāfu wa'l-fā'u wa'l-mīm. Cf. also Takmila I:153b (s.v. S<sup>2</sup>B; sa'iba—qa'iba).

170] See the references to Abū Turāb no. 169. The TL article continues: qultu: wa-ka'annahu min fa'amtu l-inā'a idhā afamtahu wa-mala'tahu.

173] Cf. Takmila I:381b (s.v. KLTH<sup>1</sup>).

174] Cf. Şihāh, p. 1049 s.v. FSS.

175] TL continues: wa-qāla Abū 'Amr: al-hayra'u wa'l-hayla': ad-da'iif. wa-qāla l-Bāhili: hiya l-fara'atu wa'l-hara'atu li'l-qamlati ş-saghīra. wa-qāla Abū Sa'id: hiya l-far'atu wa'l-har'a. This passage may come from K. al-I'tiqāb.

176] Cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 536 (wa-habaṭa mā'u l-bi'ri wa-habaḍa) and p. 537 (...Abū 'Amr...wa-ankara 'habaṭa mā'u l-bi'r" wa-qāla: khabaṭa bi'l-khā'...).

177] Cf. K. al-'Ayn I:364 (qāla Ru'ba: idhā 'tazamna r-rahwa fī ntihādī / ḡādhabna bi'l-ashlābi wa'l-anwādī. yurīdu bi'l-anwādī l-anwāṭa li-anna ḏ-dādū wa'ṭ-ṭā'u tata'āqābān...) (> TL XI:69); Şihāh, p. 1165 s.v. NW<sup>T</sup> (wa'l-anwāṭ: mā nuwwīṭa 'alā l-ba'iři idhā ūqira...) and p. 1112 s.v. NWD.

179] TL continues with an al-Lihyānī quote which may come from K. al-I'tiqāb. Cf. AT II:267-268; Muzhir I:561-562; al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz, p. 253-254; Z, p. 463; Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 450-451; Abū Zayd, an-Nawādir, p. 577; Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 405-406. A common ibdāl but nowhere else given on the authority of Ibn al-A'rābī.

182] Cf. Şihāh, p. 2442 s.v. 'WW (Abū Zayd: al-'awwa: aş-şawtu wa'l-ğalabatu mithla ḏ-dawwa. yuqālu: sami'tu 'awwata l-qawmi wa-đawwatahum ay aşwātahum wa-ğalabatahum. wa'l-Asma'i mithlahu) and p. 2410 s.v. DWW. TL XII:96 gives also şawwa on the authority of Ibn al-A'rābī.

183] We probably have here part of the pair ḏāğ-a—'āğ-a (though one should note that

qāḍīga is usually taken as mediae-Y). On the other hand, the variant māḡa (see the critical apparatus) would give a pair qāḍīga—māḡa.

184] Cf. al-Āṣma‘ī, K. al-Ibil, p. 117 (aghadda).

185] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1410 s.v. GHDF (ghaḍaftu l-‘ūda idhā kasartahu fa-lam tun‘im kasrahu).

186] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1064 s.v. ‘RD (qāla l-Āṣma‘ī: yuqālu: huwa āraḍuhum an yaf‘ala dhālikā ay akhlaqahum).

187] Cf. Ibn Ḥinnī, Sirr aṣ-ṣinā‘a, p. 321; Ibn ‘Abbad, al-Muhiṭ II:285; Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1248 s.v. DG‘; az-Zamakhsharī, al-Mufaṣṣal, p. 370; Lisān VIII:21-22 s.v. DG‘; Muḥkam I:174-175 (a verse of Manzūr ibn Ḥabba with ilṭaḡa‘a).

189] Cf. Muzhir I:473 (wa-fī Dīwān al-adab li'l-Fārābī: rağulun ḡaḍdun ay ḡald. yaġ‘alūna l-lāma qāḍīna ma‘a l-ġīmi idhā sakānat-i l-lām); Abū Ḥayyān, al-Irtishāf I:159 (read: ḡaḍd); Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 458 s.v. ĠLD.

190] The text of TL continues: wa-fī Nawādir al-a‘rāb: aslaftuhu kadhā ay aqraḍtuḥu wa-aṭlaftuhu kadhā ay wahabtuḥu. Cf. Muzhir I:552 (fī l-Gharīb al-muṣannaf: qāla Abū ‘Amr: dhahaba damuhu ṭalafan wa-żalafan ay hadaran. qāla: sami‘tuhu bi-t-ṭā‘i wa’z-żā‘i wa-yuqālu ṭalfan wa-żalafan bi-ġazmi l-lām); Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1398 s.v. ZLF; ID, p. 932 s.v. ZLF.

192] Cf. IS-Y, p. 146 (al-mughaṭhiṭatu wa'l-mughaṭmiṭa: al-qidru ash-shadīdatu l-ghalayān); IS-tahdhīb, p. 65; AṬ II:331; Muzhir I:472; Lisān X:89 (s.v. GHTT).

194] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1919 s.v. DSM and p. 1996 s.v. GHSM.

197a-b] Cf. al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz, p. 184 (misqa‘—miṣqa‘); AṬ II:286 (al-Āṣma‘ī: yuqālu: khaṭībun miṣṭa‘un wa-miṣqa‘: idhā kāna faṣīḥan balīghan wa-kadhālikā khaṭībun miṣṭa‘un wa-miṣqa‘).

198] Cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 489 (wa'l-‘afq: ad-darṭu wa-huwa l-‘afq).

199] Cf. K. al-‘Ayn VI:241 (s.v. MSHT: wa-rağulun mamshūṭ: ay bihi diqqatun wa-ṭūl).

201] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 293.

202] Lisān continues with a quote from Mudrik al-Ġa‘farī (< TL III:327), and then reads (< TL III:342): al-Azharī: isma‘adda r-rağulu wa-shma‘adda idhā mtala‘a għaḍabu wa-kadhālikā sma‘aṭta wa-shma‘aṭta wa-yuqālu dhālikā fī dhikri r-rağuli idhā tmahalla. wa-qāla Abū Sa‘īd: ismagħadda [sic] r-rağulu wa-sma‘adda... Cf. also aṣ-Ṣaghānī, al-‘Ubāb/T, p. 104b.

204] TL continues: wa-qāla l-Farrā‘ wa-Ibn al-A‘rābī: ilhaq bi-t-ṭiyatika wa-bīyatika [sic in the printed text] mithlahā. Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 2415 s.v. TWY (wa-t-ṭīya: an-nīya. qāla l-Khalil: at-ṭīyatū takūnu manzilan wa-takūnu mutta‘an. taqūlu minhu: mađā li-ṭiyatihī ay li-nīyatihī llati ntawħāħ...).

208] For āsāl—āsān—a’sān, cf. IS-Y, p. 67; IS-tahdhīb, p. 8; AṬ II:401; Q II:44; Mukh. XIII:282; Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 161; İslāḥ al-mantiq, p. 310.

209] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1526 s.v. ‘FQ (wa-‘afaqat-i l-ibilu ta‘fiq ‘afqan idhā kānat targi‘u ilā l-mā‘i kulla yawmin wa-kullu rāġi‘in mukhtalifin ‘āfiq. yuqālu: innaka la-ta‘fiq ay tukthiru r-ruġġu‘..[shāhid]..wa-yurwā: yaghfiq bi'l-ghayni mu‘ġamatan).

210] Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muḥīṭ II:65 (wa-ḥakā l-Khārzanğī: huwa yu‘andhī bi’n-nāsi ‘andhātan ay yughrī bihim. wa-mra’atun ‘indhiyān: sayyi’atu l-khuluqi wa-fihimā lughātun kathīratun ta’tī fī mawādi‘ihā).

211] Cf. TL III:213-215 in several places none of which exactly parallel the text of Lisān. Closest comes TL III:213 (wa-rawāhu Tha‘lab ‘an Salama ‘an-i l-Farrā’: shariba l-labana shahran fa-lam ya‘ni fīhi ka-qawlīka: lam yughni ‘anhu shay’an wa-qad ‘aniya ya‘nā ‘unīyan bi-kasri n-nūni min ‘aniya). Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muḥīṭ II:229 (wa-mā a‘nā ‘anhu shay’an ay mā aghnā).

212] Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muḥīṭ II:80-81 (...wa-mā’un tha‘bun ay ġārin wa-yuġma‘u ‘alā th-thu‘bān); Sīħāħ, p. 92 s.v. TH<sup>C</sup>B and p. 93 s.v. THGHB.

213a-e] Cf. Abū-ṭ-Tāyyib, K. al-Itbā‘, p. 58 (wa-yusabbu r-raġulu fa-yuqālu: raghman dagħħman shinnagħħman wa-fa‘altu dhāka ‘alā ragħmihi wa-dagħmihi wa-shinnagħ-mihi).

214] Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muḥīṭ II:147 (wa-fa‘amtuhu: mala’tuhu faraħan aw ghayżan wa-yuqālu bi'l-ghayni ma‘ġamatān aydan); ID, p. 937 s.v. F<sup>C</sup>M (wa-qad qīla: fa‘amatnī rā‘iħatu t-ṭibī wa-fagħamatnī idħā mala’at anfaka).

215a-b] For different combinations of ma‘aş—ma‘aş—magħaş, cf. IS-Y, p. 144; IS-tahdhīb, 64; Q II: 178; Muzħir I:553-554; AṬ II: 308 (AṬ II:304 ma‘as—magħas); Lisān XIII:152 (s.v. MGHŞ: wa-fī n-Nawādir: tamaghħaşa batnī ta-ma‘aş aya awġa‘anī).

216] Cf. Muzħir I:552 (< ID) and II:382 (< az-Zubaydī, Istidrāk ‘alā l-‘Ayn: al-mumma‘iṭ [text: al-muma‘at]: aṭ-ṭawīl wa-ṣ-ṣawāb: al-mummagħiṭ [text: al-mumaghhaṭ]); aṣ-Ṣaghānī, al-‘Ubāb/T, p. 199 s.v. M<sup>C</sup>T.

217a-c] Cf. IS-Y, p. 112; IS-tahdhīb, p. 34; AṬ II:297-298; Muzħir I:553 and I:557; Q II:134; Mukh. XIII:275; Ibn Ĝinnī, Sirr aṣ-ṣinā‘a, p. 244; K. al-Ġim III:274+275. Cf. also Lisān XIV:148 s.v. NSH<sup>C</sup> and XIV:149 s.v. NSHGH; Abū ‘Ubayd, Għarīb al-ħadīth IV:195-196 on a verse by Dhū'r-Rumma (also quoted in ‘Ubāb/GH, p. 82b directly after the Abū Turāb quote) where we have: nushigha: wa-kāna l-Aşma‘ī yunshiduhu bi'l-‘ayni “nushi‘a l-maħărā” wa-huwa īgħaruka ṣ-ṣabīya d-dawā'a aw ghayra. qāla l-Aşma‘ī: wa-smu dhälika d-dawā': an-nushū'u wa-huwa l-waġűr. qāla Abū ‘Ubayd: wa-ghayru l-Aşma‘ī yunshiduhu bi'l-ghayni mu‘ġamatān).

218] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 229 and Lisān XV:201 (s.v. WBGH: wa'l-wabbāgħa: al-istu bi'l-ghayni wa'l-‘ayni ġamī‘an. yuqālu: kadhabat wabbāgħatuka wa-wabbā‘atuka idħā qaraṭa) and XIV:24 (s.v. NB<sup>C</sup>: wa'n-nabbā‘a: al-ist. yuqālu: kadhabat nabbā‘atuka idħā radama wa-yuqālu bi'l-ghayni l-mu‘ġamatān aydan); Muzħir I:553; Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muḥīṭ II:137 (wa-kadhabat nabbā‘atuhu ay-i stuħu wa-qīla bi'l-ghayni ma‘ġamatān aydan) and II:238 (wa-ḥakā l-Khārzanğī: yuqālu ‘inda l-ghaḍab: kadhabat wabbā‘atuhu ay-i stuħu wa-yuqālu bi'l-ghayni mu‘ġamatān); Sīħāħ, p. 342 s.v. NBG (nabbāġa), p. 1328 s.v. WBGH (wabbāgħa—wabbā‘a), p. 1294 s.v. WB<sup>C</sup> (al-wabbā‘a: al-ist. yuqālu: kadhabat wabbā‘atuka wa-wabbāgħatuka wa-nabbā‘atuka wa-nabbāgħatuka bi'l-‘ayni wa'l-ghayni kulluhi bi-ma‘nan ay radama) and p. 1288 s.v. NB<sup>C</sup> (nabbā‘a—nabbāgħa).

219a-b] Cf. TL III:217 (wa-qāla l-Aşma‘ī: al-mu‘ānātu wa'l-muqānā: ḥusnu s-siyāsatī

- wa-yuqālu: mā yu‘ānūna mālahum wa-lā yuqānūnahu ay mā yaqūmūna ‘alayhi).
- 221] Cf. AṬ II:309 (yuqālu li‘z-żalīm: al-haġanna‘u wa'l-haġannaf); Lisān XV:44 s.v. HGN‘.
- 226] ‘Amir ibn Wāthila Abū’-ṭ-Tufayl was a pro-‘Alid muhaddith who died in 100/718 or 110/728 and was said to be the last of those who had seen the Prophet (Ibn al-Athīr, Usd al-ghāba III:145; aş-Şafadī, al-Wāfi XVI:584).
- 227a-b] In 227b we should perhaps read throughout MSH‘ for MSHGH. Cf. Takmila IV:359a (s.v. MSH‘).
- 228] The text of T‘A XXII:215 goes: wa'l-malī‘: an-nāqatu wa'l-farasu s-sarī‘atān. qāla Abū Turāb: nāqatun malī‘un malīqun idhā kānat sarī‘atan ka'l-mayla‘ .. qāla l-Azharī: nāqatun mayla‘un maylaq: sarī‘a.
- 229] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 218 and the references thereto.
- 230] The text of TL continues: wa-fī Nawādir al-a‘rāb: yuqālu: bihi khaz‘atun wa-bihi kham‘atun wa-bihi khazlatun wa-bihi qazlatun idhā kāna yazıla‘u min iħdā riġlayhi. Cf. Sīħāħ, p. 1684 s.v. KHZL (wa'l-ikhtizāl: al-iqtīṭā‘. yuqālu: ikhtazalahu ‘an-i l-qawmi mithla khtaza‘ahu).
- 232] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 134 and 272.
- 233] Cf. Lisān X:272 (s.v. FŞ‘: wa-faşşa‘tuhu...ay akhraġtuḥu minhu fa-nfaşa‘a wa-ftaşa‘tu ḥaqeqi min fulānin ay akhadhtuḥu kullahu bi-qahrin fa-lam atruk minhu shay'an); T‘A XXI:503.
- 234] The text of TL continues with a verse given on Abū Ḥātim's authority.
- 236] Cf. Sīħāħ, p. 1283 (s.v. MG‘: wa-tamāġa‘a r-raġulān: tamāġanā wa-tarāfathā).
- 238a] Cf. also Takmila I:149a.
- 240] Cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 514+515.
- 243] Cf. K. al-‘Ayn V:423 (s.v. GHML: wa'l-ghumlūl: ḥashīshatun tuṭbakhu fa-tu'kalu tusammīhi l-furs: bargħast); Takmila V:282b (s.v. TML: wa-qāla d-Dīnawarī: dhakara ba‘du r-ruwāti anna t-tumlūla huwa l-baqlatu llatī yuqālu lahā bi'n-nabaṭī: “al-quṇābiṛā”. qāla: wa-hiya bi'l-fārisīya “bargħast”). The word kumlūl in the sense bargħast is found neither in K. al-‘Ayn nor in the other dictionaries.
- 244] Cf. Abū’-ṭ-Tayyib, K. al-Itbā‘, p. 73-74 (wa-akhadhahu li-ghanżihi wa-kanżihi wa-qad ghanażanī wa-kanażanī wa-aşlu l-ghanżi l-khanqu wa'l-kanzu itbā‘. wa-yuqālu: huwa fī għanżihi wa-kanżihi ay huwa fī l-mawt. wa-qāla sh-shā‘ir: wa-laqad ra‘aytu fawārisan min qawminā / ghanażuka għanża ġarādati l-‘ayyārī); Sīħāħ, p. 1178 s.v. KNZ; Muzhir I:607 (< Abū ‘Ubayd, Għarib al-ħadīth IV:419); K. al-‘Ayn IV:344.
- 245a-b] The text of TL VIII:169 continues: wa-qāla ghayruhu: aşābatnā dawghatun ay bard. wa-qāla Abū Sa‘id: fī fulānin dawghatun wa-dawkatun ay humq.
- 247] Cf. AṬ II:342 (wa-yuqālu: sami‘tu kashīsha l-af‘ā wa-fashīshahā. qāla l-Asma‘i: hādhāni mina l-ġasadi fa-ammā l-fahīħu fa-mina l-fam); AṬ I:289 (fahīħ—fashīħ).
- 248] The text of TL continues (TL X:138): wa-fī Nawādir al-a‘rāb: innahu la-kulatatun fulatatun kufatatun ay yathibu ġamī‘an fa-lā yustamkanu minhu li-ġtimā‘i wathbatih.

249] Cf. IS-Y, p. 141 (Ibn al-Aṣrābī: al-ḥasākīlū wa'l-ḥasāfīl: aṣ-ṣīghār); IS-tahdhīb, p. 36; Aṭ II:340; Muzhir I:468; Q II:171 (in the edition we have ḥasākīd—ḥasāfīd but this is a mistake). For zahālīf—zahālīq, cf. IS-Y, p. 143; IS-tahdhīb, p. 64; Aṭ II:337; Muzhir I:554; Ibn Makkī, Tathqīf, p. 344; Q II:178; Ibn Qutayba, Bāb ar-rahīl, p. 129. Cf. also K. al-‘Ayn III:333 (tazahlafa—tazahlaqa—tazahlaka). The editors of TL have “corrected” zahālīf to \*zahālīq but the cases belong together as examples of F—K.

250] Cf. Ṣīḥāh, p. 1588 s.v. ZHK and p. 1368 s.v. ZHF; Lisān VI:27 (s.v. ZHF: Abū Sa‘īd ad-Darīr: az-zāḥīfū wa'z-zāḥīk: al-mu'yī).

