Threatened insects of Ruissalo

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The threatened species of the insect orders Heteroptera, Lepidoptera and Coleoptera found in Ruissalo, an island with widest oak forests of Finland, are listed. Of the 154 species of threatened Lepidoptera in Finland 12% (19 species) and of the 332 species of threatened Coleoptera 16% (53) are found in Ruissalo. A considerable part of the threatened species of both Lepidoptera and Coleoptera are dependent on oak. The most important areas of the oak forests are already under protection and the other parts of them belong to the national conservation program of herb-grass forests. A forestry plan prepared by the City of Turku considers the nature values of the island of Ruissalo.

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1. Introduction

Ruissalo is a seven kilometres long island off Turku, on the southwestern coast of Finland. The main part of the island is preserved as recreation area. The island is characterized by extensive herb-grass forests dominated by oak, and even on pine-dominated heaths oak is growing as mixed tree. Also meadows and fields between deciduous forests belong to the landscape of Ruissalo. The total area of the oak-dominated woodland is 170 hectares, representing approximately the half of all oak-forests of Finland.

Numerous threatened species of organisms, especially beetles and fungi dependent on living or dead oaks, are found on the island. Of the threatened species of beetles in Finland 53 have been found in Ruissalo. At least 22 of them, 14 depending on oak, may still be found on the island.

Another important group of insects is butterflies and moths. In Ruissalo 19 threatened species have been found, of which only four are found furthermore. Of these three are feeding on oak or the lichens growing on oak.

The most important oak forest areas are protected and the other areas belong to the national conservation program of herb-grass forests. The land is owned by the city of Turku, which is going to apply for protection according to the nature conservation law for the most important objects. A forestry plan, which is considering nature values and favouring oaks, is prepared by

the city of Turku for the forests of Ruissalo. According to this plan dead or dying trees are not cut down even on the not-protected forest areas, and clearing of the forests has been decreased. Additionally, removing of spruces from the herbgrass forests and pasturing of the meadows has been started.

2. List of threatened species

In the following list of the threatened species of insects, belonging to the well known orders Heteroptera, Lepidoptera and Coleoptera, found in Ruissalo, the classification follows the Report on the Monitoring of Threatened Animals and Plants in Finland (Rassi & al. 1992). Of each species the latest year of observation is given. The names of the species found during the last ten years are marked with plus (+); species known only from Ruissalo are marked with an asterisk (*) and species dependent on oak are marked with a dot (°). The knowledge about other insect orders (e.g. Diptera and Hymenoptera) is so insufficient, that these orders are not treated.

Heteroptera

In need of monitoring

- rare:

Tritomegas bicolor (Linnaeus)	1956
Temnostethus pusillus (Linnaeus)	1978

Lepidoptera

Disappeared

Acronicta cuspis (Hübner) ²	undated 3
1 3	

Endangered

Moma alpium (Osbeck) 2,4	1944 ³
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Vulnerable

Parnassius apollo (Linnaeus)	1950's
Alcis jubatus (Thunberg)	1922 ³

In need of monitoring

- declining:

Acrobasis sodalella (Hübner)°	1950's
Maniola jurtina (Linnaeus)	1938
Issoria lathonia (Linnaeus)	1983^{3}
Herminia lunalis (Scopoli) ²	1967^{3}
Melanchra persicariae (Linnaeus)	1956
Euxoa recussa (Hübner)	1922
Agrotis segetum (Denis& Schiffenmüller) ²	1930's

- rare:

Ectoedemia atrifrontella (Stainton)+*°	1994
Acrocercops brongniardellus (Fabricius)°	1970's
Hesperia comma (Linnaeus) ²	1983^{3}
Parnassius mnemosyne (Linnaeus)	1952
Eupithecia dodoneata (Guenée)+	1994
Nycteola revayana (Scopoli)+°	1993
Orthosia munda (Hübner)+*1	1994

- poorly known:

Microthrix	similella	(Zincken) ^{o2}	1950's
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Coleoptera

