

STATISTICS OF KAZAK AND KALMYK CATTLE OWNERS IN THE ILI DISTRICT AND THE TEKES VALLEY

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On his journey through the western and northern parts of China, described in his diary (C. G. Mannerheim, *Across Asian from West to East in 1906–1908*. Helsinki 1940), Baron Mannerheim also collected various kinds of written documents. Among them there is an anonymous notebook written in Russian and containing statistics about Kazak (“Киргизъ”) and Kalmyk (“Калмакъ”) family heads in the Ili (Kuldja) district, Western Xinjiang. The manuscript was obviously written by a local Kalmyk scribe, not fully mastering the Russian language or its orthography, as he uses the Mongol term *sumun* (Сумунъ) also in the meaning of the Kazak *uru* or lineage within an *orda*. The enumerated Kazaks are listed belonging to the Kizai (“Кзей, Кузей” – Kzey, Kuzey) and Alban (“Алванъ” – Alvan) maximal lineages of the *Ulu jūz* (Great Horde), whereas the Kalmyks represent the *Zurgaan* and *Dörwön sumuns*. The list of personal names is entitled “Фамилія”, or “Фамилії” (‘family name/names’). Some individuals are listed twice; in the table they are reduced to one.

Mannerheim’s account of the local conditions in Ili might give some background information relevant in this connection:

Towards the end of the Russian occupation of the Ili district a large number of Chinese subjects, Tarantchis and Dungans, are said to have applied for Russian citizenship. Their applications were granted, but they were warned that when the Ili district was evacuated they would not have as much land in Russia as in Ili. The fear of Chinese vengeance settled the matter, however, and only a few remained in Ili. These were made much of by the new Chinese administration and were given all the unoccupied land. The difference between the position of those who had remained in Ili, and their own, induced many of the new Russian subjects to return to Ili and settle there. The Chinese authorities winked at this and abstained from either protesting or assenting. When this example was followed by more and more, the Russian authorities began to take notice and had the fugitives forcibly brought back into Russia. This was followed by fresh flight and fresh violence by the exasperated Russian authorities. This difference in the treatment of the population was not to Russia’s advantage. – When the action of the Russian authorities proved unavailing, another method was tried. Russian subjects were permitted to settle in the Ili district, but the Russian authorities kept a sharp eye on them and made their agents levy taxes from them. They had therefore to

pay at least treble taxes: to China, to her grasping officials, to Russia and finally to the agents or the Russian authorities, who extorted whatever they could by means of threats. As a natural result Russian citizenship is now something to be avoided rather than coveted. Those who have to pay this additional tax through the consulate are said to do so regularly, while those who are pursued by the agents, often try to shake off their torturers by fleeing into the depths of the country. A Torgut-Kalmuk lama called at the Russian consulate at Qulja one day and stated his intention of visiting the Kalmuks in the neighbourhood of Astrakhan. He had let it be understood that the Torguts kept up a regular connection with these Kalmuks and that the Khan had not only assented to this, but wished it personally. He was, he said, very dissatisfied with Chinese rule and was in terror of his life on his coming journey to Peiping. (AA 1940, 218–219)

... Russian Kirghiz make this district [= Zurgaan sumun in the Yulduz valley, inhabited by Torguts] unsafe. They are famous for being the greatest horse-thieves of the Ili district and cause the population a great deal of trouble and frequently occasion heavy losses. The highway from Qulja to the Russian frontier is also considered so unsafe that practically all traffic ceases after dark. It is a regrettable fact that the disturbers of the peace are to a great extent Russian subjects. (AA 1940, 246)

A belt of leaf-trees runs on the left a mile to a mile and a half from the road, marking the course of the Tekes. Approximately in the centre of the plain stands a small granite mountain, Qara Topun, which has given its name to the plain. In some places the plain is rather marshy. At 5 p.m., having ridden for ten hours, we came to Tchulak Terek or, as the Kalmuks call it, the Mukhur Terek river, on the bank of which we encamped. Here there are some strips of field tilled by Kirghiz and some houses built of clay. One of them was inhabited by merchants from Qulja, who trade with the Kirghiz. You can buy sugar, tea, rice of poor quality, flour and various things here at prices that are 50–60 per cent higher than in Qulja. The Tchulak Terek gorge and the district on the Terek before it are inhabited by Khazaks of the Alban tribe, of which about 500 yurts have remained Chinese subjects, while all the others have gone over to Russia.» (AA 1940, 255–256)

The original listing is not alphabetical and persons belonging to the Kzej, Zurga, Derve and Alban tribes are enumerated in irregularly altering sequences. Only the Torguts form a separate list. In the following the entries are, for practical reasons, grouped tribewise and arranged in alphabetic order according to the transliterated forms. The originals are given after a slant.

Statistics given in the numbered columns:

- (1) Number of horses (“Сколько лошадей”).
- (2) Number of horned cattle (“Сколько рогатое скотинъ”).
- (3) Number of sheep (“Сколько барановъ”).
- (4) Age when married: (4a) man, (4b) wife (“въ Сколько лѣтъ / когда женился, м. / ж.”).
- (5) Number of children born during the last ten years (“За 10 лѣтъ сколько родил.”).
- (6) Number of persons deceased during the last ten years (“За 10 лѣтъ сколько умерло”).
- (7) Number of children in the family (“Сколько дѣтей”).