251] Cf. T‘A I:424a (wa-fī t-Tahdhīb: lafa'ahu ḥaqqahu wa-laka'ahu idhā a‘tāhu ḥaqqahu kullahu aw lafa'ahu idhā a‘tāhu aqalla min ḥaqqihi. qālahu Abū Sa‘īd. wa-fī l-‘Ubāb: qālah Abū Turāb: aḥsibū hādhā l-ḥarfā mina l-aḍdād); Aṭ II:340 (Abū ‘Amr: lafa-ahu bi'l-‘aṣā yalfa'uhu laf'an wa-laka'ahu bihā yalka'uhu lak'an idhā ḏarabahu bihā. wa-yuqālu: lafa'ahu ḥaqqahu yalfa'uhu wa-laka'ahu yalka'uhu wa-dhālikā idhā waffāhu iyāhu); Aṭ II:342 (Abū ‘Amr: yuqālu: qad lafa'ahu ḥaqqahu laf'an wa-laka'ahu ḥaqqahu lak'an ay a‘tāhu ḥaqqahu kullahu. wa-lafa'ahu bi'l-‘aṣā laf'an wa-laka'ahu lak'an ay ḏarabahu bihā); Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 102.

259a-c] The text of Lisān IV:32 continues: Abū Zayd: aqbil ‘alā khaydabatika ay ‘alā amrika l-awwal. wa-taraktuhu wa-khaydabatahu ay wa-ra'yahu. Cf. Abū Zayd, an-Nawādir, p. 511 (...aqbil ‘alā khaydabatika ay aqbil ‘alā amrika lladhī kunta fīhi awwala marratin...fa-taraktuhu wa-khaydabatahu...); TL VIII:286 (Abū ‘Ubayd ‘an Abī Zayd: yuqālu: aqbil ‘alā khaydabatika [read so] ay ‘alā amrika l-awwali wa-khudh fī hidyatika wa-qidyatika ay fīmā kunta fīhi); Ṣīḥāh, p. 2460 s.v. QDW (qidya—hidya) and p. 2534 s.v. HDY.

261] Cf. IS-Y, p. 114; IS-tahdhīb, p. 37; Aṭ II:357; Muzhir I:564; Q II:139; Mukh. XIII:277; Z, p. 609; ath-Thā‘ālibī, Fiqh al-lugha, p. 34.

263] For the verse, cf. K. al-Ğīm III:174b.

264] The text of TL continues: wa-yuqālu: fulānun min qamazi n-nāsi wa-min qazamihim ay min rudhālīhim. Cf. Aṭ II:361 (< ID): wa-yuqālu: qamaztu sh-shay'a aqmizuhu qamzan wa-kamaztu akmizuhu kamzan idhā ğama‘tahu.

265] Cf. Ṣīḥāh, p. 2247 s.v. KMH (Abū Sa‘īd: al-kāmīh: alladhī yarkabu ra'sahu fa-lā yadrī ayna yatawağğah. yuqālu: kharāğha yatakammahu fī l-ard).

266a-b] The text of TL continues: wa-qīla fī qawli Dhī'r-Rumma: ‘alā mustażillātī l-‘uyūni sawāhimī / shuwayki'atīn yaksū burāhā lughāmuḥā. arāda: “shuwayqi'atīn” fā-qalaba l-qāfa kāfan min shaqa'a nābuḥu idhā ṭala‘a kamā qīla: kushiṭa ‘an-i l-farāsi l-ğullu wa-qushiṭa bi-ma‘nan wāḥidin wa-qīla: “shuwaykiyatīn” bi-ghayri hamz. The verse is also given in TL IX:210 where it is preceded by “wa-qāla ākhar”. For qashaṭa—kashaṭa, cf. IS-Y, p. 113; IS-tahdhīb, p. 37; Aṭ II:356; muzhir I:564; Q II: 139; Mukh. XIII:277; Z, p. 609 and 611; al-Hamadhānī, al-Alfāz, p. 282; Ibn Ğinnī, Sirr aş-ṣinā‘a, p. 277; Ṣīḥāh, p. 1155 s.v. KSHT.

272] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 134 and 232.

273] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 218 and the references given thereto. Cf. Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muhiṭ II:65 (ḥakā l-Khārzanġī: al-‘adhdhāna: al-ist).

274] Cf. Aṭ II:370 (al-Asma‘ī: yuqālu: marra l-farasu yaqza‘u qaz‘an wa-yahza‘u

haz<sup>c</sup>an idhā marra marran sarī<sup>c</sup>an).

278] Cf. AT II:373 (wa-yuqālu: ka<sup>c</sup>zala fī ‘adwihi yuka<sup>c</sup>zilu ka<sup>c</sup>zlatan wa-na<sup>c</sup>zala yuna<sup>c</sup>zilu na<sup>c</sup>zalatan idhā abṭa<sup>c</sup>a wa-lam yusri<sup>c</sup>. qāla r-rāgiz [verses as in K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb with a variant bi-sayrin for bi-shaddin]); Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 306 (al-ka<sup>c</sup>zalatu wa-nna<sup>c</sup>zalatu wa'l-‘anżalatu kulluhu shay'un wāhidun w-huwa mina l-‘adwi l-baṭī). qāla: [verses as in K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb]); Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 308; Lisān XII:110 s.v. K<sup>c</sup>ZL and XIV:204 s.v. N<sup>c</sup>ZL.

280] Cf. AT II:378 (laqis—maqis; talaqqasa—tamaqqasa).

282] Lisān continues with a quote from Shuğā<sup>c</sup> as-Sulamī (< TL X:523). Cf. Z, p. 627 (lağlağa fī kalāmihi wa-nağnağa).

283] The last part of the quote (qāla l-Bakrī: hādhā shatmun li'l-‘abdi l-la'īm) may not come from K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb although al-Bakrī is one of Abū Turāb's informants.

284] Cf. IS-Y, p. 68 (wa-yuqālu: alaṣtu sh-shay'a fa-anā uliṣhuwa wa-anaṣtuwa fa-anā uniṣhuwa ilāṣatan wa-ināṣatan idhā adartahu); IS-tahdhīb, p. 9; AT II:402; Q II:44; Mukh. XIII:282-283. The first stem lāṣa—nāṣa is found only in K. al-I<sup>c</sup>tiqāb.

287] Cf. IS-Y, p. 69 (wa-yuqālu: khāmilu dh-dhikri wa-khāminu dh-dhikr); IS-tahdhīb, p. 9; AT II:403; Muzhir I:565; az-Zubaydī, Laḥn al-‘āmma, p. 113; Q II:44; Mukh. XIII:283; Lisān IV:221 s.v. KHML < Ibn as-Sikkīt.

289] The text of TL continues with a long anonymous passage.

290] Cf. Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 514.

292] Cf. Şihāh, p. 2257 s.v. WLH (qāla r-rāgiz: ḥāmilatun dalwuka lā maḥmūlah / mal'ā mina l-mā'i ka<sup>c</sup>ayni l-mūlah. wa-rāwāhu Abū 'Amr: tamshī mina l-mā'i kamashiyi l-mūlah. qāla: wa'l-mūlah: al-‘ankabūt); Takmila V:519-520 (s.v. MWL).

293] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 201.

295] Cf. Şihāh, p. 1492 s.v. ZWQ (tazayyaqa—tazayyagha—tazayyana). TL VIII:433 reads: yuqālu: tazallaqa fulānun wa-tazayyaqa idhā tana<sup>c</sup>ama ḥattā yakūna li-lawnihi baṣīṣun wa-li-basharatihi barīq.

298] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 44. Cf. Z, p. 629 (wa-maththa ḡasaduhu mina s-samni yamuth-thu maththan wa-naththa yanuththu naththanidhā nadiya wa-rashaḥa); ID, p. 71 s.v. BDD and p. 85 MTHTH.

300] The chapter SH+L+N is missing from the printed edition of TL (where it should come before XI:368) — as well as from TL XVI — and the article MSHL (TL XI:369-370) does not contain anything on māshila.

301] Cf. K. al-Ğīm III:237.

302] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 22 (Abū 'Ubayda: intaṭala fulānun mina z-ziqqi naṭlatan wa-mtaṭala maṭlatan wa'l-ma<sup>c</sup>nā wāhid; not in IS-Y).

303] Cf. az-Zubaydī, Laḥn al-‘āmma, p. 51-54.

305] Cf. IS-Y, p. 78-79; IS-tahdhīb, p. 18-19; AT II:431-432; K. an-Na<sup>c</sup>am, p. 100; Q II:90; Mukh. XIII:283-284; Abū 'Ubayd, Ghārīb al-ḥadīth III:292.

306] Cf. IS-tahdhīb, p. 22 (wa-qāla Abū 'Amr: ad-dimdim: aṣ-ṣilliyānu l-muḥīlu fī lughati banī Asad wa-huwa bi-lughati Tamīm: ad-dindin; not in IS-Y).

309] Cf. AT II:436.

310a-b] Cf. IS-Y, p. 103 (harata—harada); IS-tahdhīb, p. 47 (harata—harada—haraṭa) and p. 54 (harata—harada); AT I:100-101 (harata—harada) and I:132 (harata—haraṭa); Q II:112 (harata—harada); Mukh. XIII:280 (harata—harada) and XIII:287 (marata—marada); Muzhir I:461 (harata—harada) and I:474 (harata—harada—haraṭa); Ibn Qutayba, Adab al-kātib, p. 485 (harata—harada); Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 265 (harata—harada, haraṭa and maraṭa added by at-Tibrīzī).

311a-b] Cf. TL V:362 (wa-qāla Ibn al-A'rābī...wa-yuqālu: marmarahu wa-harharahu idhā ḥarrakahu); Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 780 s.v. FRR (farfartu sh-shay'a: ḥarraktuhu). I have hesitatingly given precedence to marmara (over farfara) on the basis of TL V:362.

314] The passage of Lisān is given as a continuation of Abū Turāb no. 311.

319] Cf. Abū Turāb no. 20.

320] Cf. K. al-‘Ayn IV:85 (a shāhid for mustayhir); al-Muḥkam IV:275.

321] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1139 s.v. SHYT (yuqālu: shayyaṭtu ra'sa l-ghanami wa-shawwaṭ-tuhu idhā ahraqta ṣufahu li-tunazzifahu).

323] Cf. K. al-‘Ayn I:137 (wa'l-quṭ'atu [text: wa'l-qit'atu] fī Ṭayyi' ka'l-'an'anati fī Tamīm wa-hiya an yaqūla: yā abā'l-Ḥakā wa-huwa yurīdu yā abā'l-Ḥakāmi fa-yaqṭa'u kalāmahu 'an ibānatī baqīyatī l-kalima). On the interpretation of this phenomenon, see Rabin, Ancient West-Arabian, p. 194-195; Anīs, Lahaḡāt, p. 134-135.

324a-c] The text of TL III:262-263 continues: qultu [i.e. al-Azhari]: wa-hādhihi ḥurūfun lā a'rifuhā wa-lam aġid laħā ašlan fī kutubi th-thiqāti lladħīna akħadħū 'an-i l-‘arabi l-‘aribati [read so] mā awda'ū kutubahum wa-lam adħkurbhā wa-anā aħuq-quhā wa-lākinnī dhakartuhā stindāran laħā wa-ta'agguban minħā wa-lā adrī mā siħħatuhā. The same reservations are given by Ibn Manzūr in Lisān II:189, II:98 and IV:239. In Lisān II:189 Ibn Manzūr adds his own opinion: wa-lam adħkurbhā anā hunā ma' a hādhā l-qawl illā li-allā yadħkurahā dhākirun aw yasma'ahā sāmi'un fayażunna bihā ghayra mā naqaltu fihā wa-llāhu a'lam. — Cf. Ibn 'Abbād, al-Muħīṭ II:327 (wa-ħakā ṣāħibu t-Takmila [i.e. al-Khārzangī] annahu sami'a ġaħlanġi' [sic] wa-anshada fihī baytan: min taħmati [sic] sabīriħā ġaħlanġi'. wa-lam yufassirhu wa-ħakā aydan: ith' anġaħha l-mā'u bi-ma'nā th'anġara idhā sāla). For ith'anġara, cf. Abū Zayd, K. al-Maṭar, p. 104; TL III:319. For khayhaf'ā, cf. Ibn 'Abbād, al-Muħīṭ II:253 (wa-ħakā l-Khārzangī: al-khayhaf'ā: waladu l-kalbi mina dh-dhi'ba); ID, p. 1172 and 1187; al-Fīrūzābādī, al-Qāmūs II:140; Lisān IV:239 (wa-ħakā Ibn Barrī fī Amālīhi qāla: qāla Ibn Khālawayhi: Abū'l-Khayhaf'ā kunyatū raġulin a'rābīyin yuqālu laħu Ĝinzāb ibn al-Aqra' fa-qīla laħu: lima takannayta bi-hādhā. fa-qāla: al-khayhaf'ā dābbatun yakħruġu bayna n-namiri wa'd-ḍabu'i yakūnu bi'l-Yaman aghħafu l-udhunayni ghā'ru l-aynayni mushrifu l-ħāġibayni a'ċalu l-anyābi Ɂakhmu l-barāthini yaftarisu l-abā'ir. wa-ahmalahu l-Ġawħarī).

325] Cf. Ṣīḥāḥ, p. 1793 s.v. FLL (wa-qawlū hum fī n-nidā': yā fulu, mukhaffafan innamā huwa maħħdu fun min: yā fulānu, lā 'alā sabīli t-tarkħīmi wa-law kāna tarkħīman la-qälū: yā fulā, wa-rubbamā qīla dhālika fī ghayri n-nidā'i li-ḍ-ḍarūra).

326] The text of TL continues with a long passage on the authority of Shamir. It is not quite clear whether the Abū Turāb quote ends here, or somewhat earlier or later. Lisān VIII:21-22 (s.v. DRK) uses the article of al-Azharī but does not quote it verbatim.

- 327] The text of TL continues: wa-qāla Abū ‘Amr: al-‘ink: thuluthuhu th-thānī. wa-qāla Ibn al-A‘rābī: yuqālu li'l-bāb: al-‘ink, wa-li-ṣāni‘ihi: l-faytaq. Cf. Şihāh, p. 1602 s.v. ‘NK (wa'l-‘inku bi'l-kasr: thuluthu l-layli l-bāqī. ‘an-i l-Aşma‘ī); Takmila V:226a (s.v. ‘NK: wa-atānā ba‘da ‘unkin mina l-layli. lughatun fī ‘ink).
- 329] Probably R—Y (muqashshar—muqashshā) or B—Y (liba’—liya’). Cf. ‘Ubāb/hamza, p. 166a-b.
- 330] The text of TL continues: qultu: ka'annahu min “qarṭabahu idhā qaṭa‘ahu”.
- 331] TL reads before the Abū Turāb quote: Abū ‘Ubayd...qāla: wa-qāla l-Farrā’: az-zīgīlu bi'l-yā’. wa-qāla Shamir ‘an Ibn al-A‘rābī: az-zīgīlu bi'n-nūni aydan. wa-qāla Abū ‘Ubayd ‘an-i l-Farrā’: az-zīgīlu mahmūzun wa-huwa z-zu'āgil); Şihāh, p. 1715 s.v. ZGL.
- 332] The variant of TL (faṣala) would make this a F—M ibdāl pair.
- 334] There are no parallels to this passage in the respective article of TL (V:317). Takmila IV:459b gives kharshafa and karshafa with the same meaning; cf. also T‘A XXIII:185a (kharshafa) and XXIV:303a (karshafa).
- 336] The passage is preceded in TL by: wa-qāla l-Aşma‘ī: az-za‘za‘atu wa-ṣ-ṣa‘ṣa‘atu bi-ma‘nan wāhid. wa-qāla Abū'l-Ḥasan al-Lihyānī: ṣa‘ṣa‘a ra'sahu bi'd-duhni wa-ḍa‘da‘ahu idhā rawwāḥu wa-rawwaghahu.
- 337] Cf. T‘A XVIII:87b (wa-qāla l-Khārzanğī: sabaqanī qahṣan wa-mahṣan wa-shaddan bi-ma‘nan wāhidin ay sabaqanī ‘adwan).
- 338] Takmila V:550a-b adds three verses between the verses.
- 339] TL XV:215-216 s.v. RNM does not contain anything relevant. Cf. az-Zamakhsarī, Asās al-balāgha I:51 (the verses on the authority of Abū Ḥātim, with a variant “l-hayyata”).
- 340] The text of Lisān continues (< TL I:124-125 s.v. ‘HQ): wa-qāla l-Azharī aydan fī tarğumati ‘HQ: Abū ‘Ubayd: al-ghayhaqu bi'l-ghayn: an-nashāṭu wa-yūṣafu bihi l-‘izamu wa't-tarāra.. Cf. Şihāh, p. 1535 s.v. ‘HQ (the verse with variant al-‘awhaqī); ID, p. 960 s.v. GHHQ (ghayhaq—‘ayhaq).
- 341] This is not found in the article WSWS of TL XIII:136. — The word may belong together with washwasha, cf. e.g. T‘A XVII:13.
- 343] The text of TL continues with “wa-ruwīnā ‘an Abī Bakr [read so]” and other ḥadīths.
- 344] The text of Lisān continues: al-Ǧawharī [< Şihāh, p. 755]: wa-‘unquru r-rağuli ‘unṣuruhu. The quote may belong to Ş—Q.
- 345] Cf. T‘A VI:129 (s.v. ‘HĞ: ‘awmağ—‘awhağ = ḥayya) and T‘A VI:114 (s.v. ‘MĞ: ‘amhağ = tawīl).
- 346] Cf. Lisān XV:414 (s.v. WHŞ: qāla Shamir: sa'altu l-kilābiyīna ‘an qawlīhi: ka'anna taḥṭa khuffihā l-wahhāṣī / mīṣaba ukmin nīṭa bi'l-milāṣī. fa-qālū: al-wahhāṣ: ash-shadīd. wa'l-mīṣab: az-zurār. wa'l-milāṣ: aş-ṣafā) = TL VI:365 s.v. WHŞ; Takmila IV:43a (Ibn al-A‘rābī..wa-anshada li'l-Aghlab..); Lisān XIII:177 (s.v. MLŞ: wa-anshada Ibn al-A‘rābī...) = TL XII:202 s.v. MLŞ. The emendation of the editor of T‘A in the note (proposing a reading of Abū'l-Farağ instead of Ibn al-Farağ) is

naturally unfounded.

