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Freedom, responsibility, power: A phenomenographic study on self-directedness

Self-directedness is interpreted in multiple ways in the Finnish world of work. Different interpretations of the same term can create confusion, for example, if a superior uses a term in a different way from a follower or a job candidate. The aim of this research was to discover and describe the scope of meanings attached to the concept of self-directedness in the context of Finnish expert work. The phenomenographic method was used to produce meaning categories of selfdirectedness. The categories are in logical order and do not overlap. The data consist of 50 interviewees' definitions of self-directedness. Two of the resulting meaning categories relate to self-directedness as an individual worker-level phenomenon. The first category describes self-directedness as autonomy, while the second describes it as decision-making power delegated by the manager. The third category describes self-directedness as a team phenomenon, whereas the final category emphasises self-directedness as co-directedness at the organisational level. In this study, the critical variation between meaning categories was based on different employee and leadership competences. The final categorisation of meanings attached to selfdirectedness offers opportunities for a shared understanding of what kind of behaviour and competences are required by employees and superiors in self-directed work.