1. KAZAK

Name	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4a)	(4b)	(5)	(6)	(7)	Notes
Kizai (кзей/кузей сумунъ):									
Adrysh/Адрышъ	5	6	5	20	18	3	—	5	
Axim/Aхимъ	10	50	100	20	17	1	—	1	
Axmet/Aхметъ	2	2	10	19	19	1	—	1	
Alip/Алипъ	1	2	—	34	20	2	—	2	
Aszguudyu/Аэзгуудыу	50	10	300	20	26	1	2	2	2nd marriage at 20 (wife 26) [!]
Aul'bek/Аульбекъ	30	10	50	(26)					unmarried
Aulkasym/Аулкасымъ	40	10	200	23	17	—	1	—	
Azbaj/Азбай	20	10	200	(25)					unmarried
Baigodan/Баигоданъ	50	20	200	20	12	—	—	2	
Bajizak/Байизакъ	5	5	—	25	15	—	—	—	
Bajmety/Байметы	35	50	500	32	18	—	—	—	
Balabek/Балабекъ	50	10	100	23	22	2	—	2	
Bapsam/Бапсамъ	30	4	200	20	17	2	3	2	
Bejs/Бейсь	200	50	600	16	16	1	—	7	
Bejsanbaj/Бейсанбай	20	5	20	26	30	—	—	4	his wife died
Bekpalat/Бекпалатъ	18	10	100	27	12	3	1	3	
Bel'dy/Бельды	3	15	—	15	17	1	1	3	joiner
Bensabaj/Бенсабай	5	7	20	20	10	4	1	5	
Bergovoj/Берговой	20	5	30	14	20	1	—	5	
Bolbas/Болбасъ	40	10	50	25	15	3	1	6	farmer, state official
Bugasbaj/Бугасбай	50	18	250	25	15	—	—	3	
Bugusbaj/Бугусбай	40	20	300	20	17	2	—	11	2nd marriage at 39 (wife 19)
Cerindjap/Церинджапъ	250	100	1000	22	16	1	—	9	2nd marriage at 37 (wife 17)
Čaxanpjuk/Чаханплюкъ	8	6	100	16	16	1	1	1	
Čakebaj/Чакебай ¹	10	8	50	16	15	2	6	4	
Čarovoj/Чаровой	20	6	300	20	13	—	—	—	
Čekevej/Чекевей	15	3	100	12	16	1	2	4	
Čētaj/Чётай	10	10	100	25	17	2	1	10	2nd marriage at 37 (wife 18)
Čumčik/Чумчикъ	1	2	10	22	19	4	—	5	
Čunkeu/Чункеу (сынъ)	20	5	20	32	18	3	—	4	
Darubaj/Дарубай	120	20	500	25	17	3	2	3	
Darubaj/Дарубай	50	20	300	25	17	3	1	3	
Derekbaj/Дерекбай	20	20	100	18	16				
Djabalak/Дябалакъ	40	15	15	20	14	—	1	10	
Djaxbek/Джабекъ	40	15	100	20	13	2	—	3	елюбасъ
Djaxin/Джинъ	9	6	150	11	9	2	—	2	
Djakas/Дякаксъ	10	6	102	(24)	—	—	1	—	unmarried
Ermek/Eрмекъ	15	3	100	14	16	5	—	7	
Esrkan/Есрканъ	150	20	300	17	18	4	2	4	
Etinbek/Етинбекъ	20	10	200	37	16	1	—	1	
Ēlembaj/Элембай	60	10	200	25	21	1	1	3	
Gujxa/Гуйха	150	30	500	17	15	5	—	7	
Gunesbaj/Гунесбай	15	10	200	27	—	—	—	—	
Guramis/Гурэмисъ	30	4	100	25	20	1	2	1	
Gusbek/Гусбекъ ²	20	10	30	(18)					unmarried servant at a manpan
Xoхabek/Хохабекъ	10	5	50	25	25	—	—	2	
Xumanbaj/Хуманбай	4	—	—(I forgot)				—	3	
Xusain/Хусайнъ	30	10	100	37	20	—	10	5	father of Mamurbek

1 In the 1st marriage the partner died. 2nd marriage at the age of 29 (man) and 25 (wife).

2 Occurs twice, first as Гусбекъ, corrected to Гунебекъ [Гунебекъ?], then again as Гусбекъ.

Ibrajm/Ибраимъ	150	20	400	19	12	2	—	6
Idris/Идрисъ	10	6	50	18	15	2	1	4
Idugun/Идугунъ	20	3	40	17	14	3	—	3
Ildup/Илдупъ	102	25	600	17	18	—	—	7
Iljubaj/Илюбай	20	10	100	25	13	2	3	4
Imanbaij/Иманбай	70	30	150	11	20			no children
Isa/Иса	5	3	50	30	30	—	—	4
Isabaj/Исабай	2	10	200	—	—	—	—	—
Isin/Ишинъ	1	3	200	13	13	—	1	2
Issum/Иссумъ	10	2	50	30	18	—	—	3
Jakubaj/Якубай	100	40	300	13	17	3	—	6
Jamatyk/Яматыкъ	40	20	100	13	14	3	2	10
Jusbosum/Юсбосымъ	13	4	60	24	20	1	—	1
Jusdrs/Юсдрсь	10	12	50	19	17	2	2	7
Jusrstom/Юсрстомъ	20	5	60	20	18	—	—	3
Jussenbaj/Юссенбай	5	3	—	8	10	1	—	1
Jussum/Юссумъ (zyngi) ³	20	10	200	15 ³	14	5	—	5
Jussupbaj/Юссупбай	5	20	150	(16)				unmarried
Jusurbaj/Юсурбай	20	3	—	(19)				unmarried
Kadrsiz/Кадрсизъ	1	2	10	25	20	2	1	2
Kalym/Калымъ	4	10	200	23	16	—	—	—
Kantenbaj/Кантенбай	5	4	40	38	17	2	1	5
Karabaj/Карабай	5	6	50	15	12	1	—	1
Karmis/Кармисъ	6	10	100	30	20	1	3	4
Kasym/Касымъ	20	4	100	22	21	2	1	2
Kečel'/Кечель (zyngi) ⁴	200	30	1000	37	16	3	1	10
Kektaij/Кектай	5	10	500	20	17	4	1	7
Kopdjubaj/Копдюбай	10	6	150	20	17	1	1	4
Kuanin/Куанинъ	100	20	700	20	18	—	—	—
Kžebaj/Кжебай	80	15	100	25	18	1	2	1
Magou/Magoy ⁵		20	6	20	30	17	2	2
Mal'čibaj/Мальчibай	10	10	300	37	14	3	3	3
Mammre/Mammre	5	20	200	12	13	1	1	5
Mamurbek/Mамурбекъ	20	10	30	(37)				unmarried son of Xusain
Manke/Манке	20	10	30	37	20	2	3	2
Masz/Мацзъ	50	10	300	34	18	—	2	—
Matke/Матке	4	6	15	32	12	—	—	2
Medzup/Медзымъ	100	30	600	19	19	1	1	1
Mekebjaj/Мекебай	10	10	100	20	18	1	1	1
Muxodžan/Муходжанъ	20	7	200	30	27	2	1	3
Mukaš/Мукашъ	5	3	50	15	17	—	—	1
Muratbek/Муратбекъ	300	100	3000	20	19	3	—	10
Murzalen/Мурзаленъ	10	10	100	(25)				unmarried
Musa/Mуса	30	20	200	(18)				unmarried
Noxtbaj/Нохтбай	6	6	100	47	17	2	2	3
Nural'bek/Нуральбекъ	50	10	40	(20)				unmarried farmer
Nurbes/Нурбесъ	10	6	50	25	17			
Osuman/Oсуманъ	16	20	100	(16)				unmarried
Raxinbek/Rахинбекъ	—	—	—	(20)				unmarried worker
Rajgan/Райганъ	20	10	100	16	12	3	2	3

3 2nd marriage at the age of 30 (man) and 18 (wife), 3rd marriage: 49 (man) and 18 (wife).

4 Kečel', followed by Cerindjap, are in the right margin marked as "two brothers". The title zyngi is probably a loanword from Kalmyk, cf. *zäŋgi* "eine Würde der Offiziere und Militärbeamten" (KWB 470a 2).

5 Occurs twice, first as Magoy, then as Мыкуо (Mykuo).

6 3rd at 23 (wife 22), 4th at 25 (wife 27), 5th at 34 (wife 20); "according to rumor he should have 9 wives".