347] For mahtid—mahfid, cf. IS-Y, p. 144; IS-tahdhīb, p. 64; AṬ I:136; Muzhir I: 472; Q II:178. For mahtid—maḥqid—maḥkid, cf. Abū Zayd, an-Nawādir, p. 584; Tahdhīb al-alfāz, p. 157 and p. 584. For mahtid—maḥkid, cf. AṬ I:139. For mahfid—maḥkid, cf. AṬ II:340. I have vocalized the text of TL: wa-dhakara ‘an Ibn al-A‘rābī (“he, i.e. Abū Turāb, reported from Ibn al-A‘rābī”), although the reading wa-dhukira (“it is reported”) is equally possible, in which case the passage would not come from K. al-I‘tiqāb. In Lisān the two passages are separated from each other and the text reads unequivocally: wa-dhakara Ibn al-A‘rābī.

348a-b] Cf. TL VI:410a (s.v. YHR) and Lisān XV:464 (s.v. YHR). The text of Takmila continues with Abū Turāb no. 320.

350] The text of TL comes from MS-G, see TL XI:295 note 3.

351] It seems that this fragment does not come from K. al-I‘tiqāb, but more probably belongs to the oral tradition from Abū Turāb, and is the only extant case of this.

352] From the “third generation of lexicographers”.

354] For al-Azhari’s answer to this, see Abū Turāb no. 355.

355] Al-Azhari’s answer for the arguments of al-Bushtī (= al-Khārzangī), see Abū Turāb no. 354.

### Critical apparatus for K. al-I‘tiqāb

1] TL IV:441 (HLT) > Lisān III:281 (HLT)

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: “wa-qīla”.

2] TL II:262 (DH‘T)

3] TL I:305 (KTH‘) > Lisān XII:38 (KTH‘) > T‘A XXII:112

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

4] TL VIII:27 (ŞGHB) > Takmila I:182a, Lisān VII:351 (ŞGHB) > T‘A III:197.

5] TL X:628 (ZMĞ) > Takmila I:440b, Lisān VI:5 (Z’Ğ) and Lisān VI:78 (ZMĞ) > T‘A VI:5

(1)...(1) Lisān VI:5: “at-Tahdhīb”; missing from Lisān VI:78. (2)...(2) Lisān VI:5 and 78: “za’ağā bayna l-qawmi wa-zamaağā”.

6a] TL XIV:44 (MT‘) > Takmila I:50a, Lisān XIII:130 (MT‘)

(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) TL and Takmila: “Buzurğ”.

6b] Lisān VI:254 (ST‘) > T‘A I:268 (ST‘) and I:433 (MT‘)

6c] TL XIII:25 (ST‘) > Takmila I:27b, ‘Ubāb/hamza, p. 111a-b

(1) Addition from some manuscripts of TL.

7] TL V:257 (‘HN) > Takmila VI:320a, Lisān I:83 (‘HN) > T‘A<sup>2</sup> 7:158

(1)...(1) Lisān: “Ibn al-Farağ”.

8] TL X:307 (DWK) > Takmila VI:220a, Lisān VIII:102 (DWK)

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Missing from TL. (3) Lisān: “tanāza‘ūhu”.

\* Heading from TL XIV:282.

9] TL XIV:252-253 (TLL) > Takmila V:282a, Lisān II:46 (TLL) > T‘A<sup>2</sup> 7:241

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “mithla z-zalāzil”. The latter part of

- the article (after the word *z-zalāzil*) is given separately in *Lisān* before the first part.
- (3) *Lisān* adds: “*wa-ḥakā*”. (4)...(4) *Lisān*: “*wa-su’ila ‘an dhālika Abū’s-Samayda*”.
- 10a] TL XIV:282 (TNTL) > *Takmila* V:280a and V:523b > T‘A<sup>2</sup> 7:242
- 10b] *Lisān* II:56 (TNTL)
- 10c] TL XIV:355 (T quadriliteral).
- 11] TL XI:98 (BLĞ) > *Takmila* I:402b and I:408b, *Lisān* I:478 (BLĞ) > T‘A V:428  
 (1)...(1) *Lisān*: “*al-Aṣma‘ī*”. (2)...(2), (3)...(3) and (4)...(4) Missing from *Lisān*.
- 12a] TL XII:117 (N\$S) > *Lisān* XIV:163 (N\$S) > T‘A XVIII:181  
 (1) *Lisān*: “*wa-rawā*”. (2) *Lisān* adds: “*‘an ba‘di l-a‘rāb*”. (3)...(3) *Lisān*: “*naṣīṣu-hum wa-baṣīṣuhum*”.
- 12b] TL III:402 (H\$S) > *Takmila* III:536b, *Lisān* III:205 > T‘A XVIII:522  
 (1)...(1) Missing from *Lisān*.
- 13] TL III:398 (HDD) > *Lisān* III:219 (HDD) > T‘A XVIII:296  
 (1) Missing from *Lisān*.
- 14] TL XIV:70 (DNN) > *Takmila* VI:231b, *Lisān* IV:419 (DNN)  
 (1)...(1) *Lisān*: “*Ibn al-Faraḡ*”. (2)...(2) Missing from some manuscripts of TL. (3) TL: “*yu‘āqibu*”. (4)...(4) *Lisān*: “*l-bā‘u wa’d-dāl*”. (5)...(5) *Lisān*: “*inbarā wa-ndarā*”.
- 15] TL IV:126 (HDĞ) > *Lisān* III:78 (HDĞ) > T‘A V:470-471.  
 (1) Missing from *Lisān*.
- \* Heading from TL XVI:210.
- 16a] TL VIII:393 (SQT) > *al-‘Ubāb/T*, p. 87 (SQT), *Takmila* IV:137a, *Lisān* VI:296 (SQT) > T‘A XIX:364  
 (1)...(1) *al-‘Ubāb*: “*wa-qāla Abūl-Miqdām as-Sulamī*”. (2)...(2) *Lisān*: “*Abū Turāb*”. (3) Missing from *al-‘Ubāb*. (4)...(4) *Lisān* and *al-‘Ubāb*: “*qalīlan qalīlan shay'an ba‘da shay'in*”.
- 16b] *Lisān* I:461 (BQT) > T‘A XIX:165
- 16c] TL IX:13 (BQT) > *al-‘Ubāb/T*, p. 64 (DHQT), *Takmila* IV:110a and IV:128a
- 16d] TL XVI:210 (DHQT) > T‘A XIX:295-296
- 17] TL XI:331 (SHNZ) > *Takmila* IV:192b, *Lisān* VII:212 (SHNZ) > T‘A XX:234  
 (1) Missing from *Lisān*.
- 18a] TL XVI:162 (GHTSH)
- 18b] *Lisān* X:88 (GHTSH) > T‘A XVII:292  
 (1) T‘A: “*Zayd*”.
- 19] TL XV:343 (BLL) > *Lisān* I:493 (BLL) > T‘A<sup>2</sup> 7:237
- 20] TL XI:377 (FNSH) > *Takmila* III:456b and III:500b, *Lisān* X:334 (FNSH) > T‘A XVII:319  
 (1) *Lisān*: “*nabbasha*”.
- 21] TL I:388 (Ğ‘B) > *Lisān* II:292 (Ğ‘B)  
 (1)...(1) and (4) Missing from *Lisān*. (2) *Lisān* adds: “*wa-ğa‘ba’ahu*”. (3) *Lisān*: “*idhā*”. (5)...(5) Given separately in *Lisān* before the first part of the quote.
- 22] TL XI:300 (SHSB)  
 (1)...(1) From one manuscript of TL.

- 23] TL XI:316 (SHTF) > Takmila IV:505b, Lisān VII:120 (SHTF) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:131, T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:511  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “ḡīrāninā”. (3) Lisān: “ḥufūfū”.
- 24] TL V:127 (QWH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:67
- 25a] TL IV:285 (SHT) > Takmila I:317a, Lisān VI:187 (SHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:551
- 25b] TL IV:441 (LHT) > Takmila I:299b and I:337b, Lisān XII:244 (LHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:76  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Azharī”. (2) In some manuscripts of TL: “as-Sulaymī”.
- 26] TL VI:99 (HDL) > Takmila V:556a, Lisān XV:100 (HDL)  
     (1) TL: “marāzīḥ”. (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 27] TL VII:84 (SHKHL) > Lisān VII:52 (SHKHL)  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) In some manuscripts of TL: “shakhatahā”.
- 28] TL VI:261 (HDHL) > Takmila V:553a Lisān XV:66 (HDHL)  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 29] TL VI:513 (HR quadrilateral) > Lisān XV:71 (HRGL) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:391.  
     (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “mina l-ibili ḏ-ḍikhām”.
- \* Heading from TL XI:244.
- 30] TL XI:244 (GS quadrilateral) > Lisān XIII:66 (MRGS) and I:360 (BRGS) > T<sup>c</sup>A T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:504, XV:445  
     (1)...(1) Lisān I:360: “ghayruhu”; Lisān XIII:66: “Ibn al-Faraḡ”. (2)...(2) Lisān I:360: “li-yaṭība mā’uhā wa-taftah”. (3) Lisān XIII:66: “al-Azdī”. (4) Missing from Lisān I:360 and XIII:66. (5) Lisān XIII:66: “al-Muntakhi/ar”. (6)...(6) and (7)...(7) Missing from Lisān I:360 and XIII:66.
- 31] TL XI:249 (GRDB) > Lisān II:239 (GRDB) > T<sup>c</sup>A II:159.  
     (1) TL: “shahādā”. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa-qāla”. (3) In some copies of TL: “yamīna-ka”. (4)...(4) Lisān: “qāla”. (5) Lisān: “bi-yadihi l-yumnā”. (6) Lisān: “aydī”.
- 32] TL XI:54 (RGB) > Lisān V:140 (RGB) > T<sup>c</sup>A II:486.  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abūl-‘Amaythal”. (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 33] TL IV:346 (SMH) > Lisān VI:355 (SMH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VIII:170
- 34] TL XII:371 (SBD) > Takmila II:246a, Lisān VI:149 (SBD)  
     (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 35] TL XIV:296 (LTM) > Lisān XII:233 (LTM) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:198  
     (1) Lisān adds: “yuqālu”. (2) TL adds: “fīhā”. (3) TL adds: “intahā wa-llāhu a‘lam”.
- 36] TL I:326 (KB<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:342b, Lisān XII:18 (KB<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:108  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 37] TL XIV:254 (NTT) > Takmila I:342a, Lisān XIV:31 (NTT) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:118.
- 38] TL II:264 (‘TR) > Lisān IX:34 (‘TR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XII:521  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-ruwiya”. (2) Lisān adds here another explanation for ‘itra. (3)...(3) Lisān: “wa-fī l-mathal”. (4) Lisān: “ilā ‘itrīhā”. (5)...(5) Lisān: “ay rağā‘at ilā aṣlihā”.
- 39] TL XIV:322 (LT<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XII:232 (LT<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A I:418 and I:425  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “yuqālu”. (2)...(2) Lisān: “ramathu”; the passage after this word

comes separately in Lisān before the first part. (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān.

\* Heading from TL IX:259.

40] TL IX:259 (TQY) > Lisān II:9 (T<sup>c</sup>Q) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:112

(1)...(1) and (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: "wa-ghayzan". (4) TL: "shaklā". (5) Lisān: "wa'l-ma'aq: nashīğu l-bukā'i aydan".

41] TL II:323 (DH<sup>c</sup>B) > Takmila VI:235b, Lisān V:42 (DH<sup>c</sup>B) > T<sup>c</sup>A II:434

(1)...(1) Lisān: "qāla l-Aşma<sup>c</sup>i".

42] TL V:205-206 (H̄DHW) > Takmila VI:396b, Lisān III:99 (H̄DHW)

(1)...(1) Lisān: "Ibn al-Farağ". (2) Lisān: "wa-ğhihim". (3) Lisān: "wa-ḥathawtu". (4) Missing from Lisān. (5) Lisān: "l-ḥadīthi anna". (6) Lisān: "ilā". (7) Lisān: "wuğūhi l-mushrikīn". (8) In Lisān with alif maqsūra.

43a] TL IV:93 (KSH) > Lisān XII:88 (KSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:73

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

43b] TL IV:96 (KTHH) > Lisān XII:36 (KTHH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:69

44] TL XV:72 (MTHTH) > Lisān XIII:20 (MTHTH) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:356

45] TL XI:170 (THWĞ) > Takmila I:409a, Lisān II:147 (THWĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:451

(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: "d-dunā".

46] TL XV:483 (NF) > Lisān I:238 (NF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:44

(1)...(1) Missing from TL.

47] TL I:116 ('FF) > Takmila IV:532b, Lisān IX:291 ('FF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:174

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.

48] TL I:215 (Q<sup>c</sup>TH) > Lisān XI:236 (Q<sup>c</sup>TH) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:328

(1)...(1) Lisān: "al-Aşma<sup>c</sup>i". (2) Lisān adds: "wa-nqa<sup>c</sup>atha sh-shay'u wa-nqa<sup>c</sup>afa idhā nqala<sup>c</sup>a". (3)...(3) and (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān. (5)...(5) Cf. (2).

49] TL II:331 ('THN) > Takmila VI:272a, Lisān IX:50 ('THN)

\* Heading from TL XI:8.

50] TL XI:42 (ĞRF) > Takmila IV:443b, Lisān II:254 (ĞRF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:82

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

51] TL XI:8 (MTĞ) > Takmila I:489a, Lisān XIII:13 (MTĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:197

(1)...(1) Lisān: "Abū's-Samayda<sup>c</sup>". (2) and (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: "qāla". (5) Lisān: "yaqūlāni". (6) Lisān adds: "wa-matūḥan".

52] TL XI:126 (NBĞ) > Lisān XIV:14 (NBĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:226

(1) Sic in Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: "Abū Turāb".

\* Heading from TL XI:8.

53a] TL VII:383-384 (MRKH) > Takmila II:146a and II:177a, Lisān XIII:69 (MRKH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:340+341

53b] TL VII:538-539 (RYKH) > Lisān V:387 (RYKH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:261

54] TL I:364 (R<sup>c</sup>Ğ) > Lisān V:242 (R<sup>c</sup>Ğ) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:598

(1)...(1) Lisān: "qāla Abū Sa<sup>c</sup>id".

55] TL I:129 (H<sup>c</sup>G) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:385+386

56] TL II:115 ('BS) > Takmila III:382a, Lisān IX:20 ('BS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:225

(1) Missing from Lisān.

\* Heading from TL I:387

- 57] TL X:470 (GDHDH) > Lisān II:218 (GDHDH) > T<sup>c</sup>A IX:382+383  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Asma‘ī”: (2)...(2) Lisān: “al-hiġāratu r-rikhwa”. (3) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “arāda”.
- 58] TL I:387 (‘BĞ) > Takmila I:463b, Lisān IX:10 (‘BĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:87-88
- 59] TL VII:69 (HBĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:457
- 60] TL IV:337 (SBH) > Lisān VI:143 (SBH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:541  
 (1)...(1) This passage is given separately in Lisān VI:144. (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 61] TL IV:452 (MTH) > Lisān XIII:13 (MTH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:107  
 (1), (3) and (4) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) This passage comes separately in Lisān before the first part of the quote. (5)...(5) Missing from Lisān.
- 62] TL IV:171 (MHĞ) > Takmila I:490b > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:203
- 63] TL IV:212 (NDH) > Lisān XIV:174 (NDH)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “n-naqħ”. (3) Lisān: “n-naqħħ”.
- 64a] TL XIII:144 (WYS) > Lisān XV:422 (WYS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:23  
 (1)...(1) This passage is given separately in Lisān XV:421. (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: “innahā bi-ma‘nan”.
- 64b] TL V:295 (WYH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:221
- 64c] TL V:294 (WYH) > Lisān XV:421 (WYH)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Ibn al-Faraḡ”. (2) Missing from TL. (3) and (5)...(5) Missing from Lisān. (4) Lisān adds a few lines derived from Ibn Sīda. (6) TL: “wa-laysa”. (7)...(7) Missing from Lisān (but cf. Abū Turāb no. 64a).
- \* Heading from TL IV:110.
- 65] TL II:302 (‘ZB) > Takmila I:214b  
 (1) In some manuscripts of TL: “wa-rāwāhu”.
- 66] TL IV:240-241 (RŞH) > Takmila II:32a, Lisān V:223 (RŞH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:396  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 67] TL IV:36 (QDHH) > Takmila II:83a Lisān XI:71 (QDHH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:43-44  
 (1) Lisān: “qāla: yuqālu”. (2) Lisān: “wa'l-mushātama”. (3) Lisān adds: “ay”.
- 68] TL IV:250 (NŞH) > Lisān XIV:158 (NŞH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:176  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “bihi”.
- \* Heading from TL IV:311.
- 69] TL IV:311 (SLH) > Lisān VI:323 (SLH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:481  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-fī t-Tahdhīb”.
- 70a] TL VII:661 (DKHMS) > Takmila III:351a, Lisān IV:310 (DKHMS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:61
- 70b] TL VIII:233 (DGHMS) > Takmila III:354a and III:358a, Lisān IV:364 (DGHMS) and IV:432 (DHMS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:79, XVI:99  
 (1) TL, Lisān IV:364 and IV:432, T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:79 and XVI:99: “Shabāna”. (2) Lisān IV:364 and IV:432: “l-amr”. (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān IV:364 and IV:432.
- 71] TL VII:676 (TRHM) > Lisān VIII:159 (TRHM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 72] TL X:673 (ĞDF) > Lisān II:209 (ĞDF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:8