Disappeared

Calosoma inquisitor (Linnaeus)*°	1945
Lebia cyanocephala (Linnaeus)	undated
Trox sabulosus (Linnaeus)°	ca 1880
Meloe brevicollis (Panzer)	1916

Endangered

Dendroxena quadrimaculata (Scopoli)*	1962
Aphodius subterraneus (Linnaeus)	ca 1950
Osmoderma eremita (Scopoli)+*°	1993
Ceruchus chrysomelinus (Hochenwarth)	undated
Athous mutilatus (Rosenhauer)+	1993
Lyctus linearis (Goetze)°	1946
Strangalia attenuata (Linnaeus)	1950

Vulnerable

Hypnogyra glabra (Nordmann)+°	1993
Paromalus flavicornis (Herbst)	1948
Trixagus duvali (Bonvouloir)	1961
Oplocephala haemorrhoidalis (Fabric	cius) ca 1830
Anoplodera sexguttata (Fabricius)-	+° 1988
Phymatodes testaceus (Linnaeus)+	1985
Phymatodes alni (Linnaeus)°	1944
Plagionotus arcuatus (Linnaeus)	1918
Mesosa myops (Dalman)+*°	1991
Macroplea pubipennis (Reuter)	ca 1930
Orsodacne cerasi (Linnaeus)+*	1992

In need of monitoring

- declining:

deciming.	
Panagaeus cruxmajor (Linnaeus)	1947
Chlaenius nigricornis (Fabricius)	1941
Philonthus longicornis (Stephens)	ca 1940
Dinothenarus pubescens (Degeer)	ca 1930
Liocola marmorata (Fabricius)+°	1993
Platycerus caraboides (Linnaeus)	1919

Prionychus ater (Fabricius)+

Scraptia fuscula (Müller)+°

Oplosia fennica (Paykull)+

Clytus arietis (Linnaeus)

Mycetochara humeralis (Fabricius)

Selatosomus nigricornis (Panzer)+	1984	– poorly known:
Ampedus praeustus (Fabricius)+°	1993	Aphodius serotinus (Panzer) undated
Malachius aeneus (Linnaeus)	1916	Sulcacis fronticornis (Panzer) 1919
Silvanus unidentatus (Olivier)	1919	Donacia marginata (Hoppe)+ 1993
Halyzia sedecimguttata (Linnaeus)	1947	Donacta marginata (Hoppe)
Mycetophagus quadripustulatus		classification of endangerment unofficial:
(Linnaeus)	ca 1830	species new to Finland or the state of the occur-
Melandrya dubia (Schaller)	ca 1830	rence of the species is changed
Longitarsus parvulus (Paykull)	1943	² the regional class of endangerment men-
Ceutorhynchus pleurostigma (Marsham)	1910	tioned in Committee's report is used
wa.wa.i		³ the find location is given with coordinates
- rare:		only, the species is most probably collected in
Quedius microps (Gravenhorst)	ca 1940	Ruissalo
Plectophloeus nitidus (Fairmaire)+°	1993	⁴ the species has probably never had breeding
Plegaderus caesus (Herbst)+°	1993	population in Ruissalo
Ampedus nigroflavus (Goeze)+°	1993	* *
Epuraea guttata (Olivier)+°	1993	
Cryptarcha strigata (Fabricius)+°	1993	
Triplax rufipes (Fabricius)+°	1988	Defenence
Hyperaspis inexpectata (Günther)+	1984	Reference
Pentaphyllus testaceus (Hellwig)+*°	1993	Devi D Wisisan II Manadadi I 8 00°11 C 1000

1993

1961

1989

1989

ca 1900

Rassi, P., Kaipiainen, H., Mannerkoski, I. & Ståhls, G. 1992: Uhanalaisten eläinten ja kasvien seurantatoimikunnan mietintö.(Report on the monitoring of threatened animals and plants in Finland). — Report No. 30/1991, (in Finnish with English summary). — Ministry of the Environment, Helsinki. 328 pp.