Saxadbek/Сахадбекъ	50	6	100	26	25	2	1	2
Sakal/Сакаль	5	4	—	30	19	4	—	9
Santer/Сантеръ	8	1	12	25	24	2	1	3
Satubaj/Сатубай	15	8	100	25	18	1	1	5
Stxan/Стханъ	100	50	300	20	18	1	1	5
Stonbaj/Стонбай	15	15	150	20	20	1	—	9
Sulejman/Сулейманъ	25	9	200	20	17	3	—	3
Suvanbaj/Суванбай	—	2	—	25	19	4	—	5
Tamtu/Тамту	3	4	—	30	16	3	2	3
Tamyrbek/Тамырбекъ	20	5	30	(30)				unmarried farmer
Tan"er/Танъеръ	100	15	200	13	12	—	1	4
Tannadžan/Таннаджанъ	20	3	100	20	16	3	—	3
Tel'dovoj/Тельдовой	20	8	120	21	17	—	—	2
Tetayjn/Тетайнъ	2	10	100	17	17	1	1	1
Teubaj/Теубай	30	7	150	19	17	3	1	3
Tiretja/Тиретя	300	20	17	1	1	5		
Tjabaj/Тябай	20	30	200	16	12	2	1	2
Tjurugoubaj/Тюругоубай	2	13	—	39	25	—	—	—
Togur/Тогуръ	50	10	300	16	15	1	—	4
Togur/Тогуръ	40	10	40	47	26	3	1	3
Togžan/Тогжанъ	100	20	500	10	13	2	1	10
Tourtaj/Тоуртай	10	10	—	30	14	4	2	5
Tulekt/Тулектъ	15	10	150	37	16	—	1	3
Tul'kibaj/Тулькибай	10	8	100	17	13	3	—	10
Tul'kmo/Тулькмо	20	10	100	18	15	—	—	2
Turobaj/Туробай	30	8	100	30	12	1	—	3
Tutguš/Тутгушъ	10	15	100	37	17	2	—	7
Tyjsanbek/Тысанбекъ	20	30	100	(23)		(2)		unmarried
Tysanbaj/Тысанбай	60	30	150	20	15	2	2	8
Urtybaj/Уртыбай	20	10	100					unmarried
Urumbaj/Урумбай	15	10	100	27	14	1	—	4
Urumbek/Урумбекъ	10	14	5	(24)				unmarried
Vetomdžan/Ветомджанъ	5	4	100	16	15	1	—	3

Alban (Алванъ сумунъ):

Botovoj/Ботовой	5	3	130	(16)		1		unmarried
Iljumanbek/Илюманбек ⁷	20	4	60	14	19	2	1	5
Jantajbaj/Янтайдай	30	10	100	20	15	—	—	—
Mesbek/Месбекъ	10	20	—	18	18	3	1	3
Muzataj/Музатай	3	10	—			1	—	unmarried
Tjumobaj/Тюмобай	200	10	60	27	19	1	1	1
Toxtobaj/Токтобай	10	5	100	(32)				unmarried
Turt'xodža/Туртъходжа	700	100	1500	17	16	—	—	9
Urgpan/Урманъ	11	5	40	19	17	2	1	2

⁷ In the original the name is actually written "Илюманбекбртъ", in which the ending "-бртъ" most probably stands for -брать 'brother' (of the foregoing?). An analogous case is found on the foregoing page: "Асзгууды брат, Масэй, Чункея сынъ".

2. KALMYK / TORGUT

Name	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4a)	(4b)	(5)	(6)	(7)	Notes
Zurgaan sumun (Зургаан сумунь, калмаки "Kalmaks"):									
Bainpatu/Байнпату	250	80	300	18	17	1	—	6	
Bota/Бота	200	50	600	15	13	—	—	—	
Buga/Буга	150	50	700	33	17	1	2	5	2nd marriage at 41 (wife 30)
Dury/Дуры	2	10	—	25	20	—	—	1	—
Èlzàmyk/Эльзамыкъ	500	50	700	17	15	—	—	—	
Gilgun/Гилгунъ	6	10	—	15	15	2	—	8	
Guči/Гучи	30	40	30	20	17	—	—	1	—
Imtum/Имтумъ	40	20	60	19	17	2	—	2	
Inktelkal/Интелькалъ	100	30	300	—	—	—	—	1	—
Iesa/Иеса (Исса?)	100	30	400	18	15	4	4	7	
Xatocahan/Хатоцаханъ	30	20	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Xotun/Хотунъ	2	18	30	17	18	2	—	7	
Koma (-х-?)/Кома (-ш-?)	7	11	70	25	17	4	1	7	
Kota/Кота	50	60	—	19	16	3	1	3	interpreter of Russian and Mongolian
Kurdžap/Курджааль	15	20	200	15	13	1	—	4	
Ment"aga/Ментъага	600	60	700	13	12	—	—	—	
Myka/Мыка	20	20	100	17	11	2	—	2	
Mymul'čk/Мымульчкъ	50	20	100	18	17	1	—	1	
Nana/Нана	300	50	700	17	15	—	—	—	
Nasumpatu/Насумпату	350	120	954	15	16	2	4	3	2nd marriage at 31 (wife 28)
Nosto/Носто	50	20	200	13	12	—	—	—	
Notja/Нотя	40	20	50	15	15	—	—	—	
Outa/Оута	30	20	100	22	17	2	—	2	
Pačga/Пачга	100	20	200	21	16	—	—	—	
Pata/Пата	20	10	—	25	13	—	—	—	
Patynigut/Патынигутъ	500	100	1000	15	15	—	1	—	the wife died
Patry/Патры	10	13	15	17	16	2	—	2	
Popa/Попа	250	80	1000	27	21	1	1	1	
Tergil'/Тергиль	150	20	400	15	17	2	—	2	
Togluk/Тоглукъ	10	50	—	15	17	3	—	4	2nd marriage at 37 (wife 32)
T"ule/Тъуле	300	50	500	16	15	2	2	5	
T"uršan/Тъушанъ	20	50	100	20	17	2	—	2	
T"urpat/Тъурпать	50	30	100	19	19	2	1	2	
T"urpat/Тъурпать	3	30	—	17	17	—	—	1	
T"uta/Тъуга	50	40	200	15	17	—	—	—	
Dörwön sumun (дерве сумун, калмаки "Kalmaks"):									
Dergel/Дергель	1	2	—	22	18	1	1	2	
Umaduk/Умадукъ	—	2	—	29	17	—	—	4	

Torguts (Торгоутъ):