- (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū'l-Miqdām”. (2) TL: “wa-khadhafat”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “tağdifu”; TL: “tağdifu wa-takhdhifū”.
- 73] TL I:186 (QZ<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:328a, Lisān XI:152 (QZ<sup>c</sup>)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “qāla Abū Turāb hikāyatān 'an-i l-'arab”.
- 74] TL XVI:61 (GHDHDH) > Lisān X:28 (GHDHDH) > T<sup>c</sup>A IX:448  
 (1) Lisān: “l-a'rāb”. (2) Lisān: “naqaṣtuhū”.
- 75] TL XIV:64-65 (RDD) > Lisān V:184 (RDD)  
 (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) This passage comes separately in Lisān V:185.
- 76] TL IX:378 (QĞ quadrilateral) > Takmila V:20a and V:22a, Lisān II:262 (ĞRMQ) and II:341 (ĞLMQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:125, XXV:131  
 (1) Missing from Lisān II:262.
- 77] TL IX:422 (QL quadrilateral) > Takmila V:48b and V:53b, Lisān IV:333 (DRFQ) and IV:390 (DLFQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:301-302  
 (1) Lisān IV:390 adds: “qāla”. (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān IV:333. (3) Missing from Lisān IV:390. (4) TL: “yu'āṭīna”.
- 78] TL XI:373 (SHML) > Takmila V:408a, Lisān VII:204 (SHML)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “fa-nḍamma wa-nshamara”.
- 79] TL VII:679 (KHT quadrilateral) > Lisān VIII:138 (TRKHM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 80a] T<sup>c</sup>A XIII:304b (FHR)
- 80b] Takmila III:150a (FHR)
- 81] TL V:329 (HT quadrilateral) > Lisān X:319 (FLTH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:30  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “khuliqat”. (3) Lisān: “fūrṭīḥā”.
- 82] TL XV:218 (NMR) > Takmila III:219a, Lisān XIV:290 (NMR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:416  
 (1) Lisān: “fīhimā”.
- 83] TL VI:188 (HDR) > Lisān XV:52 (HDR)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Asma'i”. (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “hadara l-ghulām”.
- (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān XV:52 but the verse is found in Lisān XV:53 (HDL).
- 84] TL XIV:141 (FDN) > Lisān X:204 (FDN)
- 85] TL IX:419 (QL quadrilateral) > Lisān XI:129 (QRQL)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 86] TL IX:423 (QL quinquilateral) > Lisān XI:315-316 (QNDFL)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb fī l-khumāsī”. (2) Lisān adds one verse before and another after the shāhid.
- 87] TL VII:80 (KHRSH) > Takmila III:471b, Lisān IV:61 (KHRSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:177
- 88] TL XIII:113 (SWM) > Lisān VI:442 (SWM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “yuqālu”.
- 89] TL VIII:88 (GHTHR) > Lisān X:19 (GHTHR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIII:202  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 90] TL I:330 (KM<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:348a Lisān XII:157 (KM<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:134  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu”. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa'l-ba'īru wa'r-rağul”.
- 91] TL VIII:186 (WGHR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:368

- 92] TL I:368 (RĞ<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān V:150 (RĞ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXI:67
- 93] TL XI:82 (NĞL) > Lisān XIV:58 (NĞL)
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū’s-Samayda”. (2) and (3) Lisān: “riğlihi”.
- 94] TL V:337 (H quinquiliteral) > Lisān III:18 (HBR) > T<sup>c</sup>A X:514
- (1)...(1),(2), (3) and (4) Missing from Lisān. (5) Lisān: “bi-shay’in”.
- 95] TL XII:30 (DBR) > Lisān VIII:15 (DBR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XII:379
- (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “aq-dibru wa’q-dibn”: (3) Lisān adds: “li-Ğandal”. (4) Lisān: “t-ta‘ām”. (5) Lisān: “nafadha”. (6) Lisān: “wa-lākinnī”. (7)...(7) Lisān: “ay khaffa wa-qallamā”. (8)...(8) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “l-qirbata idhā qalla mā’uhā”.
- 96] TL XIII:148 (S quadrilateral) > Takmila III:401a, Lisān X:237 (FRTS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:334
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Aşma‘ī”. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa'l-armaba”.
- 97] TL XI:280 (FKN) > Takmila VI:287b, Lisān X:309 (FKN)
- (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 98] TL X:122 (KDN) > Lisān XII:48 (KDN)
- (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān adds here: “qāla Abū Manṣūr: al-kadanu wa'l-kadaru wa'l-kadal”.
- 99] TL VI:224 (HDM) > Takmila VI:168a, Lisān XV:56 (HDM)
- (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “Ibn al-Farağ”.
- 100] TL VI:164 (HZM) > Takmila VI:170b, Lisān XV:92 (HZM) and V:206 (RZM)
- (1)...(1) Lisān V:206: “wa-fī tarğumati HZM”. (2) Lisān V:206 and XV:92 add: “aw-i l-ghaḍā” (written in XV:92 with alif maqṣūra); Takmila adds: “aw-i l-ghaḍā ‘alā sh-shakk”:
- 101] TL X:323 (WKZ) > Lisān XV: 383 (WKZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:376
- (1)...(1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “Ibn al-Farağ ‘an ba‘dihim”. (2) TL: “markūz”.
- 102] TL VII:460 (ĞKHY) > Takmila VI:388a, Lisān II:194 (ĞKHY)
- (1)...(1) In some manuscripts of TL: “wa-qāla Ibn al-Farağ”. (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 103] TL XIII:278 (Z lafīf) > Lisān VI:120 (ZWY)
- (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 104a] TL VII:213 (BKHZ) > Lisān I:330 (BKHZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:18
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb”.
- 104b] TL VII:153 (BKHŞ) > Lisān I:331 (BKHŞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:484
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-rawā l-Aşma‘ī”.
- 105] TL XIII:221 (MLZ) > Lisān XIII:175 (MLZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:338
- (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 106] TL VII:96 (SHMKH) > Takmila II:148a, Lisān VII:189 (SHMKH) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:283
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “ay ba‘ida”.
- 107] TL XII:143-144 (DLŞ) > Lisān IV:388 (DLŞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:587

- (1)...(1) Lisān gives “wa’d-dillawṣu mithla l-khinnawṣ: alladhī yadīṣū” before the verses.
- 108] TL XII:34 (RMD) > Takmila IV:75a, Lisān V:316 (RMD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:367  
 (1)...(1) In some manuscripts of TL: “Abū'l-Faraḡ”; Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “Abū Turāb ‘anhu”.
- 109] TL II:131 ('RZ) > Lisān IX:129 ('RZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:218  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 110] TL IX:215 (QWD) > Lisān XI:347 (QWD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:113  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “taqawwaḍa l-baytu wa-taqawwaza”.  
 (3) Lisān: “a-kāna”.
- 111] TL V:346 (HDD) > Lisān XV:99 (HDD)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 112] TL XIV:37 (TN') > Lisān VIII:205 (TN') > T<sup>c</sup>A I:330  
 (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 113] TL XIII:341 (MTR) > Lisān XIII:132 (MTR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:133  
 (1)...(1) and (2) Addition from some manuscripts of TL. (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān. (4) Lisān adds here another phrase.
- \* Heading from TL IV:461
- 114] TL IV:461 (HMZ) > Takmila IV:196a
- 115] TL VII:203 (ZKHR) > Lisān VI:31 (ZKHR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XI:416  
 (1) Missing from Lisān and some manuscripts of TL.
- 116] TL XIII:271 (Z'B) > Lisān VI:5 (Z'B) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:1.  
 (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 117] TL VIII:138-139 (LGHB) (in some manuscripts only)
- 118] TL VIII:441 = TL XVI:205 (ZQM) > Lisān VI:60-61 (ZQM)  
 (1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 119] TL XIII:169 (NZZ) > Lisān XIV:106 (NZZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:352  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- \* Heading from TL III:395.
- 120] TL VI:535 (SRHF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:509
- 121] TL XII:306 (SNN) > Lisān VI:402 (SNN)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “sanāsinan ka-halaqi”.
- 122] TL VIII:311 (SHDHQ) > Takmila V:88a, Lisān VII:62 (SHDHQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:492  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb”. (2)...(2) TL: “qāla Abū Ishāq”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu li's-saqr: sūdhāniqun wa-shūdhāniq”.
- 123] TL IV:118 (ĞHSH) > Lisān II:185 (ĞHSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:95  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) and (3) Written with shīn in TL and Lisān, correctly in T<sup>c</sup>A.
- 124] TL X:547-548 (ĞSHM) > Lisān II:284 (ĞSM) and II:290 (ĞSHM)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān II:290. (2) Lisān II:284: “wa-ghayrah”. (3) Missing from Lisān II:290; Lisān II:284: “yaqūlu”. (4)...(4) Lisān II:284 “tağassamtu l-amra wa-tağashshamtu”.

- 125] TL III:395 (HSHSH) > Takmila III:466b, Lisān III:189 (HSHSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:151  
 (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “bihi”.
- 126a] TL XII:422 (RSM) > Lisān V:215 (RSM)  
 (1) TL: “wa-wasama”. (2) Lisān: “idhā”.
- 126b] TL XI:363 (RSHM) > Lisān V:222 (RSHM)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “ar-rawshamu wa’r-rawsam”.
- 127] TL VI:122 (RHS) > Lisān V:340-341 (RHS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:136  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb ‘an”. (2) Lisān adds here a phrase. (3) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “wa-rtahashat”. (4) Lisān: “ba‘dūhumā”.
- 128] TL I:71 (‘SHSH) > Lisān IX:223 (‘SHSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:265  
 (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “bi’s-sīni l-muhmala”.
- 129] TL I:170 (‘SHQ) > Lisān IX:224 (‘SHQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:13  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “l-muhmala”. (3) Lisān: “li'l-kalif”.  
 (4)...(4) Lisān: “l-‘ishq”.
- 130] TL II:122 (‘MS) > Lisān IX:398 (‘MS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:284  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “‘alā”.
- 131] TL VII:86 (NKHSH) > Takmila III:516b, Lisān XIV:84 (NKHSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:408
- 132] TL VII:487 (SKHW) > Lisān VI:208 (SKHW)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “sakhā” (alif maqṣūra).
- 133] TL XII:355 (SDR)
- 134] TL I:183 (SQ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXI:347
- 135] TL IX:392 (QS quadriliteral) > Lisān VI:390 (SNDQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:468  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “sanādīqu wa-ṣanādīq”.
- 136] TL XII:166 (FRŞ)
- 137] TL XII:194 (FSL)  
 (1) In the original: “Shabbāya”.
- 138] TL XIII:360 (MLT) > ‘Ubāb/T, p. 203; Lisān XIII:179 (MLT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:124  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālū”; ‘Ubāb: “wa-qāla l-Aşma‘ī”. (2) ‘Ubāb: “wa-humā”.
- 139] TL II:388 (‘MR) > Takmila III:127a, Lisān IX:394 (‘MR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIII:142  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “wa-kadhā”.
- 140] TL II:179 (NT<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIV:186 (NT<sup>c</sup>)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “wa-ta‘ammaqa”.
- 141] TL XII:384 (SLT) > Lisān VI:319 (SLT) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:565  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 142] TL XI:298 (SHTS) > Takmila III:370b, Lisān VII:118-119 (SHTS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:168-169  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “‘an ‘Arrām”. (3) Lisān adds: “fulān”.
- 143] TL IX:413 (QD quadriliteral)
- 144] TL IX:311 (‘LQ) > Lisān I:183 (‘LQ)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

- 145] TL I:207 (D<sup>c</sup>Q)
- 146] TL IX:30 (DRQ) > Lisān IV:333 (DRQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:281  
 (1)...(1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “Abū Turāb ‘an Mudrik as-Sulamī: yuqālu”. (2) Lisān reads these words as II stem forms.
- 147] TL VII:105 (KHDR) > Takmila II:498a, Lisān IV:124 (KHDR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XI:187  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “iqtaḍḍahā”.
- 148] TL X:61-62 (KLS) > Lisān XII:140 (KLS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:448  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 149] TL XV:353 (MLL) > Lisān XIII:189 (MLL)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qāla”.
- 150] TL X:589-590 (SLĞ) > Lisān VI:321 (SLĞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:42  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb ‘an”.
- 151] TL VI:237 (HLT) > Lisān XV:113 (HLT) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:144  
 (1) Some manuscripts of TL: “Abū”. (2) Missing from Lisān and some manuscripts of TL. (3) Missing from Lisān. (4) Lisān adds: “ay”.
- 152] TL IX:208 (WQSH) > Lisān XV:367 (WQSH) and XV:368 (WQS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:454 and XVIII:206  
 (1) Lisān XV:367 and XV:368 add: “qāla”. (2) TL: “yushayya<sup>c</sup>”.
- 153] TL VII:74 (SHKHZ) > Lisān VII:50 (SHKHZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XV:176  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “qāla Abū ‘Amr: yuqālu”.
- 154] TL XI:403 (SHRY) > Lisān VII:105 (SHRY)  
 (1) Lisān adds: “qāla”.
- 155] TL VIII:206 (FGHW) (in some manuscripts of TL only)
- 156] TL XI:392 (SHT<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān VII:114 (SHT<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A I:283  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu”.
- 157] TL XI:322 (NDSH) > Takmila III:517a, Lisān XIV:91 (NDSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:409  
 (1) Lisān: “habarāti”.
- 158] TL X:279 (NKF) > Lisān XIV:286 (NKF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:439  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb”. (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 159] TL XVI:99 (GHLL) > Lisān X:109a (GHLL)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) TL: “ghussa” (TL reads all the verbs in imperative).
- 160] TL VIII:325 (NQSH) > Lisān XIV:261 (NQSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:425  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb”.
- 161] TL XV:509 (M<sup>c</sup>N)
- 162] TL XI:383 (MSHN) > Lisān XIII:117 (MSHN)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 163a] TL XII:194 (SBL)  
 (1) Missing from the printed edition of TL.
- 163b] Lisān VII:265 (S<sup>c</sup>BL)
- 164] TL XI:456 (DDD) > Lisān VIII:35 (DDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A VIII:310
- 165] TL XI:483 (MDD) > Lisān XIII:128 (MDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:63

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa-qīla”.

\* Heading from TL XI:295

166] TL XII:227 (ŞRY) > Lisān VII:338 (ŞRY)

167a] TL XI:317 (SHTB) > Takmila I:170b, Lisān VII:116 (SHTB) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:132

(1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū [sic!] l-Farağ”; T<sup>c</sup>A: “an Abī'l-Farağ”.

167b] TL XI:297 (SHSB)

168] TL II:37 (NŞ<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:367a, Lisān XIV:164 (NŞ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:259

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.

\* Heading from TL XV:573

169] TL XV:573 (F'M)

170] TL XV:573 (F'M) > Lisān X:168 (F'M)

(1) Lisān: “fa'amtu”. (2) Lisān: “ṣa'amtu”.

171] TL X:43 (NKŞ) > Lisān XIV:285 (NKŞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:190

(1)...(1) Lisān: “qāla Abū Manṣūr: nakaşa yankuşu wa-yankiṣu”. (2)...(2) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “ay ahğama”.

172] TL II:37 (NŞ<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIV:164 (NŞ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:258

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

173] TL X:138 (KLT) > Lisān XII:138 (KLT) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:65

(1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.

174] TL XII:121 (FŞŞ) > Lisān X:272 (FŞŞ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:74

(1) Lisān adds: “wa-ftaşaştuhu”. (2) Lisān adds: “wa-ntaza'tahu”.

175] TL I:141 (HR<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:385b, Lisān XV:77 (HR<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:391

(1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qāla Abū 'Amr”.

176] TL IV:222 (HBD) > Lisān III:22 (HBD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:283-284

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “al-Ḥaṣībī”, T<sup>c</sup>A: “al-Ḥuṣaybī”.

177] TL XII:70 (NWD) > Takmila IV:99b, Lisān XIV:328 (NWD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:98

(1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Sa'īd”.

178] TL VII:507 (WKHT) > Lisān XV:243 (WKHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:163

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa-qad wakhaṭahu sh-shaybu wakhṭan wawakhaḍahu bi-ma'nan wāḥidin ay khālaṭahu”.

179] TL XII:80 (FYD) > Lisān X:367 (FYD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:499

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

180] TL XI:483 (MDD) > Takmila IV:94a, Lisān XIII:129 (MDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:62-63

(1) Lisān: “banī Kilāb”. (2) Lisān: “wa-tamāşşū”. (3) Lisān: “wa-talāğğū”, T<sup>c</sup>A: “wa-fī ba'di l-uşūl: talāğğū”.

181] TL II:256 ('MD) > Lisān IX:390 ('MD) > T<sup>c</sup>A VIII:415

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.

182] TL XII:96 (DWW) > Lisān VIII:103 (DWW)

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

183] TL XI:138 (DWG) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:84

(1)...(1) In some manuscripts of TL: “Ibn al-Farağ”. (2) Missing from some manuscripts of TL. (3) In some manuscripts of TL: “māğā”.

184] TL XVI:52 (GHDD) > Lisān X:21 (GHDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A VIII:464

- (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “ay għaqiba”.
- 185] TL XVI:38 (GHDD) > Lisān X:83 (GHDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:459
- 186] TL X:354 (‘RK) > Takmila V:176a, Lisān I:123 (‘RK) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:101  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb ‘an-i l-Aṣma‘ī”. (2) Lisān: “dhālika”.
- 187] TL I:334-335 (DĞ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXI:399  
 (1) Missing from TL, but cf. Lisān VIII:21-22.
- 188] TL VI:98 (DHD) > Takmila II:273b, Lisān VIII:96 (DHD) > T<sup>c</sup>A VIII:317  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-rawā Ibn al-Farağ li-Abī Zayd”.
- 189] TL X:552 (ĞDD) > Takmila II:211b, Lisān II:291 (ĞDD) > T<sup>c</sup>A VII:502  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Missing from the printed edition of TL.
- 190] TL XIII:350 (TLF) > Lisān VIII:187 (TLF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:97  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Aṣma‘ī”.
- 191a] TL VI:181 (BHT) > Takmila IV:112b, Lisān I:521 (BHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:174  
 (1)...(1) Lisān, Takmila and some manuscripts of TL: “bahaṭanī hādhā l-amru wa-baḥażani”.
- 191b] TL VI:104 (BHD) > Takmila IV:59a, Lisān I:521 (BHD) and I:521 (BHZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVIII:250, XX:204  
 (1) Missing from Lisān I:521 (BHZ). (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān I:521 (BHD) and (BHZ). (3)...(3) Lisān I:521 (BHZ): “ahadun ‘alā dhālika”.
- 192] TL XVI:59 (GHZZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:243
- 193] TL XVI:238 (TRQ) > Lisān VIII:156 (TRQ)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “Abū Turāb”. (2) Lisān: “‘an ba‘d”.  
 (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān. (4) Lisān: “ṣ-ṣaff”.
- 194] TL VIII:44 (GHSM) > Lisān X:73 (GHSM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 195] TL XIV:14 (TWR) > Lisān VIII:217 (TWR)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu”.
- 196] TL IV:394 (HTB) > Takmila I:104b, Lisān III:223 (HTB) > T<sup>c</sup>A II:294
- 197a] TL I:492 (ST<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān VII:340 (ST<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXI:336  
 (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 197b] TL II:67 (ST<sup>c</sup>)  
 (1) Some manuscripts of TL: “misqa‘”.
- 198] TL II:184 (‘FT) > Lisān IX:289 (‘FT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:482  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu”.
- 199] TL XI:319 (MSHT) > Lisān XIII:114 (MSHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:106+107  
 (1)...(1) and (3) Missing from Lisān. (2) In the printed edition of TL: “l-khayl”.
- 200] TL IX:201 (NBQ) > Takmila V:157b, Lisān XIV:25 (NBQ) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:74  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Zā’ida wa-Khatrash”. (2) Lisān: “lil-kalām”.
- 201] TL VII:245 (TKHF) > Lisān VIII:134 (TKHF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:68
- 202] TL III:326 (‘SH quadrilateral) > Takmila IV:144b, ‘Ubāb/T, p. 104; Lisān VII:198 (SHM<sup>c</sup>T) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:426  
 (1) and (2)...(2) Missing from ‘Ubāb. (3) ‘Ubāb: “wa-shma‘aṭṭat”. (4) ‘Ubāb:

“wa-shma‘allat”.

203] TL XV:373 (NWL) > Lisān XIV:335 (NWL)

(1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qāla Abū Mihğan”. (2) Lisān adds: “ğamī‘an”.

204] TL XIV:54 (T lafīf) > Lisān VIII:231 (TWY)

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) The printed edition of TL: “bīyatika”.

205] TL XI:271 (SHZZ) > Lisān VII:123 (SHZZ) > T‘A XX:232

(1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Asma‘ī”. (2) Lisān adds: “ay tafarraqū”.

206] TL IX:102-103 (QRF) > Lisān XI:127 (QRF) > T‘A XXIV:250

(1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū ‘Amr”.

207] TL V:77 (HFL) > Takmila V:319b, Lisān III:247 (HFL)

208] TL VIII:38-39 (GHSN) > Lisān X:73 (GHSN)

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

209] TL I:268 (‘FQ) > Lisān IX:291 (‘FQ)

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “kāna yarğı‘u”. (3) and (4)...(4)

Missing from Lisān. (5)...(5) Lisān: “wa-innahu la-ya‘fiq ay yukthiru r-ruğū”.

210] TL VIII:243 (GHNDHY) > Lisān X:132 (GHNDHY)

(1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb: qāla Abū Turāb”. (2) Lisān: “la-tu‘andhī”. (3) Lisān: “la-tughandhī”. (4) Lisān: “wa-dafa‘a”. (5) Lisān: “ghandhātahā”.

211] Lisān IX:445 (‘NW)

212] TL II:333 (TH‘B) > Lisān II:98 (TH‘B) > T‘A II:89.

(1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “l-mu‘ğama”.

213a] TL VIII:229 (SHNGHF) > Takmila IV:496b, IV:508a (SHLGHF) and IV:509a, Lisān VII:213 (SHNGHF) > T‘A XXIII:528

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān, but cf. Abū Turāb no. 213b.

213b] TL VII:649 (SHLGHF) > Takmila IV:496a (SLGHF) and IV:508a (SHLKHF), Lisān VII:182 (SHLGHF) > T‘A XXIII:525, XXIII:526 (SHL‘F)

213c] Lisān VII:182 (SHLGHF) > T‘A XXIII:526 (SHLGHF)

213d] TL III:342 (‘S quadriliteral)

213e] T‘A XXIV:500 (HLGHF)

214] TL III:20 (F‘M) > Lisān X:294 (F‘M)

(1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-ḥakā l-Azharī ‘an Abī Turāb: qāla”.

215a] TL II:50-60 (M‘\$) > Takmila IV:43a, Lisān XIII:142 (M‘\$) and XIII:152 (MGH\$) > T‘A XVIII:165

(1)...(1) and (4) Missing from Lisān XIII:142 and XIII:152. (2)...(2) Lisān XIII:152: “magħaşun wa-ma‘aş”. (3)...(3) Lisān XIII:152: “magħiṣa wa-ma‘işa”. (5) Lisān XIII:152: “wa-tamaghħħasa”.

215b] TL VIII:32 (MGH\$)

216a] TL II:193-194 (M‘T) > Lisān XIII:143 (M‘T) > T‘A XX:112

(1)...(1) Lisān: “mumma‘iṭun wa-mummagħiṭ”.

216b] Takmila IV:180a (M‘T)

217a] TL I:434 (NSH‘) > T‘A XXII:254

217b] TL XVI:171-172 (NSHGH) > Lisān XIV:149 (NSHGH) > T‘A XXII:583

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “shughifa”.

- 217c] ‘Ubāb/GH, p. 82b (NSHGH)
- 218] TL III:242 (WB<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:290
- 219a] TL XV:480 (FNY) > Lisān X:339 (FNY)  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “qāla Abū Turāb: sami<sup>c</sup>tu Abā’s-Samayda<sup>c</sup> yaqūlu”.
- 219b] TL IX:317 (QNW) > Lisān XI:331-332 (QNW)  
     (1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “al-Ḥaṣībī”: (2) Lisān: “yufānūna”. (3) Lisān: “yuqānūna”. (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān.
- 220] TL I:69-70 (Ğ<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān II:298 (Ğ<sup>c</sup>) and II:308 (ĞFF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:442  
     (1)...(1) Lisān II:298 and II:308: “alā”. (2) Missing from Lisān II:298 and II:308.  
     (3)...(3) This passage comes separately in Lisān II:299. (4) Lisān II:299 and II:308: “bi'l-māshiya”.
- 221] TL III:372 (‘ quinquiliteral) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:487
- 222a] TL XII:82 (WDF) > Takmila IV:579a, Lisān XV:356 (WFD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:462  
     (1) Lisān: “awḍa<sup>c</sup>at”. (2) Lisān: “awḍafat”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “wa-awḍaftuhā fa-waḍafat wa-awfaḍtuhā fa-wafaḍat”; Takmila: “wa-awḍaftuhā fa-waḍafat mithla awḍa<sup>c</sup>tuhā fa-waḍa<sup>c</sup>at”.
- 222b] TL XII:43 (NDF) > Takmila IV:571a, Lisān XIV:181 (NDF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:418  
     (1) Lisān adds: “wa-qāla”. (2) Lisān: “al-Khaṣībī”. (3) Missing from Lisān.
- 223] TL IX:347 (QBW) > Takmila VI:490a, Lisān XI:27 (QBW)
- 224a] TL I:375 (ĞL<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila V:22a, Lisān II:330 (ĞL<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:448  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qīla”. (2) T<sup>c</sup>A: “l-ğalafa”. (3) Lisān: “l-asnān”.
- 224b] TL VIII:307 (ĞLQ)
- 224c] T<sup>c</sup>A XXV:130 (ĞLQ)
- 225] TL II:217 (DL<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān IV:389 (DL<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:563  
     (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 226] TL II:356 (FR<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān X:240 (FR<sup>c</sup>)  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa-fi l-ḥadīth”.
- 227a] TL I:450 (MSH<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIII:115 (MSH<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:201  
     (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: “yaday fulān”. (4) Missing from Lisān. (5) Lisān: “s-sayfa min ghimdihi”. (6) Lisān: “imta<sup>c</sup>adahu wa-sallahu musri<sup>c</sup>an”.
- 227b] Lisān XIII:117 (MSHQ)  
     (1) I.e. al-Azharī.
- 228] TL II:426-427 (ML<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIII:180 (ML<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:215  
     (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Azharī: wa-yuqālu”. (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 229] TL II:320 (‘DHN) > Lisān IX:112 (‘DHN)  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) So written in the printed edition of TL.
- 230] TL I:156 (KHZ<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:238b, Lisān IV:82 (KHZ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:505  
     (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “wa-khtazalahu”. (3) Lisān: “idhā”.
- 231] TL IX:411 (QD quadriliteral) > Takmila V:352a, Lisān IV:333-334 (DRQL)  
     (1) Missing from Lisān.
- 232] TL VIII:373 (SQL) > Lisān VII:378 (SQL)

- (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb ‘an-i l-Farrā”. (2) Lisān: “anta”. (3) Lisān adds: “fī”.  
 (4) Lisān adds: “l-ard”.
- 233] TL II:44 (Fṣ<sup>c</sup>)
- 234] TL I:320 (NK<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIV:285 (NK<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:285  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 235] TL I:303 (‘KZ) > Takmila IV:200a, Lisān IX:340 (‘KZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:240  
 (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 236] TL I:395 (MĞ<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XIII:32 (MĞ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:190  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “wa-tamāğā‘a r-rağulān: tamāğanā wa-tarāfathā”.
- 237] TL VI:214 (HDF) > Lisān XV:53 (HDF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:488  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) and (3) In Lisān, T<sup>c</sup>A and some manuscripts of TL with ghayn. (4) Missing from Lisān. (5)...(5) This passage comes separately in Lisān before the first part of the quote.
- 238a] TL VI:159 (ZHB) > Takmila I:153a, Lisān VI:97 (ZHB) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:29  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Azhārī ‘an-i l-Ğa‘fari”.
- 238b] TL II:150 (Z<sup>c</sup>B)  
 (1) In the original “lī”.
- 238c] Lisān VI:43 (Z<sup>c</sup>B) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:15 and III:18.
- 239] TL I:382 (N<sup>c</sup>Ğ) > Lisān XIV:199 (N<sup>c</sup>Ğ) > T<sup>c</sup>A VI:243  
 (1)...(1) and (3) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “qad”. (4)...(4) Lisān: “wa-qīla”.
- 240] TL XVI:188 (MSHGH) > Takmila IV:425a, ‘Ubāb/GH, p. 76a, Lisān XIII:115 (MSHGH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:568  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb”: (2) Lisān: “‘an ba‘d”. (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān.
- 241] TL IX:320 (NQY) > Takmila VI:526a
- 242] TL IX:467 (KMM) > Takmila VI:140b, Lisān XII:159 (KMM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “wa-kadhālika”.
- 243] Şihāh, p. 1813 (KML) > Lisān XII:158 (KML)
- 244] TL X:159 (KNZ) > Lisān XII:168 (KNZ) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:266
- 245a] TL VIII:169 (DWGH) > Takmila IV:403-404, ‘Ubāb/GH, p. 34b, Lisān IV:443 (DWGH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:471  
 (1) The word “fī” is missing from Lisān.
- 245b] TL X:332 (DWK) > Takmila V:199a-b, Lisān IV:444 (DWK) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:133  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-rāwā Abū Turāb ‘an Abī’r-Rabī‘”. (2) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “wa-huwa”.
- 246] TL VI:102 (NHD) > Lisān XIV:307 (NHD) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:102-103  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qāla Abū'l-Gahm al-Ga‘fari”. (2) Missing from Lisān and some manuscripts of TL.
- \* Heading from TL IX:425
- 247] TL IX:425 (KSHSH) > Lisān XII:100 (KSHSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:359  
 (1) TL writes these words with qāf. (2) and (4) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān adds here another phrase.

- 248] TL X:137 (KLT) > Takmila I:334b, Lisān XII:138 (KLT) > T<sup>c</sup>A V:66
- 249a] TL V:306 (HK quadriliteral) > Takmila V:317a, Lisān III:175 (HSKL)
- (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) In the printed edition of Lisān: “wa’l-ħasāqil”. (3) Lisān: “wāħiduhum”. (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān III:175 but the passage is found in Lisān VI:28 (ZHLF): “wa’z-zahālīfu wa’z-zahālīku wāħida”.
- 249b] Takmila V:205a (ZHLK) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:138
- 250] TL IV:94 (ZHK) > Lisān VI:27 (ZHK)
- (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 251] TL XV:382 (LF<sup>2</sup>) > Takmila I:48a-b, ‘Ubāb/hamza, p. 164a, Lisān XII:301 (LF<sup>2</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A I:424
- (1) Lisān, Takmila and TL: “qāla”; the correct reading comes from T<sup>c</sup>A.
- 252] TL IX:205 (FQM) > Takmila VI:115a, Lisān X:305 (FQM)
- (1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān.
- 253] TL XI:29 (ĞRL) > Lisān II:256 (ĞRL)
- (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 254] TL XIV:133 (MLD) > Lisān XIII:175 (MLD) > T<sup>c</sup>A IX:188
- (1)...(1) Lisān and T<sup>c</sup>A: “wa-qāla Shabāna al-A‘rābī”. (2) TL: “uflūdh”. (3) Lisān: “tamāman”.
- 255a] TL XV:91 (THFL) > Lisān II:108 (THFL)
- 255b] Takmila V:286 (THFL)
- 256] TL IV:428 (HFD)
- 257] TL VII:119 (KHDM) > Takmila VI:12-13, Lisān IV:131 (KHDM)
- (1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 258a] TL VIII:376 (ŞFQ) > Takmila V:100a, Lisān VII:367 (ŞFQ)
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb ‘an ba‘di l-a‘rāb”.
- 258b] TL VIII:385 (ŞMQ)
- 258c] Lisān VII:408 (ŞMQ)
- \* Heading from TL VI:380
- 259a] TL VI:380-381 (HDY) > Lisān XV:60 (HDY)
- (1) Lisān: “al-Azharī”. (2) Lisān: “wa’l-qāf”. (3) Lisān: “thumma ‘adala”. (4) Lisān: “‘alā”. (5) Lisān adds: “bi'l-kasr”. (6) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “wa-qidyataka”.
- 259b] Lisān IV:32 (KHDB)
- 259c] TL IX:246 (QDW)
- 260] TL VI:397 (TWH) > Takmila VI:337a, Lisān II:64 (TWF) and II:73 (TWH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:59
- (1)...(1) Lisān II:64 and II:73: “Abū Turāb”. (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān II:73.
- (3)...(3) Lisān II:64: “mi'l-ashyā'i”.
- 261] TL IV:30 (QHT) > Lisān XI:44 (QHT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:7-8
- 262] TL X:108 (KDR) > Lisān XII:45 (KDR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIV:25
- (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-rawā Abū Turāb ‘an Shuğā”. (2) Lisān and T<sup>c</sup>A: “l-munkhazil”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “wa-anshada: khūṣun yada‘na l-‘azaba l-kudurrā”.

- 263] TL X:45 (KŞM) > Takmila VI:138b, Lisān XII:104 (KŞM)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “wa-rawā Abū Turāb ‘an Abī Sa‘īd”.  
 (2) Lisān: “shā’ā”. (3)...(3) Lisān gives this passage earlier in the article. (4) TL: “wa”.
- 264] TL X:105 (KMZ) > Lisān XII:156 (KMZ) > T‘A XV:303  
 (1)...(1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān adds here another phrase. (4) Lisān: “wa'l-ğam”.
- 265] TL VI:6 (QMH) > Lisān XI:311 (QMH)  
 (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Missing from some manuscripts of TL.
- 266a] TL X:301 (SHKW) > ‘Ubāb/hamza, p. 116b, Lisān VII:169 (SHKW)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 266b] TL IX:210 (SHQW) > Takmila V:214-215, Lisān VII:159 (SHQW) > T‘A I:284  
 (1) Lisān adds: “wa-shuwayki'a”. (2) TL: “shuwayqīya”. (3) Lisān: “ya‘dilu”. (4) Lisān: “daffuhā”. (5) Lisān: “bi-aqtala”.
- 267a] TL I:199 ('QD) > Takmila II:292a
- 267b] Lisān IX:310-311 ('QD) > T‘A VIII:394
- 268] TL IX:59 (NQT) > Lisān XIV:252 (NQT) > T‘A V:126-127 and V:129
- 269] TL V:69 (LHF) > Lisān XII:250-251 (LHF) > T‘A XXIII:357, XXIV:237  
 (1) Lisān: “al-Khaṣībī”.
- 270] TL IX:241 (QTW) > Takmila VI:495a, Lisān XI:234 (QTW)  
 (1) Lisān: “al-Haṣībī”.
- 271] TL IV:27 (HZQ) > Lisān III:154 (HZQ) > T‘A XXV:162
- 272a] TL XII:200 (\$ML) > Lisān VII:409 (\$ML)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) The printed edition of TL reads: “ṣanqalahu”.
- 272b] Takmila V:413 (SQL)
- 273] TL I:213 ('DHQ) > Takmila V:110a+b, Lisān IX:111 ('DHQ)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Ibn al-Faraḡ”. (2) Lisān: “adhdhābatuhu”. (3) Lisān: “aqadhāna”.  
 (4) Lisān: “adhaqāna”.
- 274] TL I:133 (HZ‘) > Lisān XV:8 (HZ‘) > T‘A XXII:396  
 (1)...(1) and (3) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “aydan”.
- 275] TL VIII:337 (QMSH) > Lisān XI:175 (QSHM)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū Turāb”. (2) Lisān: “li-fulān”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “bi-ma‘nā yağma‘ūna lahu wa'llāhu a‘lam”.
- 276] TL VII:43 (KFKH) > Lisān XII:118 (KFKH) > T‘A VII:330  
 (1)...(1) and (2)...(2) Missing from Lisān but cf. Lisān XII:303 (LFKH).
- 277] TL X:8-9 (KDSH) > Lisān XII:46 (KDSH) > T‘A XVII:351  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 278] TL III:310 ('K quadrilateral) > Takmila V:503b
- 279] TL VI:496 (HWY) > Lisān XV:170 (HWY)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “l-wāḥida”. (3)...(3) Lisān: “ğam‘u l-hawwati bi-ma‘nā l-kawwa”.
- 280] TL VIII:425 (MQS) > Lisān XIII:155 (MQS) > T‘A XVI:513  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “Abū ‘Amr”. (2) Lisān: “nafsī min amri kadhā”.