Ara/Apa	6	7	—	25	20	3	—	3	
Ara/Apa	5	2	10	20	16	—	—	1	"shepherd Lama"
Araš/Arašty	—	1	—	20	19	—	—	—	
Araš/Arašty	2	—	—	20	17	—	1	1	
Araš/Arašty	6	—	—	19	19	—	—	—	worker
Araši/Araši	3	2	—	24	19	—	—	—	
Arptun/Арптуң	—	—	—	22	15	—	—	—	worker
Belek/Белекъ	2	1	25	20	16	2	—	2	

Benbe/Бенбе	10	7	20	16	17	2	—	2
Besutja/Бесутя	2	1	—	20	21	—	3	1 farmer
Bošna/Бошна	—	4	—	24	17	—	—	1 —
Bota/Бота	2	2	—	17	21	—	—	farmer
Bova/Бова	3	3	25	19	17	—	—	1
Briva/Брива	1	3	—	30	16	4	—	6 farmer
Cagur/Царыпъ	15	10	60	22	18	1	1	1
Sentyn/Центынъ	—	4	—	20	17	—	—	1 "shepherd Lama"
Cergy/Церы	15	7	150	20	19	1	—	3
Cerin/Церинъ	1	—	—	22	20	4	3	5 worker
Cerytjap/Церытяпъ	4	5	—	22	16	3	1	3 hunter
Čagdr/Чагдър	2	5	10	20	19	1	1	1 worker
Čöt/Чётъ	6	3	—	21	21	1	—	1 "shepherd Lama"
Četva/Четва	10	4	50	25	16	—	1	3 farmer
Čimit/Чимитъ	3	5	50	18	15	1	3	1
Čimit/Чимитъ	8	6	20	20	16	—	—	3 farmer
Djar/Дяпъ	—	20	100	19	19	2	1	2 чень [= чинъ?] мэргенъ
Djar/Дяпъ	30	10	—	16	15	2	—	3
Djar/Дяпъ	3	3	10	20	14	—	4	3
Dorč/Дорчъ	1	2	—	30	22	2	1	3 farmer
Dorte/Дорте	—	—	—	41	31	1	—	1 worker
Dortē/Дортё	—	3	—	25	21	1	2	1 worker
Dorteu/Дортёу	—	8	—	(18)	—	—	—	unmarried
Dorti/Дорти	2	2	—	20	17	—	—	"shepherd Lama"
Dortja/Дортия	10	6	—	37	37	—	—	1
Dorto/Дорто	2	7	—	22	18	3	—	3 worker
Dorunta/Дорунта	20	15	100	23	19	1	2	4
El'zat/Ельзатъ	10	9	50	16	18	1	2	2
Emutun/Емутунъ	7	6	—	18	16	—	—	— чень залы
Erdyn/Ердынъ	2	4	30	17	16	—	—	farmer
Erincen/Еринценъ	10	4	30	20	19	2	—	3
Ertarga/Ертарга	3	8	5	28	16	—	—	1 farmer
Egyc/Ерыцъ	—	—	—	16	15	—	2	— shepherd
Ertnam/Эртнамъ	—	4	—	20	16	1	—	1 farmer
Èrynzyc/Эрынзыцъ	20	14	100	17	18	1	—	2
Galdy/Галды	—	4	—	20	17	1	—	1 worker
Görva/Горва	2	4	—	36	16	1	—	1 worker
Gunček/Гунчекъ	3	6	15	19	20	1	—	2
Gunčik/Гунчикъ	2	6	—	20	19	—	—	farmer
Guserep/Gусерепъ	5	10	30	26	27	—	1	1
Gutinpa/Гутинпа	5	4	5	15	17	—	—	1
Xongou/Хонгуй	2	6	—	30	19	—	2	3
Xuta/Хута	—	—	—	27	19	1	2	1 worker
Inka/Инка	10	10	30	19	20	4	1	4
Inka/Инка (fem.)	3	5	—	24	20	—	1	— her husband died
Inyege/Иныгэ	10	4	5	30	32	2	2	2 hunter
Justa/Юоста	6	5	10	27	17	1	2	1
Kaldyn/Калдинъ	16	10	30	30	20	2	—	5
Kčik/Кчицъ	6	5	35	22	18	—	8	—
Lite/Лите	—	—	—	16	15	—	3	— son of Sakte
Lite/Лите	6	6	20	17	16	2	2	3 farmer
Lo-su/Ло-су	—	4	20	16	18	1	1	1
Lo-sy/Ло-сы	—	—	—	33	17	1	—	1 farmer
Mala/Мала	3	3	10	25	18	—	—	9
Minknasyn/Минкнасынъ	4	5	—	18	15	—	—	— her husband died at 34
Minmer/Минмеръ	2	2	—	27	15	4	2	чень залы

Munoga/Мунога	1	3	—	(26)						unmarried worker
Muter/Мутеръ	—	2	—	50	30	1	3	1		
Nar/Наръ	—	3	—	19	16	3	1	5		farmer
Nerup/Нерупъ	20	10	50	17	16	3	1	3		
Nima/Нима	—	—	—	(20)						unmarried shepherd
Nima/Нима	3	—	10	35	19	1	—	1		
Nima/Нима	6	4	30	28	17	3	—	4		farmer, son-in-law of Zava
Nimkir/Нимкиръ	2	4	—	18	16	2	6	2		farmer
Nog/Ногъ	1	1	—	22	17	2	2	5		worker
Očur/Очуръ	6	5	30	18	16	—	—	4		
Očur/Очуръ	30	10	50	19	18	3	3	3		
Oram/Орамъ	4	—	—	20	19	1	—	3		worker
Oram/Орамъ	5	3	10	25	22	1	1	1		
Orsa/Орса	20	6	4	22	20	—	—	—		
Our/Оуръ	3	5	—	20	18	—	6	1		"shepherd Lama"
Paingoven/Паинговенъ (f.)	4	5	30	18	16	1	—	6		her husband died
Panča/Панча	10	4	100	15	16	—	3	1		worker
Papfny/Папфны	2	2	—	22	19	—	—	—		
Pasy/Пасы	20	10	100	21	18	2	1	6		
Pasy/Пасы	7	6	20	20	17	2	2	2		
Pasyn/Пасынъ	—	—	—	17	16	1	1	1		shepherd
Pata/Пата	4	4	—	20	20	3	1	3		
Pata/Пата	—	—	—	20	19	—	6	—		worker
Patxa/Патха	2	3	—	15	14	—	—	1		worker
Patma/Патма	—	—	—	(24)						unmarried worker
Patma/Патма	1	4	—	17	15	—	—	1		
Patna/Патна	1	—	—	18	18	—	1	—		worker
Patno/Патно	8	—	—	15	14	—	—	—		worker
Sakte/Сакте	10	7	—	19	18	2	3	2		father of Lite
Samtu/Самту	2	3	—	17	16	—	1	—		
Sangos/Сангось	4	4	—	16	15	2	1	2		clerk
Sante/Санте	3	3	—	25	16	1	3	3		"shepherd Lama"
Sara/Сара	3	5	—	19	17	—	1	3		"shepherd Lama"
Senta/Сента	2	4	—	16	14	—	—	1		
Sevek/Севекъ	2	9	—	16	18	2	1	4		"shepherd Lama"
Suntuk/Сунтукъ	10	10	40	17	18	—	—	1		
Šerip/Шерипъ	11	10	50	15	16	1	3	1		
Šipdur/Шипдуръ	10	7	50	21	20	1	1	1		
Šotxuca/Шотхуца	6	4	—	18	17	1	—	2		shepherd
Šuptur/Шуптуръ	8	3	—	16	17	—	—	1		worker
Taglta/Таглта	1	2	—	22	19	—	1	4		"shepherd Lama"
Tanbur/Танбуръ	5	4	20	25	17	—	—	—		
Tanzy/Танзы	6	8	—	18	17	—	—	—		
Tanzyn/Танзынъ	1	2	20	21	19	1	1	3		
Tasan/Тасанъ	3	—	—	(21)						unmarried shepherd
Tava/Tava (father of Zapou)	6	6	—	20	17	—	—	2		2nd marriage at 30 (wife 25)
Tava/Tava	2	3	—	19	16	3	—	3		
Tergil/Тергиль	5	5	—	20	18	1	1	1		
Tjanzyn/Гянзынъ	—	15	100	33	22	—	4	1		
Tjap/Тяпъ	6	6	—	19	14	3	—	3		farmer
Tjap/Тяпъ	7	—	—	30	22	—	—	—		"shepherd Lama"
Tjaptja/Тяптя	1	2	—	26	16	—	—	—		farmer
Togurtjap/Тогуртяпъ	1	3	—	(21)						unmarried farmer
Tongan/Тонгонъ	10	15	100	18	16	—	2	1		carpenter
Torgel/Торгель	10	8	—	21	12	—	—	1		shepherd
Tukša/Тукша	20	—	45	18	16	—	—	1		
Ture/Type	—	—	—	15	14	—	—	2		"shepherd Lama"