- 281] TL IX:32 (DQL) > Takmila V:353b, Lisān IV:380 (DQL)  
 (1) and (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: “anfahu wa-famahu”.
- 282] TL X:505 (N̄ḠḠ) > Lisān XIV:44 (N̄ḠḠ) > T̄A VI:234  
 (1) Lisān, T̄A and some manuscripts of TL: “l-luqma”.
- 283] TL I:315 (LK̄) > Lisān XII:321 (LK̄)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) This passage comes separately in Lisān XII:322.  
 (3) Missing from Lisān. (4) TL: “wa-mra’ā”.
- 284] TL XII:240 (LWS) > Lisān XII:357 (LWS) and XIV:327 (NW\$) > T̄A XVIII:151, XVIII:195  
 (1) Missing from Lisān XII:357 and XIV:327.
- 285] TL X:623-624 (ḠZN) > Takmila VI:207a, Lisān II:278 (ḠZN)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “wa-huwa”.
- 286] TL IV:65 (HQN) > Lisān III:265 (HQN)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) In the printed edition of TL: “l-ḥalqa”. (3) Lisān: “wa'l-ḥam̄”. (4)...(4) Missing from Lisān.
- 287] TL VII:429 (KHTM)  
 288] TL XI:369 (SHLM) > Takmila VI:66a and VI:67a, Lisān VII:185 (SHLM)  
 (1) Lisān: “laqītu”. (2)...(2) Missing from the printed edition of TL.
- 289] TL II:101-102 ('SN) > Takmila VI:275b, Lisān IX:213 ('SN)
- 290] Lisān XIII:117 (MSHN) < TL XI:383 (MSHN)  
 The text of TL reads: “wa-qāla l-Kilābī: imtashantu n-nāqata wa-mtashaltuhā idhā ḥalabtahā”.
- 291] TL IX:378 (ḠQ quadrilateral) > Takmila V:21b, Lisān XIII:32 (M̄GLQ) and XIII:33 (M̄GNQ) > T̄A<sup>2</sup> 7:66  
 (1)...(1) Lisān XIII:33: “manḡalīq”. (2) Lisān: XIII:32: “manḡalīq”.
- 292] TL XV:571 (NWN) > Lisān XIV:341 (NWN)
- 293] TL VII:393 (LKHF) > Takmila IV:518b, Lisān XII:261 (LKHF) > T̄A XXIV:360  
 (1)...(1) and (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān. (2) TL: “wa'l-ḥazīra”.
- 294] TL VII:515 (KHTW) > Lisān IV:27 (KHTW)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-yuqālu”. (2) Missing from Lisān and some manuscripts of TL.
- 295] Lisān VI:71 (ZLQ) > T̄A XXV:415
- 296] TL IX:341 (FWQ) > Takmila V:142a, Lisān X:355 (FWQ) > T̄A<sup>2</sup> 7:55  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 297] TL IV:444 (NTH) > Lisān XIII:13 (MTH) and XIV:33 (NTH) > T̄A VII:164  
 (1) Lisān XIV:33 and T̄A: “Ayyūb”.
- 298] TL XV:72 (MTHTH) > Takmila I:387a and I:390b, Lisān XIII:20 (MTHTH) > T̄A V:356
- 299] TL VII:182 (NSKH) > Lisān XIV:121 (NSKH) > T̄A VII:356  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 300] Lisān XIII:117 (MSHL) and XIV:151 (NSHL)
- 301] TL IV:214 (NDH) > Lisān XIV:175 (NDH) > T̄A VII:184

- (1) Lisān: “anqāħtuhu”. (2)...(2) This passage is given earlier in the article of Lisān. (3) Missing from Lisān.
- 302] TL XIII:346 (NTL) > Lisān XIV:190 (NTL)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) This passage comes separately in Lisān.
- 303] TL XIII:227 (BZN) > Takmila VI:192b, Lisān I:402 (BZN)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: ‘Abū ‘Amr’. (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) Lisān: “in lam taliṭnī bihim ḥaqqañ ataytukumū / ḥuwwan wa-kumtan ta‘ādā ka’s-sarāḥīnī // min kulli ḡardā’ qad ṭarat ‘aqīqatuhā / wa-kullu aġrada mustarkhī l-abāzīnī”.
- 304] TL X:537-538 (GNSH) > Lisān II:384 (GNSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:113  
 (1)...(1) Lisān and T<sup>c</sup>A: “Abūl-Faraġ: as-Sulamī”. (2) Lisān: “l-qawma”.
- 305] TL III:439-440 (HLM) > Lisān III:307 (HLM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “al-hullān”.
- 306] TL XIV:82 (DMM) > Takmila VI:26a, Lisān IV:410 (DMM)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 307] TL XII:379 (DMS) > Lisān IV:403 (DMS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:90  
 (1)...(1) This passage comes separately earlier in the article of Lisān. (2) and (3)...(3) Missing from Lisān. (4) Some manuscripts of TL: “Turāb”.
- 308] TL II:336 (THM) > Lisān IX:49 (THM)
- 309] TL I:294 (QM<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XI:305 (QM<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:91  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān adds: “idhā”.
- 310a] TL XIV:119 (MRD) > Lisān XIII:71 (MRD) > T<sup>c</sup>A IX:165  
 (1) TL, Lisān and T<sup>c</sup>A: “al-Khaṣībi”, but the correction is obvious. (2) TL: “wa-haddadahu”.
- 310b] TL XIII: (MRT) > ‘Ubāb/T, p. 192; Lisān XIII:83 (MRT) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:102  
 (1) ‘Ubāb: “wa-qāla”. (2)...(2) ‘Ubāb: “yuqālu”.
- 311a] Lisān XV:73 (HRR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:425
- 311b] Ṣiħāħ, p. 854 (HRR) > Muzhir I:169.
- 312] TL VI:115 (TMS) > Takmila III:381b, Lisān VIII:201 (TMS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:218  
 (1) Lisān: “a‘rābīyan”. (2) Lisān: “wa-qāla”. (3) Missing from Lisān.
- 313] TL XI:383 (NMSH) > Lisān XIV:292 (NMSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:429  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 314] TL XIII:26 (TMS) > Lisān VIII:201 (TMS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:215  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 315] TL XIV:59 (T quadriliteral) > Lisān VIII:204 (TMM)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL add: “l-Awdī”. (3) Lisān: “l-ħamsi”.
- 316] TL VI:369 (HZ<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XV:84 (HZ<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A I:510  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Asma‘ī wa-ghayruhu”.
- 317] TL VIII:217-218 (MGHW) > Lisān XV:353 (WGHM)  
 (1) Lisān writes “bāl-Haythamī”. (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 318] TL I:319 (KN<sup>c</sup>) > Lisān XII:169 (KN<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:140  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

- 319] TL XI:377 (FNSH) > Lisān X:334 (FNSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:319  
 (1) In the printed edition of TL: “l-‘absīyīn”.
- 320] TL VI:410 (YHR) > Takmila III:227b, Lisān XV:177 (YHR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:478  
 (1) and (2) Missing from Lisān.
- 321] TL XI:391 (SHYT) > Takmila IV:145a, ‘Ubāb/T, p. 106; Lisān VII:256 (SHYT)  
 > T<sup>c</sup>A XIX:435  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān; ‘Ubāb: “wa-qāla”.
- 322] TL X:178 (KTHR) > Takmila III:183a, Lisān XII:38 (KTHR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:17  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2)...(2) Lisān: “al-kaytharu bi-ma‘nā l-kathīr”. (3) Lisān adds: “fa'l-kaytharu wa'l-kawtharu wāhid”.
- 323] TL I:196 (QT<sup>c</sup>) > Takmila IV:330b, Lisān XI:228 (QT<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXII:37  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 324a] TL III:262-263 (‘ quadrilateral)  
 (1)...(1) > Takmila IV:227a-b, Lisān II:189 (ĞHLNG<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:411-412. (2) Lisān II:189: “wa-katabahu”. (3) Lisān II:189: “wa-ṭamḥatu”. (4)...(4) > Lisān II:98 (TH‘ĞH). (5) Lisān II:98: “‘Urwa”. (6) The printed edition of TL: ““TH‘HNĞR”. (7) Lisān II:98: “sāla”. (8) Lisān II:98: “ḥanānan”. (9)...(9) > Takmila IV:244a, Lisān IV:239 (KHHF<sup>c</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:536. (10)...(10) Lisān IV:239: “ḥakā l-Azharī ‘an Abī Turāb qāla”. (11) Lisān IV:239 adds: “yuqālu”. (12) Lisān IV:239 adds: “qāla”.
- 324b] TL XII:83 (DYB) > Takmila I:187-188, Lisān VIII:104 (DYB) > T<sup>c</sup>A III:226  
 (1)...(1) Lisān and some manuscripts of TL: “Abū'l-Farağ”. (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) TL: “ka-ṣībi”. (4) TL: “wa-ṣībuḥu”.
- 324c] TL I:34-35 (Preface) > al-Qiftī, Inbāh I:146-147, Lisān II:100 (TH<sup>cc</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XX:408
- 325] TL XV:355 (FLN) > Lisān X:328 (FLN)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “wa-qāla l-Asma‘ī fīmā rawāhu ‘anhu Abū Turāb”.
- 326] TL X:112 (DRK) > T<sup>c</sup>A<sup>2</sup> 7:127  
 (1) In the original: “al-Akhtāl”.
- 327] TL I:317 (‘NK) > Lisān IX:436 (‘NK)  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “qāla Abū Turāb”.
- 328] TL VI:537 (H quinquilateral) > Takmila III:417a, Lisān XI:333 (QHBLS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:415  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 329] TL IX:207 (QSHW) > Lisān XI:176 (QSHW)  
 (1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “fa-yubā‘u”.
- 330] TL IX:407 (QT quadrilateral) > Takmila I:238b, Lisān XI:115 (QRṬB) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:27.  
 (1)...(1) Lisān: “al-qurṭubā: as-sayf. qālahu Abū Turāb. wa-sayfun ma‘rūf. wa-anshada”. (2) Takmila and Lisān: “ballat”. (3) TL: “bi-qā‘imatin”.
- 331] TL XI:248 (Ğ quadrilateral) > Lisān VI:90 (ZNĞL)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.
- 332] TL XII:201 (MŞL) > Lisān XIII:126 (MŞL)  
 (1)...(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “Salīm”; in some manuscripts of TL:

“Salmān”. (3) Some manuscripts of TL: “faṣala”.

333] TL XII:308 (NSS) > Lisān XIV:123 (NSS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVI:553

(1) Some manuscripts of TL: “nasās”. (2) Missing from Lisān. (3)...(3) This passage comes separately earlier in the article of Lisān. (4) TL: “nakīthatihī”.

334] Ṣīḥāh, p. 1343 (HRSHF) > Lisān III:125 (HRSHF) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXIII:127

(1) Missing from Lisān. (2) Lisān: “manqūl”. (3) Lisān: “masmū‘”.

335] TL IX:354 (WQB) > Lisān XV:361 (WQB) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:357

336] TL I:78 (Ş<sup>CC</sup>) > Lisān VII:347 (Ş<sup>CC</sup>) > T<sup>c</sup>A XXI:337

(1)...(1) Missing from Lisān.

337] TL IV:23 (HQ\$) > Takmila III:538a, Lisān III:255 (HQ\$) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:530

338] TL VI:537 (H quinquilateral) > Takmila V:550a-b, Lisān XV:17 (HBRKL)

(1)...(1) Lisān: “at-Tahdhīb fī l-khumāsī: Abū Turāb”. (2) Missing from Lisān. (3) Lisān: “wa-anshadat”. (4) Lisān: “Buhlūl”.

339] Ṣīḥāh, p. 1938 (RNM) > Lisān V:334 (RNM)

(1) Lisān adds here: “shiryānatun turzimu min ‘untūtihā”. 2) Lisān: “l-qaws”.

340] TL V:386-387 (GHG triliteral) > Lisān X:138 (GHHQ)

(1) Lisān: “rawā”.

341] Lisān XV:293 (WSS) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:13

342] Lisān V:314 (RMSH) > Takmila III:482b, TL XI:363 (RMSH) > T<sup>c</sup>A XVII:223

(1)...(1) TL: “ghayruhu”, i.e. ghayru l-Layth.

343] TL II:366 (‘RB) > Yāqūt, Mu‘ğam al-buldān III:634 (s.v. ‘araba), Takmila I:207a, Lisān IX:114 > T<sup>c</sup>A III:344

(1) Yāqūt adds: “Abū Turāb”. (2) Yāqūt: “bāḡa” (cf. also Ibn ‘Abbād, al-Muhibb II: 100: “ba’ḡatuhum”). (3) Lisān and Yāqūt: “fīhā”. (4) Yāqūt adds: “wa-huwa Abū Ṭālib ibn ‘Abdalmuṭṭalib ‘ammu n-Nabi šl‘m”. (5) Yāqūt: “lā”. (6)...(6) Yāqūt: “kamā fa‘ala ākhar: wa-mā kullu mutbā‘in wa-law salfu ṣafqīhi. arāda: salafu”. (7) Yāqūt: “fa-natağat”. (8)...(8) and (9)...(9) Missing from Lisān.

344] TL III:300 (‘Q quadrilateral) > Lisān IX:435 (‘NQR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XIII:153

(1) Lisān adds: “qāla”.

345] TL I:128 (‘HG) > Lisān IX:448 (‘HG)

(1)...(1) Lisān: “al-Asma‘ī”. (2) Lisān: “al-‘amhaḡ”. (3) Lisān: “aṭ-ṭawīl”.

346] Takmila I:284a (WZB) > T<sup>c</sup>A IV:350 (WZB)

(1) T<sup>c</sup>A adds: “al-‘Iğlī”. (2)...(2) Missing from T<sup>c</sup>A.

347] TL IV:30 (QHD) > Lisān XI:42 (QHD)

(1) Missing from Lisān.

348a] Takmila III:242b (YHR)

348b] T<sup>c</sup>A XIV:478b (YHR)

349] TL IV:110 (HBK) > Lisān III:27 (HBK)

350] TL XI:295 (SHSR) > Lisān VII:112 (SHSR) > T<sup>c</sup>A XII:168

(1) TL: “li-Abī”.

351] TL XIV:57 (TRBL) > Lisān VIII:137 (TRBL)

(1)...() Missing from Lisān. (2) TL: “Muḥakkam”. (3) Lisān: “sa’altu”.

- 352] TL I:26 (Preface)
- 353] TL I:32 and I:33 (Preface) > al-Qiftī, Inbāh I:144
- 354] TL I:33 (Preface) > al-Qiftī, Inbāh I:144
- 355] TL I:34 (Preface) > al-Qiftī, Inbāh I:145
- (1) Referring to al-Bushtī.
- 356] al-Fihrist, p. 124 (= ed. Flügel I:84)
- (1) In the original: “Abū Tawwāb”.
- 357] al-Qiftī, Inbāh IV:102-103

## Indices to K. al-*I*<sup>c</sup>*tiqāb*

### 1. Index of *ibdāl* pairs in K. al-*I*<sup>c</sup>*tiqāb*

The following Index contains all the pairs that can be interpreted as *ibdāl*s irrespective of whether they have been discussed as *ibdāl*s by Abū Turāb or not. When several forms of one root are given in the fragments, only one is given in the index (also in the case of reduplicated or otherwise enlarged roots, e.g. *balal*—*talal*; not *balābil*—*talātil*). Words which are found in different fragments are not included in the index even when they form *ibdāl* pairs. A separate index (2.) list some words which are not *ibdāl*s but which are discussed more than in passing in the fragments of K. al-*I*<sup>c</sup>*tiqāb*.

#### Ibdāls of hamza

—T	ḥala'tu—ḥalattu	1		
—‘	dha'ata—dha‘ata	2	kaththa'a—kaththa‘a	3
—GH	ṣu'āb—ṣughāb	4		
—M	za'ağā—zamaağā	5		
—W	maṭa'a—maṭā	6a	aḥina—waḥina	7
alif—Y	duwāka—dawīka	8		
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	bāḥa—sāḥa	25a		
B—SH	binziyān—shinziyān	17		
B—Ş	shaşā'ib—shaşā'iş	167b		
B—T̄	ghabash—ghaṭash	18a, b		
B—‘	bulāla—‘ulāla	19		
B—F	bannasha—fannasha	20	ğa‘aba—ğa‘afa	21

	shāsib—shāsif	22	şaṭaba—şaṭafa	23
B—Q	bāḥa—qāḥa	24	lāzib—läziq	24
	nabītha—naqītha	24		
B—L	baḥt—laḥt	25a, b	haḍaba—haḍala	26
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B—N	kubū‘—kunū‘	36	başīş—naşīş	12a
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Ğ—D	irti‘āğ—irti‘ad	54		
Ğ—Z	haġri‘—hazri‘	55		
Ğ—SH	irti‘āğ—irti‘āsh	54		
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Ğ—‘	ġibs—‘ibs	56		
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### 3. Index of linguistic authorities in K. al-*I‘tiqāb*

#### 3a. Philologists

In the following the philologists are given in decreasing order of importance to Abū Turāb (i.e. on the basis of the number of quotes in the fragments of K. al-*I‘tiqāb*). In brackets after the name is the total number of references in K. al-*I‘tiqāb* (two or more sub-numbers are counted as one, e.g. al-Asma‘ī in 10a and 10c). When it is not obvious whether a passage belongs to K. al-*I‘tiqāb* or not, the respective number is given in brackets. The names of the philologists are given in the form in which they are found in the fragments. Short biographies of the philologists who were active in Iran are given in the notes.

al-Asma‘ī (51)<sup>522</sup>: 3, 10a, 10c, 11, 21, 22, 23, 27, 39, 40, 41, 48, 57, 63, 65, 79, 83, 86, 89, 91, 94, 96, 104a, 104b, 112, 115, 116, 138, 145, 147, 148, 153, 158, 165, 172, 182, 183, 185, 190, 193, 194, 205, 217a, 217b, 237, 238b, 266a, 266b, 274, 292, 316, 318, 325, 327, 345.

Abū Sa‘īd ad-Darīr al-Baghdādī (22)<sup>523</sup>: 6d, 38, 40, 53a, 53b, 54, 59, 61, 66, 69, 99, 112, 167b, 177, 215a, 215b, (251), 263, 265, 271, 299, 309, 326, 329.

Abū ‘Amr ash-Shaybānī (20)<sup>524</sup>: 66, 68, 69, 94, 98, 118, 122, 145, 175, 176, 192,

<sup>522</sup> D. 213/828 (GAS VIII:71). See also above.