Umatuk/Уматукъ	5	3	30	22	18	—	—	farmer
Upry/Упры	10	10	—	15	17	—	—	1
Urapšen/Урапшень	2	4	—	21	16	1	—	1
Ursa/Урса	1	3	—	32	19	1	—	1
Uta/Ута	6	4	40	18	18	—	—	
Uta/Ута	2	8	50	20	18	—	2	farmer
Utnasyn/Утнасынъ	12	7	20	16	15	—	1	lives as a worker
Uvan/Уванъ	1	—	—	30	16	4	—	6
Zapou/Запоу	—	—	—	18	17	—	—	son of Tava
Zava/Зава	2	—	—	16	18	—	3	farmer, father-in-law of Nima
Zotu/Зоту	—	—	—	21	17	—	1	“shepherd Lama”
Zotvo/Зотво	6	10	30	30	18	—	—	worker
Zuldus/Зулдусъ	4	2	16	36	16	1	5	1
Zyjapat'/Зыядать	—	—	2	—	23	20	1	2
								3

Notes on Kazak name forms

- Adryš/Адрышъ • cf. B6 Adiš
 Axim/Ахимъ • cf. B12 Aqīm
 Axmet/Ахметъ • Ž Ахмет (Ахмед) < Ar. Ahmad
 Alip/Алипъ • cf. B13 Alip; Ž Эліпбек
 Aszguudyu/Асзгуудыу • ?
 Aul'bek/Аульбекъ • D39 Ауельбек/Эуелбек
 Aulkasym/Аулкасымъ • cf. D36 Абилькасим/Әбілқасым < Ar. Abulqāsim; cf. B19 Aul
 Azbjaj/АЗбай • cf. D37 Ажібай/Әжібай
 Baigodan/Байгоданъ • ? cf. Ž Байкадам
 Bajizak/Байизакъ • B23 Bayzaq; D43 Байзак/Байзак
 Bajmety/Байметы • D44 Баймади
 Balabek/Балабекъ • cf. D46 Балгабек/Балгабек; Žv Балбык
 Bapsam/Бапсамъ • ?
 Bejs/Бейсь • B26 Beys; D50 Бейс/Бейіс
 Bejsanbaij/Бейсанбай • D50 Бейсенбай; Ž Бейсембай (Бейсенбай)
 Bekpalat/Бекпалатъ • B26 Bek-polat; Ž, D51 Бекболат
 Bel'dy/Бельды • cf. D54, Ž Берди/Берді
 Bensabaj/Бенсабай • cf. → Bejsanbaij/Бейсанбай
 Bergovoij/Берговой • cf. D53, Ž Белгібай/Белгібай
 Bolbas/Болбасъ • B30 Bolpas
 Botovoij/Ботовой • D56 Ботабай; Ž Ботбай
 Bugasbaj/Бугасбай • cf. B32 Buqaz, Bugaš; Ž, D57 Бугибай/Бұғыбай
 Bugusbaj/Бугусбай • see → Bugasbaj/Бугасбай; cf. B32 Buqaz
 Cerindjap/Цериндяпъ • cf. Tib. Cering ‘(he who has a) long life’
 Čaxanpljuk/Чаханплюкъ • cf. B34 Čaqan
 Čakebaj/Чакебай • cf. B34 Čaqi, Čaqa; Žv Чаки
 Čarovoij/Чаровой • cf. D147 Шарипбай/Шәріпбай
 Čekevej/Чекевей • cf. B36 Čeke; D147 Шегебай, Шеге/Чеге
 Čētaj/Чётай • cf. Ž Шоттай
 Čumčik/Чумчикъ • cf. B39 Čumče-baba; Žv Чымчык
 Čunkuej/Чункуеј • cf. B39 Čuney
 Darubaj/Дарубай • cf. B43 Daru; Ž Даубай
 Derekbaj/Дерекбай • cf. B44 Derek
 Djabalak/Дябалакъ • Ž Жапалак
 Djaxbek/Дяхбекъ • ?
 Djaxin/Дяхинъ • cf. Ž Жекен
 Djakas/Дякасъ • cf. Ž Жакаш; B47 D'ayqaš, D'aqači
 Ermek/Ермекъ • Ž, D71 Ермек
 Esrkan/Есрканъ • cf. Žv Эсеркен; B51 Eser
 Etinbek/Етинбекъ • ?

Èlembaj/Элембай • Ž Элімбай; cf. D67 Елебай
 Gujxa/Гуйха • (Chinese name?)
 Gunesbaј/Гунесбай • B53 Güneş
 Guramis/Гурамись • cf. Ž Құрмаш
 Gusbek/Гусбекъ • cf. Ž Құсбек (Құспек)
 Xoxabek/Хохабекъ • cf. B91 Qoqunbek; Žv Коконбай
 Xumanbaј/Хуманбай • B96 Quman; cf. Ž Құнанбай
 Xusain/Хусаинъ • D145 Xусайн/Хұсайын < Ar. Ḥusain
 Ibrajm/Ибраимъ • D86 Ибраим/Ыбраіым < Ar. Ibrāīm; cf. B56 Ibray
 Idris/Идрисъ • D146 Ыдырыс/Идрис; B56 Idris < Ar. Idrīs
 Idugun/Идугунъ • cf. B56 Idugan
 Ildup/Илдупъ • ?
 Iljubaj/Илюбай • cf. D150 Илебай/Ілебай; D68 Елибай/Елібай; Žv Илебай
 Iljumanbek/Илюманбек • In the original the name is actually written “Илюманбекбртъ”, where the ending “-бртъ” probably stands for -брать ‘brother’ (of the beforementioned?). An analogous case is found on the foregoing page: “Асзгуудыу брат, Масзъ, Чункеу сынъ”.
 Imanbaј/Иманбай • Ž Иманбай < Ar. Īmān + baj
 Isa/Iса • B59 Isa; D87 Иса < Ar. Īsā
 Isabaj/Исабай • D87 Исабай
 Issum/Иссумъ • cf. E105 Исим(-султан)
 Išin/Ишинъ • B60 Išin; cf. E158 Ишим
 Jakubaj/Якубай • Ž, D76 Жакипбай/Жақыпбай
 Jamatyk/Яматыкъ • ?
 Jantajbaј/Янтайдай • cf. D79 Жантай; Ž Жантакбай; D77 Жанатбай
 Jusbosum/Юсбосымъ • ?
 Jusdrs/Юсдрсъ • ?
 Jusrstom/Іօсрстомъ • ?
 Jussenbaј/Юссенбай • cf. B67 Yusun-batīr
 Jussum/Іоссумъ • cf. B67 Yuşumut
 Jussupbaј/Юссупбай • Ž Жүсіпбай
 Jusurbaj/Юсурбай • erroneously for Jusupbaј/Юсупбай?
 Kadrsiz/Кадрсизъ • B79 Qadırsız; D90 Кадыр/Қадыр < Ar. Qadr
 Kalym/Калымъ • B80 Qalīm
 Kantenbaј/Кантенбай • cf. Ž Қантжан
 Karabaj/Карабай • Ž Қарабай
 Karmis/Кармисъ • B86 Qarmīs; D94 Карамыс/Қармыс
 Kasym/Касымъ • B86 Qasīm; D94 Касым/Қасым < Ar. Qāsim
 Kečel/Кечель • ?
 Kektaj/Кектай • B72 Kök-tay
 Kopdjubaj/Копдюбай • cf. B92 Qopču
 Kuanin/Куанинъ • cf. D96 Куан/Қуан; cf. Ch. Guanyin ‘Avalokiteśvara’
 Kžebaj/Кжебай • cf. Ž Кәжекбай; B71 Köče; B70 Kiče
 Magou/Magou, alternatively Mykuo/Мыкуо • cf. D98 Магауия/Mагауия and Ch. mǎ ‘horse’, gōng ‘dog’
 Mal'čibaj/Мальчibай • B102 Malčī; cf. Ž, D99 Малдыбай
 Mampre/Мампре • B102 Mamīr; D100 Мамыр
 Mamurbek/Мамурбекъ • B102 Mamīr; Ž Мамыр
 Manke/Манке • Ž Мәнке
 Masz/Масзъ • cf. B104 Maz; Ž Mec
 Matke/Матке • cf. B104 Matkey; Žv Матек, Матике, Маткей
 Medzym/Медзыимъ • cf. D99 Магзум/Магзұм < Ar. Maṣūm
 Mekebj/Мекебай • B104 Meke
 Mesbek/Месбекъ • cf. → Masz/Масзъ
 Muxodžan/Муходжанъ • cf. Ž Мұхаметжан

- Mukaš/Мукашъ • B108 Muqaš; Ž Mұқаш
 Muratbek/Муратбекъ • D106 Мұратбек/Мұратбек
 Murzalen/Мурзаленъ • cf. B109 Mursalim, Murza; D107 Мырза-
 Musa/Муса • B109 Musa; D106 Myса/Муса < Ar. *Mūsā*
 Muzataj/Музатай • cf. B109 Mustay; D106 Мұсатай/Мұсатай
 Noxtabaj/Нохтбай • ?
 Nural'bek/Нуральбекъ • cf. B111 Nur-alı; D111 Нурали/Нұрәли; Ž Нұралы
 Nurbes/Нурбесъ • E163 Нурпес, E171 Нурлай
 Osuman/Осуманъ • B115 Osman, Osum; D118 Осман
 Raxinbek/Рахинбекъ • D122 Рахимбек/Рақымбек
 Rajgan/Райганъ • B119 Rayğan; Ž Райқан (Райхан)
 Saxadbek/Cахадбекъ • cf. Ž Сагат
 Sakal/Сакаль • B121 Saql
 Santer/Сантеръ • cf. B123 Sant [+er ‘man’?]
 Satubaj/Сатубай • B125 Satu-
 Stxan/Стханъ • B125 Satqan
 Stonbaj/Стонбай • cf. B125 Satan
 Sulejman/Сулейманъ • D132 Сүлеймен/Сүлеймен < Ar. *Sulaimān*
 Suvanbaij/Суванбай • Ž Сыбанбай; B130 Suwan
 Tamtu/Тамту • ?
 Tamyrbek/Тамырбекъ • cf. Ž Темірбек
 Tan"er/Танъеръ • cf. Ž Тәңір-
 Tannadžan/Таннаджанъ • cf. Ž Тана
 Tel'dovoj/Тельдовой • cf. B142 Tildi-γul; Ž Толыбай
 Tetayjn/Тетаýинъ • cf. B142 Tetey, Tetiy; Ž Тәти-, Тәтти-
 Teubaj/Теубай • cf. D136 Таубай
 Tiretja/Тиретя • cf. B143 Tirentay
 Tjabaj/Тябай • B34 Čabay
 Tjumobaj/Гюмобай • cf. B39 Čuma
 Tjurugoubaj/Тюругоубай • cf. B39 Čuru
 Togur/Тогуръ • ?
 Togžan/Тогжанъ • Ž Тоғжан
 Toxtobaj/Тохтобай • D139 Токтыбай/Тоқтыбай; B145 Тохта-
 Tourtaj/Тоуртай • *Toṣurtaj?
 Tulekt/Tulektъ • cf. D141 Тулек/Тулек; B150 Tulaq; B153 Tüläk, Tület, Tüläk-temir
 Tul'kibaj/Tулькибай • D141 Тулкибай/Тұлқібай; B153 Tülki-; B150 Tulke
 Tul'kmo/Тулькмо • ?
 Turobaj/Tуробай • D140 Торебай/Төрбай
 Tur'hodža/Туртъходжа • cf. B152 Turtu; B154 Türt; B149 Tört
 Tutguš/Тутгушъ • B152 Tutquš
 Tyjsanbek/Tыйсанбекъ • cf. D140 Тұрсынбек/Тұрсынбек
 Tysanbaij/Тысанбай • cf. B144 Tisan
 Urman/Урманъ • B156 Urtman; D118 Орман-
 Urtabaj/Ургыбай • B156 Urtuy
 Urumbaj/Урумбай • Ž, D118 Орынбай; B156 Urum
 Urumbek/Урумбекъ • Ž Орымбек (Орынбек)
 Vetomdžan/Bетомдjanъ • cf. B27 Betim