<sup>523</sup> Ahmād ibn Khālid Abū Sa‘īd ad-Darīr (also al-Makfūf) al-Baghdādī, d. 282/895 (GAS VIII:167-168). Abū Turāb's most influential teacher. He studied in Baghdād under Abū ‘Amr ash-Shaybānī (d. 205/820 or soon after) and Ibn al-A‘rābī (d. 231/846) among others (note also the prominent place of these two scholars in K. al-*I‘tiqāb*). Abū Sa‘īd was among the famous scholars about whom there is a frequently repeated story (e.g. Yāqūt, Irshād I:122-123) according to which ‘Abdallāh ibn Tāhir asked the Caliph al-Ma’mūn to allow them to follow him to Nishapur in 217. — According to many sources, e.g. Irshād, loc. cit., Abū Sa‘īd was 104 (lunar) years old when he died in 282 (cf. also GAS II:91). Thus he would have been 39 when he accompanied Ibn Tāhir to Khurāsān. Note that according to TL I:24 he is said to have come to Nishapur at the request of Tāhir ibn ‘Abdallāh (ibn Tāhir) (reigned 230-248/845-862).

In Khurāsān Abū Sa‘īd became very influential (cf. Irshād I:122 l. 3-5 and at-Tibrīzī, Sharḥ Dīwān al-Ḥamāsa I:3-4 where he is seen as an arbiter elegantiae together with Abū'l-‘Amaythal), and had among his students Ibn Qutayba (d. 276/889) and Shamir ibn Hamdawayhi (d. 255/869). Yet Ibn al-A‘rābī is told to have been less than satisfied with his former student: according to Irshād I:119 he refused to acknowledge any other texts than the Dīwāns of al-‘Aḡġāġ and Ru’ba given by Abū Sa‘īd on his authority.

In Khurāsān Abū Sa‘īd profited partly from the same eloquent Bedouins as Abū Turāb as can be seen from the quotes in TL (see also Irshād I:118 and I:119, where ‘Arrām and Abū'l-‘Amaythal are mentioned, too). This material probably went into his now lost an-Nawādir (GAS VIII:168 < Irshād I:118) but the Abū Sa‘īd quotes in TL come, according to al-Azharī himself, TL I:24, from autographs of the works of Shamir.

<sup>524</sup> D. 205/820 or soon after (GAS VIII:121). The Abū ‘Amr quoted in K. al-*I‘tiqāb* is without doubt always ash-Shaybānī, not ibn al-‘Alā’, though his gentilicium is given only in no. 303; ash-Shaybānī is an authority who is often quoted in the field of ibdāl, while ibn al-‘Alā’ is very rarely quoted. Moreover,

- 206, 217b, 239, 278, 280, 292, 303, 306, 334.
- Ibn al-A‘rābī (13)<sup>525</sup>: 55, 113, 121, 123, 127, 158, (166), 169, 179, (249b), (265), 286, 347.
- al-Farrā’ (9)<sup>526</sup>: 31, 125, 135, 151, 186, 188, 232, 276, 299.
- Abū Zayd (9)<sup>527</sup>: 2, 63, 143, 182, 187, 216a, 259a, 276, 307.
- al-Khalil (7)<sup>528</sup>: 64c, 109, 128, 136, 199, 212, 243.
- Abū'l-Hasan al-Lihyānī (7)<sup>529</sup>: 9, 40, 50, (139), 151, 165, 197a, 197b.
- an-Naḍr ibn Shumayl (5)<sup>530</sup>: 35, 55, 68, 134, 340.
- Shamir (ibn Ḥamdayhi) (5)<sup>531</sup>: 5, 39, 112, 271, 324a.
- al-Kisā‘ī (4)<sup>532</sup>: 1, 118, 163a, 163b, 294.
- Abū ‘Ubayda (3)<sup>533</sup>: (32), 133, 144.
- Abū'l-‘Amaythal (2)<sup>534</sup>: 32, 268.
- Abū'l-Wāzī‘ (2)<sup>535</sup>: 157, 336.

in one case, viz. no. 122 parallel evidence shows that the Abū ‘Amr who is quoted is ash-Shaybānī (cf. my notes to no. 122 — though here, too, in one source the two Abū ‘Amrs are confused). Al-Bushtī, cf. Abū Turāb no. 354, says that Abū Turāb quoted Abū ‘Amr ibn al-‘Alā’ in his book without being his direct student. This is probably a simple mistake; the two Abū ‘Amrs are often confused in philological literature.

525 D. 231/846 (GAS VIII:127).

526 D. 207/822 (GAS VIII:123).

527 D. 215/830 (GAS VIII:76).

528 Al-Khalil ibn Ahmad, d. between 160/777 and 175/791 (GAS VIII:52).

529 Date of death unknown but probably after 207/822 (cf. Bauer, Pflanzenbuch, p. 183).

530 D. 203/819 or 204/820 (Irshād VII:222, al-Marzubānī, Muqtābas, p. 99; GAS VIII:58-59). An-Naḍr was born in Marv in 122/740 (GAS VIII:58). He moved to Basra early where he heard among others al-Khalil, Abū Khayra al-A‘rābī and Abū'l-Duqaysh (TL I:12). Later he returned to Marv where he acted as a qādī (Irshād VII:219) and, according to a story told, e.g. in az-Zağgāğı, Mağālis, p. 197f., az-Zubaydī, Tabaqāt, p. 55ff. and Irshād VII:219, met the Caliph al-Ma'mūn there. He died in Marv.

An-Naḍr's main work was the now lost K. aş-Şifāt. In TL the quotes of an-Naḍr, except those dealing with the gharīb al-hadīth, come via Shamir ibn Ḥamdayhi who read them with the qādī of Herat, Ahmad ibn al-Ḥarīsh in the time of the Tāhirids (TL I:17-18).

531 D. 255/869 (GAS VIII:190-191). Shamir was born in Herat. He studied in Iraq under Abū Naṣr, Ibn al-A‘rābī and others. After returning to Khurāsān he is said to have studied under the students of an-Naḍr and al-Layth (TL I:25).

532 D. 189/805 (GAS VIII:117).

533 D. between 207/822 and 213/828 (GAS VIII:68).

534 ‘Abdallāh ibn Khulayd (or Khālid, Ibn al-Qiftī, Inbāh IV:149) Abū'l-‘Amaythal, d. 240/854 (GAS VIII:189-190), had his origin in Rayy (Inbāh IV:149; aş-Şafadī, al-Wāfi XVII:160). He was later one of the “fuṣahā’ al-a‘rāb” and very influential in the Tāhirid court (Irshād I:119), where he seems to have been highly valued and where he achieved fame as a poet; according to aş-Şūlī (quoted in aş-Şafadī, al-Wāfi XVII:161) his dīwān contained 500 folia. He was also the tutor of the sons of ‘Abdallāh ibn Tāhir (Inbāh IV:149). Stories about him as a poet and littérateur are found in many sources, cf. e.g. Fihrist, p. 72-73; aş-Şafadī, al-Wāfi XVII:160-161; at-Tibrīzī, Sharḥ Dīwān al-Ḥamāsa I:3; Aghānī XV:106; al-Mubarrad, al-Kāmil I:363; Ibn abī Tāhir, K. Baghdād I:306-307; Ibn al-Mu‘tazz, Tabaqāt, p. 287-288; Khizānat al-adab V:62; Tārīkh al-Umāt XII:372a-b (as a linguistic authority). Abū'l-‘Amaythal's only extant work is the short al-Kitāb al-ma’thūr (= K. Mā ittafaqa lafzuhu wa’khtalafa ma’nahu (ed. Krenkow, London 1925)).

535 Muḥammad ibn ‘Abdalkhāliq Abū'l-Wāzī‘ al-Khurāsānī is a very little known person. His life is mainly known from the short passage in the Introduction of TL (I:33 = Abū Turāb no. 353 > GAS VIII:190 and Wild, K. al-‘Ain, p. 18 note 51). He was one of the fuṣahā’ al-a‘rāb in the court of ‘Abdallāh ibn Tāhir (d. 230/844), and his main work was the now lost Nawādir al-a‘arāb (thus in TL

- al-Mu'arriq (2)<sup>536</sup>: 168, 285.  
 Abū Muḥallim (1)<sup>537</sup>: 351.  
 Abū Khayra (1)<sup>538</sup>: 53a, 53b.  
 al-Yazīdī (1)<sup>539</sup>: 64a, 64c.  
 Abū Naṣr (1)<sup>540</sup>: 65.  
 al-Mufaddal (1)<sup>541</sup>: 43a, 43b.  
 Abū Mālik (1)<sup>542</sup>: 307.  
 Nuṣayr (1)<sup>543</sup>: 225.

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I:33, but usually cited as Nawādir al-a'rāb) which seems to have been one of Abū Turāb's sources. The Bedouins quoted by Abū'l-Wāzīc (as we know from the quotes in TL) are largely the same as those quoted by Abū Turāb, which makes it impossible to estimate the importance of Nawādir al-a'rāb as a source of K. al-I'tiqāb. Abū'l-Wāzīc was also a source of al-Khārzanğī (cf. TL I:33 and, e.g., Ibn 'Abbād, K. al-Muhiṭ II:38 twice).

<sup>536</sup> Abū Fayd Mu'arriq ibn 'Amr as-Sadūsī al-'Iğlī (GAS VIII:60-61) had a Bedouin background. He studied in Iraq under Abū 'Amr ibn al-'Alā', al-Khalīl and Abū Zayd. Later he was active in Marv, from where he moved to Nishapur. According to most biographers he died in 195/810 (Abū'l-Tayyib, Marātib, p. 109; az-Zubaydī, Tabaqāt, p. 75; Fihrist, p. 71) but as-Suyūtī adds in Muzhir II:463: "wa-qila: 'āsha ilā ba'di l-mi'atayn". In Ta'rīkh Baghdād XIII:258 we are told that he came to Baghdād with al-Ma'mūn which would imply that he was still alive in 204/819. On the other hand, Irshād VII:193 says that he accompanied al-Ma'mūn to Khurāsān, settled first in Marv and then moved to Nishapur and stayed there. It is possible that this report has later been corrupted making him accompany al-Ma'mūn not from Baghdād but to Baghdād. Of his students one may mention an-Naḍr ibn Shumayl. According to Fihrist, p. 69, Abū Muḥallim (d. 861) met him, which may be correct if we assume that Abū Muḥallim died at a ripe old age.

<sup>537</sup> Muḥammad ibn Sa'd (or Hishām) Abū Muḥallim as-Sa'dī, d. 248/861 (GAS VIII:42) was a Bedouin who was born, according to an autograph of Ibn as-Sikkīt seen by an-Nadīm (Fihrist, p. 69), in Fārs (Bughya I:257-258: al-Ahwāz). All sources refer to him as a poet (e.g. Fihrist, p. 69; for his poems and stories about him, see also al-'Askarī, al-Maṣūn, p. 42, 96-97, 176, 198; al-Mubarrad, al-Kāmil I:363 etc.). He travelled widely (Bughya I:257-258) and later became one of the teachers of Thā'lab. The year of his death is usually given as 248/862 (e.g. Fihrist, p. 69) but according to some (see Bughya I:258; as-Şafadī, al-Wāft V:167) he had already died in 245. This date cannot, however, be correct if the story (given, e.g. in Bughya, loc. cit.) about him and the *Caliph* al-Ma'mūn (reigned 861-862) is true.

<sup>538</sup> Nahshal ibn Zayd Abū Khayra (GAS VIII:28) is a very little known person. He had a Bedouin background before he changed to urban life (the reading of Fihrist, p. 68, "dakhala l-Ḥīra" is naturally an error and we should read with Bughya II:317 and Irshād VII:222 "dakhala l-haḍra"). Az-Zağğagī mentions him together with Abū 'Amr ibn al-'Alā' (Mağālis, p. 5-6) and Ru'bā (p. 7) which dates him to the mid-8th century. TL I:12 gives him together with al-Khalīl and Abū'd-Duqaysh as a teacher of an-Naḍr ibn Shumayl. His K. aş-Şifāt was used by al-Khārzanğī in his at-Takmila (see the Preface of at-Takmila quoted in TL I:33).

<sup>539</sup> Probably Yaḥyā ibn al-Mubārak al-Yazīdī (d. 202/818; GAS IX:63-64).

<sup>540</sup> Abū Naṣr Aḥmad ibn Ḥātim al-Bāhilī d. 231/846 (GAS VIII:88-89).

<sup>541</sup> Probably al-Mufaddal ad-Dabbī d. 170/786 (GAS VIII:115-116).

<sup>542</sup> Possibly Abū Mālik 'Amr ibn Kirkira al-A'rābī d. in the early 9th century (GAS VIII:37-38).

<sup>543</sup> Abū'l-Mundhir Nuṣayr ibn Yūsuf ar-Rāzī an-Nahwī is a very little known philologist who studied under al-Kisā'ī and met al-Asma'ī and Abū Zayd (TL I:22 > Inbāh III:347, Bughya II:316, GAS VIII:189). His works were further taught in Herat by Abū'l-Haytham ar-Rāzī (loc. cit.).

### *3b. Bedouin informants of Abū Turāb*

This section includes the “eloquent Bedouins” of the Tāhirid court, some of whom were also independent philologists in their own right, writing (or dictating?) their works and using other Bedouins as their authorities; thus, e.g. ‘Arrām uses Shuğā‘ as his informant in TL III:264<sup>544</sup> = Takmila IV:24 = T‘A XVIII:446a. The Bedouins are organized according to their tribe. References to the list of Bedouin authorities of al-Azharī in GAS VIII:48-49 are not given separately as the list of Sezgin does not provide any information about them.

#### Banū Sulaym

‘Arrām as-Sulamī (18)<sup>545</sup>: 8, 37, 48, 106, 126a, 126b, 142, 198, 229, 250, 252, 257, 260, 264, 267a, 273, 298, 305, 312.  
Shuğā‘ as-Sulamī (10)<sup>546</sup>: 25a, 25b<sup>547</sup>, 58, 76, 88, 127, 155, 232, 262, 283, 301.  
Wāqi‘ as-Sulamī (5)<sup>548</sup>: 151, 214, 234, 298, 313.  
Mubtakir as-Sulamī (5)<sup>549</sup>: 52, 115, 152, 281, 335.  
Abū'l-Miqdām as-Sulamī (3): 16a, 16b, 16d<sup>550</sup>, 24, 72.  
(al)-Huṣayn as-Sulamī (2): 204, 208.  
‘Uqba as-Sulamī (2): 237, 277.  
Mudrik as-Sulamī (1)<sup>551</sup>: 146.  
as-Sulamī (11): 20, 154, 159, 171, 258b, 272a, 288, 293, 296, 304, 320.  
a Sulamī (ba‘d/a‘rābī min banī Sulaym) (6): 92, 114, 161, 207, 235, 255a, 255b.

#### Banū Bakr

Zā’ida al-Bakrī (6)<sup>552</sup>: 19, 49, 75, 164, 200, 213a, 213d, 213e.

<sup>544</sup> In the printed edition erroneously ‘Awwām. Note also that Shuğā‘ is here referred to as Sh. al-Kilābī, which is probably an error for Sh. as-Sulamī.

<sup>545</sup> ‘Arrām ibn al-Asbagh as-Sulamī (Irshād III:4; Inbāh IV:122; Wild, Das Kitāb al-‘Ain, p. 19 note 62; GAS VIII:48) was one of the udabā‘ al-a‘rāb who followed ‘Abdallāh ibn Tāhir to Nishapur (Irshād I:119). He is fairly often quoted in geographical works (see Reitemeyer, Islam 20, 1932, p. 247-254). — Wild’s note (Das Kitāb al-‘Ain, p. 71) »Da, soweit ich sehe, weder aq-Darīr noch a. Lailā, ‘Arrām oder Zā’ida, die öfter in unseren Rezensionen des Kitāb-al-‘Ain auftauchen, je im Tahdīb zitiert werden ...» is bewildering; all these authorities except Abū Laylā are very often mentioned in TL.

<sup>546</sup> Wild, Das Kitāb al-‘Ain, p. 18 note 54 “nicht identifizierbar”.

<sup>547</sup> Only “as-Sulamī” but the identification is certain on the basis of 25a.

<sup>548</sup> To these five we should perhaps add no. 87 where an otherwise unknown Rāfi‘ is quoted. It probably would not be too far-fetched to take this as a taṣḥīf for Wāqi‘.

<sup>549</sup> Mubtakir as-Sulamī (no. 281), Mubtakir al-Ğa‘farī (no. 51) and Mubtakir al-Kilābī (no. 113) are each quoted once. In addition we find Mubtakir three times, without a gentilicium, (no. 52, 115, 152) and once Mubtakir al-A‘rābī (no. 335). These Bedouins are otherwise unknown and the four Mubtakir quotes (no. 52, 115, 152, 335) are here given rather randomly sub Mubtakir as-Sulamī.

<sup>550</sup> Only “as-Sulamī” but the identification is certain on the basis of 16a and 16b.

<sup>551</sup> See below, sub Mudrik al-Ğa‘farī.

Abū'r-Rabī<sup>c</sup> al-Bakrī<sup>553</sup> (2)<sup>554</sup>: 220, 245b.  
al-Bakrī (1): 283.

### Banū Ġa'far

Abū's-Samayda<sup>c</sup> (10)<sup>555</sup>: 9, 51, 64a, 64c, 83, 90, 93, 117, 140, 170, 219a.  
Mudrik ibn Ghazwān al-Ġa'farī (8): 49, 51, 58, 102, 218, 275, 310b, 337.  
brother of Mudrik ibn Ghazwān al-Ġa'farī (1): 49.  
Abū'l-Ġahm al-Ġa'farī (3): 60, 246, 317.  
Mubtakir al-Ġa'farī (1)<sup>556</sup>: 51.  
al-Ġa'farī (3): 131, 223, 238a.  
Ġa'farīs (1): 320.

### Banū Ḥuṣayn

Khalīfa al-Ḥuṣaynī (9): 67, 130, 222a, 222b<sup>557</sup>, 224a, 227a, 230, 279, 301, 341.  
Abū Khalīfa al-Ḥuṣaynī (1)<sup>558</sup>: 84.  
al-Ḥuṣaynī (8): 141, 166, 176, 219b, 241, 269, 270, 310a.