NOTES ON KALMYK NAME FORMS

- Ara/Apa • Ara; S Ap, Apaa
 Araš/Арашъ, Araši/Араши • Araš, Araša; S Арш
 Arptun/Арптунъ • ?Arvtu (< Rabtun? < Tib. Rabdan)
 Bainpatu/Байнпату • K25 Bayinbatu 'constantly firm'
 Belek/Белекъ • Belg [Belik]; S Билиг; Билэг, Бэлэг 'knowledge, wisdom'
 Benbe/Бенбе • Bembe, M20 Bembe; S Бямба < Tib. Penpa / *spen-pa* 'Saturday; Saturday-born'
 Besutja/Бесутя • cf. Mo. Бизья
 Bošna/Бошна • ?Boškn [Boškan]
 Bota/Бота • Boda; cf. S Боту
 Bova/Бова • Boban, O74 Бöвä; cf. S Бовоо; Бувай
 Briva/Брива • ?*Birva; cf. S Биваа
 Buga/Буга • Buga; S Буга
 Caryp/Царыпъ • ?
 Centyn/Центынь • cf. K198 Tsantan- < Tib. *can-dan* 'sandalwood' < Skr. *candana*
 Cery/Церы, Cerin/Церинъ • Cern [Ceren]; M18 Čeren < Tib. *che-ring* 'longlived'
 Cerytjap/Церытаяль • Cerg jab [Cerendžap]; S. Цэрэнжав
 Čagdr/Чагдэр • Čaktr [Čaktyr], Čakdur, Čagdar; S Чагдар
 Čët/Чётъ • cf. Чогт 'blazing; grand; majestic'; ?Jöda [Džoda]; cf. S Жодов
 Četva/Четва • cf. K217 Tš'otba < Tib. *mč'od-pa* 'sacrificer; venerator'
 Čimit/Чимить • Čimid; Чимэд < Tib. Jigmè / *jigs-med* 'fearless'
 Dergel/Дергель • cf. S Дэлгэр 'extensive, vast; abundant, flourishing'
 Djap/Дяпъ • S Жав < Tib. *skyabs* 'aid; protection'
 Dorč/Дорчъ • Dorj [Dordži]; M21 Dorži; S Дорж < Tib. Dorje / *rdo-rje* 'thunderbolt; diamond'
 Dorte/Дорте • Dortë/Дортё, Dorti/Дорти
 Dorto/Дорто, Dortëu/Дортёу, Dortsja/Дорты • Dort [Dorta]
 Dorunta/Дорунта • ?Dörvtä
 Dury/Дуры • Dürü; cf. S Дорь
 El'zat/Ельзатъ • Ölzit; S Элзийт; K104 Öldžato 'happy'
 Emutun/Емутунъ • ?Emtä
 Erdyn/Ердынь • Erdn [Erdni]; M23 Erdeni; S Эрдэнэ < Skr. *ratna* 'jewel'
 Erincen/Еринценъ, Eryc/Ерыцъ • Erenčen [Erencen]; M20 Erenčen; S Эринчин (Ринчен) < Tib.
 Rin-čen / *rin-čen* 'great treasure'
 Ertarga/Ертара • cf. Tu. Er-Targyn (Kazak epic hero Er-Targin)
 Èlzàmyk/Эльзамыкъ • cf. S Элзийменх(өр)
 Èrtnam/Эртнамъ • cf. Mo. Erdem, Эрдэм 'knowledge, wisdom; virtue, merit'
 Èrynzyc/Эрынзыцъ • cf. → Erincen
 Galdy/Галды • cf. S Галт; see → Kaldyn/Калдынъ
 Gilgun/Гилгунъ • ?
 Gorva/Горва • cf. S Гурбадай, Гурвалдай
 Guči/Гучи • ?Huča [Guča], Hučn [Gučin]
 Gunček/Гунчекъ, Gunčik/Гунчикъ • Günzg [Gjunzik]; M17 Günčöq; M18 Günčüq; S Гүнцэг
 Guserep/Гусерепъ • ?
 Gutinpa/Гутинпа • ?
 Xatocahan/Хатоцаханъ • ?Xatuč-*xan
 Xongou/Хонгоу • cf. S Хонгор, Хонхой
 Xotun/Хотунъ • ?Hodun [Godun]; S Хотон
 Xuta/Хута • ?Xoda; cf. Mo. Xутаг 'sanctity, bliss'
 Iesa/Иеса (Исса?) • ?Esn [Esen]
 Imtum/Имтумъ • cf. → Emutun/Емутунъ

- Inktelkal/Инкелькаль • *Enx-; cf. S Энхтайван
 Inye/Иныгэ, Inka/Инка, Inka (fem.) • ?Enkä; S Энхээ
 Justa/Юста • Usta
 Kaldyn/Калдынь • cf. S Галдан (West Mongol chieftain 1632-97) < Tib. *dga'-ldan* ‘joyful’
 Kčik/Кчикъ • Kichg [Kichik]; cf. S Кучюк; K52 Kešik ‘happiness; mercy’
 Koma (-ь-?) / Кома (-ш-?) • Koma/Kosha
 Kota/Кота • ?Koti
 Kurdžap/Курджапъ • ?Kurjn [Kurdžin]; S Курджан
 Lite/Литс • Lit [Litu]
 Lo-sy/Ло-сы, Lo-su/Ло-су • (Chinese name?)
 Mala/Мала • ?Melä; cf. S Малай
 Ment"aga/Ментъага • K79 Mintak < Tib. *smin-grags* ‘fully blissfull’; ?Mandx [Mandax]; S
 Мандах
 Minknasyn/Минкнасынъ • Mönknasn [Menkenasun]; K82 Möngkenasun; S Мөнхнасан
 ‘eternal lifespan’
 Minmer/Минмеръ • ?Migr [Migmir], Мигмар/Мягмар < Tib. *mig-dmar* ‘Mars; Tuesday-born’
 Munoga/Мунога • Mu noxa; S Myy-нохой ‘evil dog’
 Muter/Мутеръ • Mutr [Mutyr]; cf. Mo. *mutur* < Skr. *mudrā* ‘seal; emblem, symbol’
 Myka/Мыка • Mikä; M21 Müka; S Мүгэ
 Mumūl'čik/Мымульчъ • ?Mamul'(+čik?)
 Nana/Нана • ?
 Nar/Наръ • Narn [Naran]; S Hap; Наран ‘sun’
 Nasumpatu/Насумпату • Nasn-Bata [Nasunbata]; S Насаңбат
 Nerup/Нерупъ • K97 Nořrub < Tib. *dngos-grub* = Skr. *siddha* ‘magician’; cf. S Норов; Tib.
 Norbu / nor-bu ‘jewel’.
 Nima/Нима • ?Tib. Nyima / *nyi-ma* ‘sun; Sunday-born’; S Ням
 Nimkir/Нимкиръ • Nimgr [Nimgir]; M21 Nimigir
 Nog/Ногъ • Noxa; cf. K96 Nochai : *noxai* ‘dog’.
 Nosto/Носто • Nosta; S Ноост
 Notja/Нотя • ?Nedä [Nedja]
 Očur/Очуръ • Očr [Očir]; M18 Očir; S Очир; K124 Otš'yr; K121 Otsar < Skr. *vajra* ‘thunder-bolt’
 Oram/Орамъ • ?
 Orsa/Орса • cf. S Opocoo, Opoc; ?Osr [Osyr], Ocop < Tib. *'od-zer* ‘ray, beam’
 Our/Оуръ • S Овор; ?Ovra
 Outa/Оута • ?Ovata
 Račga/Пачга • ?
 Paingoven/Паинговень (fem.) • cf. Mo. (converb) *bain* ‘constantly’, *bayan* ‘rich’.
 Panča/Панча • ?Panka
 Papfny/Папфны • ?
 Pasy/Пасы, Pasyn/Пасынъ • ?Basng [Basang]
 Pata/Пата • Bata; M19 Bata übüši; S Бат, Батаа
 Patxa/Патха • Batka
 Patma/Патма • Badm [Badma]; S Бадам < Skr. *padma* ‘lotus’
 Patna/Патна, Patno/Патно • ?Bath [Batan]
 Patry/Патры • cf. KWb *bâtr*; Mo. *baatar*; K21 Bator ‘hero, brave’; ?Badra
 Patynigut/Патынигутъ • ?Bat-Nigtä
 Popa/Попа • ?Boban
 Sakte/Сакте • ?Sagda
 Samtu/Самту • ?Samtn [Samtan]; M22 Samtan
 Sangos/Сангось • ?Sänkä; cf. SA Сангасваа
 Sante/Санте • Säntä
 Sara/Capa • Sara, cf. S Саран, Capa roo; M18 Saran tuxai

- Senta/Сента • cf. → Sante/Санте
 Sevek/Севекъ • Cevg [Cebek]; S Цэвэг
 Suntuk/Сунтукъ • cf. S Сундукчин
 Šerip/Шерипъ • ?Šarap; K164 Šarab; S Шарав < Tib. ḫes-rab ‘supreme wisdom’
 Šipdur/Шипдуръ, Šuptur/Шуптуръ • Šuptr [Šuptyr]; cf. S Шоодвор
 Šotxuа/Шотхуца • ?Šutg..... [Šutšk.....]
 Taglta/Таглта • cf. S Тагтая, Талт; Talta
 Tanbur/Танбуръ • ?
 Tanzy(п)/Танзы(нь) • S Тэнжин < Tib. Tendzin / *bstan-'dzin* ‘dharma-preserved’
 Tasan/Тасанъ • cf. S Тосон
 Tava/Тава • K170 Taba < ?Tib. *t'a-ba* ‘hard, solid’
 Tergil/Тергиль, Tergil'/Тергиль • S Тэргэл
 Tjanzyn/Тянзынъ • see → Tanzy(п)/Танзы(нь)
 Tjap/Тяпъ • cf. → Tava/Тава
 Tjaptja/Тяптия • ?Tavta, ?Tävntä [Tavintja]; cf. S Тавьт
 Togluk/Тоглукъ • cf. Mo. Tuyluq Temür (commander of Moghulistan in 1348-63)
 Togurtjap/Тогуртяпъ • ?
 Tongon/Тонгонъ • cf. Mo. Toyon/Tоyan
 Torgel/Торгель • cf. S Тоорил
 Tukša/Тукша • ?Dogšin [Dogšin]; S Догшин-
 T"ule/Тъуле • Tula; cf. S Тула-Бука
 T"upšan/Тъупшанъ • S Түвшин
 Ture/Type • ?
 T"igrat/Тъурпатъ • ?
 T"uta/Тъуга • Tuta
 Umaduk/Умадукъ, Umatuk/Уматукъ • ?
 Upry/Упры • ?Ovra; S Овор
 Urapšen/Урапшень • < Ravšan?; cf. S Равжаа
 Ursu/Урса • ?Urha; cf. S Урц
 Uta/Ута • ?Utta; cf. S Ут
 Utnasyn/Утнасынъ • Utnasn [Utnasun]; M20 Utu nasun ‘long life’, cf. *Utu nastē Ayūša* ‘the Long-lived Amitāyus’
 Uvan/Уванъ • ?
 Zapou/Запоу • ?
 Zava/Зава • cf. S Завь
 Zotu/Зоту • cf. S Зодов; Sotu; M22 Žudu
 Zotvo/Зотво • Zodva; cf. M18 Žodbü; Mo. Sodbo < Tib.
 Zuldus/Зулдусъ • cf. Tu. Žulduz ‘star’
 Zyjapat'/Зыяпать • cf. S Заябадрах

Abbreviations

- Mo. Mongolic
 Skr. Sanskrit
 Tib. Tibetan
 Tu. Turkic

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Городище.	Буд. №	Само номера	Несколько номеров	Само номера	Само номера	Само номера	Само номера	Само номера	Само номера
Чинчик	125	1	5	200	13	13	- 1	2	4
Чигитай	"	20	10	100	25	13	2 3	5	5
Распасы	"	20	10	100	16	12	3 2	5	5
Столук	50	10	300	16	15	1	- 4	4	4
Чакбай	"	10	8	50	16	15	2 6	4	4
Птичукоджан	"	2	19	-	39	25	-	-	-
Чесадай	"	2	10	200	-	-	-	-	-
Аланчайсансай	"	20	3	100	20	16	3	-	3
Малогидай	"	10	10	300	37	14	3 3	3	3
Чакчапчик	"	8	6	100	16	16	1 1	1	1
Канесан	"	30	4	200	20	17	2 3	2	2
Калычев	"	4	10	200	23	16	-	-	-
Бакчимов	"	35	30	500	32	18	-	-	-
Ахметов	"	2	2	10	19	19	1	-	1
Чедукай	"	20	3	40	17	14	3	-	3
Анчи	"	1	2	-	39	20	2	-	2
Булесбай	"	15	10	200	27	-	-	-	-
Сурчимов	"	30	4	100	25	20	1 2	1	1
Любский	"	30	7	150	19	17	3 1	3	3
Столук	300	50	500	16	15	2 2	5	5	5

Ба наим. 25 наим. 25