### Banū Qays

Zā'ida al-Qaysī (1)<sup>559</sup>: 257.  
Ḩatrash al-A'rābī<sup>560</sup> (5): 155, 174, 200, 233, 253.  
a Qaysī, Qaysīs<sup>561</sup> (11): 63, 150, 202, 213a, 213b, 213c, 236, 238b, 247, 253, 292,  
308, 319<sup>562</sup>.

<sup>552</sup> Cf. GAS VIII:40-41 and Wild, Das Kitāb al-‘Ain, p. 19 note 60. Zā'ida al-Bakrī is quoted three times (no. 49, 200, 213a, 213d, 213e), Zā'ida, without a gentilicium, also three times (no. 19, 75, 164), and Zā'ida al-Qaysī once (no. 257).

<sup>553</sup> Al-Bakrāwī in 245b.

<sup>554</sup> Sezgin (GAS VIII:42) mentions an Abū'r-Rabī<sup>c</sup> al-Kilābī but he is probably not identical with Abū'r-Rabī<sup>c</sup> al-Bakrī.

<sup>555</sup> GAS VIII:41. Obviously different from the Abū's-Samayda<sup>c</sup> mentioned in az-Zubaydī, Ṭabaqāt, p. 243. Abū's-Samayda<sup>c</sup> is nowhere explicitly given as a Ġa'farī but this seems probable on the basis of no. 51 ("sami'u Abā's-Samayda<sup>c</sup> wa-Mudrik wa-Mubtakir al-Ġa'fariyīn..." — or "al-Ġa'fariyayn"?") although no. 219a "Abū's-Samayda" and no. 219b "al-Ḥuṣaynī" might well refer to the same person.

<sup>556</sup> See above sub Mubtakir as-Sulamī.

<sup>557</sup> Only al-Ḥuṣaynī, but the identification is certain on the basis of 222a.

<sup>558</sup> It is possible that this is either a simple mistake for "Khalīfa al-Ḥuṣaynī" or that it should be understood as "the father of Khalīfa al-Ḥuṣaynī".

<sup>559</sup> See above, sub Zā'ida al-Bakrī.

<sup>560</sup> It seems probable that Ḥatrash belongs to the Qaysites, cf. no. 253 where one reads: "wa-qāla ghayruhu [i.e. ghayru Ḥatrash] min a'rābī Qays" which might be taken as implying that Ḥatrash, too, is a Qaysī.

<sup>561</sup> Abū Turāb often refers to "ġamā'a min Qays", once (292) "ġamā'a min fuṣḥā' al-Qays".

<sup>562</sup> The printed edition of TL has al-'Absīyīn but this is a mistake; Abū Turāb does not refer to 'Absīs anywhere else in K. al-I'tiqāb.

## Banū Kilāb

Sulaymān ibn al-Mughīra al-Kilābī<sup>563</sup> (3): 34, 245a, 332.  
Mubtakir al-Kilābī (1)<sup>564</sup>: 113.  
Mudrik al-Kilābī<sup>565</sup> (1): 108.  
al-Kilābī (4): 195, 253, 290, 321.  
a Kilābī (2): 180, 193.

## Banū Dibāb

Abū Mihğān ad-Dibābī (6): 44, 80a, 80b, 124, 173, 203, 244.  
Muş‘ab ad-Dibābī (4): 17, 115, 139, 149.  
Mudrik ad-Dibābī<sup>566</sup> (1): 80a, 80b.  
ad-Dibābī (2): 156, 210.

## Other Bedouins

Shabāba<sup>567</sup> al-A‘rābī (4): 70b, 137, 254, 262.  
Muzāḥim (2): 97, 331.  
Rāfi‘ (1)<sup>568</sup>: 87.  
Umm al-Buhlūl (1)<sup>569</sup>: 338.  
Abū'l-Khayhaf‘ā at-Tamīmī (1)<sup>570</sup>: 324a.  
fulān ibn ‘Abdallāh at-Tamīmī (1): 216a.  
Abū'l-Hamaysa<sup>c</sup> (1)<sup>571</sup>: 324a, 324b.  
‘Utayyir ibn Gharza al-Asadī (1)<sup>572</sup>: 324a.  
an Asadī (1): 125.  
al-Ghanawī (8): 63, 132, 160, 181, 231, 282, 333, 339.  
ath-Tha‘labī (1): 248.  
al-Bāhilī (2): 4, 178.

<sup>563</sup> Sulaymān ibn al-Mughīra in 34 and 332, Sulaymān al-Kilābī in 245a, probably the same person.

<sup>564</sup> See above sub Mubtakir al-Sulamī.

<sup>565</sup> See above sub Mudrik al-Ğa‘farī.

<sup>566</sup> See above sub Mudrik al-Ğa‘farī.

<sup>567</sup> There are diverging readings of this name (Shabāba, Shabāna, and once — probably a printers' error — Shabbāya, no. 137 = TL XII:194) in the Abū Turāb quotes, see the critical apparatus to no. 70b, 137, 254 and 262. There is no reason to assume identity with Shabāba ibn Sawwār al-Fazārī (d. 206/821 or a few years earlier), cf. Ta‘rīkh Baghdād IX:295-299; aş-Şafadī, al-Wāfi XVI:98; az-Zubaydī, Tabaqāt, p. 12 and note 4.

<sup>568</sup> Cf. sub Wāqi‘ as-Sulamī.

<sup>569</sup> Qurayba Umm al-Buhlūl al-Asadīya, cf. GAS VIII:44-45.

<sup>570</sup> Cf. my notes on Abū Turāb no. 324. Al-Qāli, an-Nawādir, p. 203, gives a poem by “Abū'l-Khayhaf‘ā al-A‘rābī” which may be identical with the informant of Abū Turāb.

<sup>571</sup> In 324a Abū'l-Hamaysa<sup>c</sup> is said to belong to “a‘rāb Madyan” and that his Arabic was almost incomprehensible to Abū Turāb and Shamir ibn Hamdawayhi. The short biographical passage in TĀ XXII:409b comes from TL.

<sup>572</sup> Variant reads ibn ‘Urwa, see critical apparatus.

a Bāhilī, Bāhilīs (2): 6a, 6b, 124.  
 al-Ashgā‘ī (2): 191a, 191b<sup>573</sup>, 314.  
 an ‘Amīrī (1): 344.  
 a Bedouin, some Bedouins (20): 33, 53a, 73, 74, 101, 173, 189, 196, 201, 209, 215b,  
 224b, 225, 238c, 240, 258a, 258c, 267b, 289, 297, 300.

### *3c. Others*

Abū Maħħda: 166.  
 Abū’l-Ṭufayl: 226.  
 Ibn Ḥammawayhi<sup>574</sup>: 351.  
 al-Yamāmī: 336.

### *4. Index of verses*

#### *4a. Raġaz*

T tuġāwibu ş-şawta bi-tarnamūtiħā // tastakhriġu l-ħabbata min tābūtiħā  
 339 anonymous  
 Ĝ mina d-dabā dhā ṭabaqin athāyiġī  
 45 Ĝandal ibn al-Muthannā  
 H ġawnun tarā fīhi r-rawāyā dullahā // ka-anna ġinānan wa-balqan ġurrahā //  
 fīhi idhā mā ġulbu hu takallahā // wa-saħħa saħħan mā’uhu fa-th‘anġahā  
 324a ‘Adī ibn ‘Alī al-Għadirī  
 D tirna shażāżan bayna aṭrāfi s-sanad // lā tar‘awī ummun bihā ‘alā walad //  
 ka-annamā hāyaġħunna dhū libad  
 205 Ruwayhid aṭ-Ṭāħ  
 R khūşun yada‘na l-‘azaba l-kudurrā // lā yabraħu l-manzila illā ġarrā  
 262 anonymous  
 yunġidu bayna l-iskatayni ‘unqarах // wa-bayna ašli l-warikayni qanfarah  
 344 anonymous  
 aswadu ka'l-layli wa-laysa bi'l-laylī // lahu ġanāħāni wa-laysa bi'ṭ-ṭayri //  
 yaġurru faddānan wa-laysa bi'th-thawrī  
 84 anonymous  
 wa-lā ya’ubu muđmaran fī qibři // zādī wa-qad shawwala zādu s-safri  
 95 Ĝandal ibn al-Muthannā  
 Z bāta yaḍūz u ş-silliyāna ɖawzā // ɖawza l-‘aġüzi l-‘aşaба d-dillawṣā  
 107 anonymous

<sup>573</sup> Only “a‘rābī min Ashgā‘ī” but the identification is certain on the basis of 191a.

<sup>574</sup> Aḥmad ibn ‘Alī Ḥammawayhi (an-Naħwī) an-Niśābūrī (al-Qiftī, Inbāh I:125; Bughya I:340) was a student of Abū Mu‘ādh al-Faḍl ibn Khālid an-Naħwī, Ḥafṣ ibn ‘Abdallāh as-Sulamī, and, as Abū Turāb no. 351 implies, of Abū Turāb. Nothing seems to be known of his literary activities in the field of lugha and naħw, nor is the date of his death known.

- S** yawman tarānā fī ‘irāki l-ğahṣī // nanbū bi-ağlāli l-umūri r-rubsī  
 123 Ru’ba
- SH** yawman tarānā fī ‘irāki l-ğahshī // nanbū bi-ağlāli l-umūri r-rubshī  
 cf. above sub S
- fī hibriyāti l-kursufi l-mandūshī  
 157 Ru’ba
- Ş** dawza l-‘ağūzi l-‘aşaba d-dillawṣā  
 cf. above sub Z
- ka-anna tahta khuffihā l-wahhāṣī // mīzaba ukmin nīṭa bīl-malāṣī  
 346 al-Aghlab al-‘Iğlī
- D** ġādhabna bīl-aşlābi wa'l-anwāḍī  
 177 Ru’ba
- ‘ in tamna‘ī şawbaki şawba l-madma‘ī // yağrī ‘alā l-khaddi ka-dì’bi th-tha‘tha‘ī //  
 min ṭamħata şabīruhā ġaħlanġa‘ī // lam yahdihā l-ğadwalu bi’t-tanawwu‘ī  
 324a, b, c anonymous
- F** a-ħāna min ġiratinā khufūfū // wa-aqlaqathum nīyatun shaṭūfū  
 23 anonymous
- Q** ka-annamā ‘awlatuhā ba‘da t-ta’aq // ‘awlatu thaklā walwalat ba‘da l-ma’aq  
 40 Ru’ba
- yatba‘na warqā‘a ka-lawni l-ghawhaqī  
 340 Ma‘rūf ibn ‘Abdarrahmān al-Asadī
- L** wa-qad sami‘na şawta hādin ġalġāl // min ākhiri l-layli ‘alayhā haqqāl //  
 ‘iqbānu dağnin wa-marārīku l-ghāl  
 26 anonymous
- ħāmilatun dalwuka lā mahmūlah // malā mina l-mā‘i ka-‘ayni n-nūnah  
 292 anonymous
- lā yudraku l-fawtu bi-shaddin ka‘żalī // illā bi-iğdhāmi n-nağā‘i l-mu‘ğalī  
 278 anonymous
- yā rubba baydā‘a bi-wa‘thi l-armulī // qad shughifat bi-nāshi‘in habarkalī  
 338 anonymous
- aswadu ka'l-layli wa-laysa bi'l-laylī  
 cf. above sub R
- mā‘iratu d-ċab‘ayni qandafilū  
 86 al-Makhrū‘ as-Sa‘dī
- M** in qābala l-‘irsā tashakkā wa-khaḍām  
 257 al-Aghlab al-‘Iğlī
- in taħmilīhi sā‘atan fa-rubbamā // aṭāra fī ḥubbi riḍāki sh-shillamā  
 288 anonymous
- sami‘tu wagħman minka yā Balhaythamī // fa-qultu labbayhi wa-lam uhattamī  
 317 anonymous
- N** malā mina l-mā‘i ka-‘ayni n-nūnah  
 cf. sub L
- kayfa tarā l-ghażwata abqat minnī // shanāšinan ka-khalaqi l-miġannī

- 121 al-Ğaranfash  
**Y** fa-shāma fīhā mithla mihzāmi l-‘aṣā  
 100 al-Aghlab al-‘Iğlī  
 idhā ra’aw karīhatan yarmūna bī // ramyaka bi'l-mirğāsi fī qa‘ri t-ṭawī  
 30 Sa‘d ibn al-Muntaḥir (or al-Muntakhir) al-Bāriqī

*4b. Other metres*

- ‘ wa-rug्गat bāḥatu l-‘arbāti rağğan / taraqraqu fī manākibihā d-dimā’ū  
 343 Zuhayr (wāfir)  
**B** fa-azāla nāṣīḥahā bi-abyaḍa mufraṭin / min mā’i alhābin ‘alayhi t-ta’labu  
 68 Sā‘ida al-Hudhalī (kāmil)  
 fa-rāḥa yu‘āṭīhinnā mashyan dalanfaqan / wa-hunna bi-‘aṭfayhi lahunna khabībū  
 77 ‘Alī ibn Shayba al-Ghaṭafānī (ṭawīl)  
**T** fa-mā ansa min ashyā’ā lā ansa nażratī / bi-Makkata innī tā’ifu n-nażaratī  
 260 anonymous (ṭawīl)  
 wa-ka-annahā fī s-sabbi mukhkhatu ādibin / bayḍā’u uddiba bad’uhā l-manqūtū  
 268 anonymous (kāmil)  
**H** wa-ṣabbāḥun wa-mannāḥun wa-mu‘tin / idhā kāna l-masāriḥu ka’s-simāḥī  
 33 Mālik ibn Khālid al-Hudhalī (wāfir)  
**D** rafawnī wa-qālū lā tura‘ yā bna Ṣāmitin / fa-żaltu unādīhim bi-thadyin muğaddadī  
 wa-mā kuntu mugħtarran bi-aşħabī ‘āmirin / ma‘a l-qurṭubā tabbat bi-qā’imihi yadī  
 330 Ibn aş-Ṣāmit al-Ğushamī (ṭawīl)  
**R** ġu‘ilat laħażimuhu ‘izīna wa-ra’suhu / ka'l-qurṣi furṭiha min ṭahīni sha‘īr<sup>575</sup>  
 81 Ibn Aħmar al-Baġali<sup>576</sup> or Ibn Makkī<sup>577</sup> (kāmil)  
 wa-adraka ‘ilmī fī Suwa’ata annahā / tuqīmu ‘alā l-awtāri wa'l-mashrabī l-kadrī  
 326 al-Akhṭal (ṭawīl)  
 aqūlu li-‘Abbāsin wa-qad ġanashat lanā / huyayyun wa-aflatnā fuwayta l-ażāfirī  
 304 brother of al-‘Abbās ibn Mirdās (ṭawīl)  
**Z** (ħattā yağı‘a wa-ġinnu l-layli yūghiluhu) / wa’sh-shawku fī akhmaşı r-riğlayni  
 mawkūzū  
 101 al-Mutanakhkhil al-Hudhalī (basīṭ)  
**SH** lahum nażarun naħwī yakādu yuzilunī / wa-abṣāruhum naħwa l-‘adūwi  
 marāmishū  
 342 anonymous (ṭawīl)  
‘ tashubbu li-‘aynay rāmiqin shaṭasat bihi / nawan ghurbatun waṣla l-aħibbatī  
 taqṭa‘ū  
 142 anonymous (ṭawīl)

<sup>575</sup> The verse rhymes in -īr, not -īrī (as it is given e.g. in the Index of TL). For the shortening of the last foot, see e.g. Wright, A grammar of the Arabic language II:362-363. For the whole poem, see al-Asma‘īyāt 28:3.

<sup>576</sup> Thus e.g. Lisān X:237.

<sup>577</sup> Thus e.g. al-Asma‘īyāt no. 28.

**F** ka'l-aswadi l-ħabashīyi l-ħamshi yatba'uhu / sūdun tamāṭimu fī ādhānihā n-nuṭafū  
315 al-Afwah al-Awdī (basīt)

**Q** (ariqtu wa-mā hādhā s-suhādu l-mu'arriqū / wa-mā biya min suqmin wa-mā biya  
ma'shaqū  
129 al-A'shā (ṭawīl)

**L** waġnā'u muqwarra tu l-alyāṭi yaḥsabuhā / man lam yakun rāhā ra'yatan ġamalā //  
ḥattā yadullu 'alayhā khalqu arba'at in / fī läziqin lahiqa l-aqrāba fa-nshamalā  
78 anonymous (basīt)

(...) / yuqālu li-mithlī wayhan fulū  
325 al-Kumayt (mutaqārib)

wa-'arbatu arđun mā yuḥillu ḥarāmahā / mina n-nāsi illā l-lawdha'iyyu l-ḥulāḥilū  
343 Abū Ṭālib ibn 'Abdalmuṭṭalib (ṭawīl)

**M** wa-amarnāhu bihi min baynihā / ba'da mā nṣā'a muširran aw kaşam  
263 'Adī ibn Zayd (ramal)  
ṭawā l-baṭna zayyāmun ka-anna saḥilahu / 'alayhinna idh wallā hadīlu ghulāmī  
83 Dhū'r-Rumma (ṭawīl)

hal-i l-'izzu illā l-luhā wa'th-tharā'u wa'l-'adadu l-kaytharu l-a'zamū  
322 anonymous (mutaqārib)

**N** (idhā mā kunta fī qawmin shahāwā) / fa-lā taġ' al shimālaka ġardabānā  
31 Tufayl al-Ghanawī (wāfir)

ħamā dūnahu bi'sh-shawki wa-ltaffā dūnahu / mina s-sidri sūqun dhātu hawlin wa-  
ağżuni  
285 Ĝaz' ibn al-Ḥārith (ṭawīl)

shuwayqi'atu n-nābayni ta'dilu daffahā / bi-aftala min sa'dānatī z-zawri bā'inī  
266b anonymous (ṭawīl)

in yaku żannī bihim haqqan ataytukumū / huwwan wa-kumtan ta'āwā ka's-sarāħinī  
min kulli ġardā'a qad ṭārat 'aqīqatuhā / wa-kulli aġrada mustarkħi l-abāzīnī  
303 Abū Du'ād al-Iyādī (basīt)

fa-nanħaruhā wa-nakhlijuhā bi-ukhrā / ka-anna sarātahā nişa'un dahīnū  
168 Hāġiz ibn al-Ğu'ayd al-Azdī (wāfir)